

# THE NAPANEE

Colebrook  
Harrison Geo 11 feb 00

Vol. XXX [I] No. 33—JNO. POLLARD, Editor and Publisher.

NAPANEE, ONT., CANADA—FRID.

## OUR PRICES DO THE TALKING

and the qualities of our goods back them up. We want you to compare our prices—we want you to compare our values.

## Shirtings that can't be Beaten

We are showing a special line of **American Shirtings** made by the Eagle Phoenix Manufacturing Co., of Columbus, Ga., and always sold at 10c per yard, but price is **7½c. per yard.** Our **Oxford Shirtings** are fast colors, strong to wear, are same line that you pay 12½c for, and our price is **10c. per yard.** Our **Salsbury Shirting** at **11c per yd.** are beautiful value. Our **Lorne Shirtings** at **12½c per yd.** are best goods that are sold to-day in Canada at the money.

"Beauty" Blouse Setts at 25c each. New Belt Buckles, special at 25 cents each.

5 dozen only new Silk Belts, all shades, a great bargain 18 cents each.

Fin de Sicle Comb, the latest novelty, at 25c each. Belt P in Black and Gold at 5c and 10c each.

## Table Linen Bargain

We are showing just no beautiful fine Bleached T Linen, 62 inches wide, imported direct from J. N. Richardson Sons and Owden, Belfast, Ireland, price only 50c per yard. You will find it difficult to get as good a quality anywhere at 75 cents.

## Fall Campaign 1899

Nothing is too rich, too handsome, or too good for Napanee. Never was there richer, handsomer or better Dress Goods brought to Napanee than we will show this fall. Our stock will comprise everything that is novel, handsome and fashionable. We will have high priced, medium cheap Dress Goods and Silks in the latest designs and the Newest Colors. Be ready to buy our New Goods when you see them because we will have what you want.

## LADIES' ROUGH-RIDER HATS

Our Millinery Department is showing the very latest novel Ladies Rough-Rider Hats in Black, New Blue, Fawn, Grey and Navy shades. Ask to see them.

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**COTTON VALUES--** We defy competition in Cottons. Every price is a bargain itself. We have Grey Cottons at 3c, 4c, 5c, 6c, 7c, 8c. per lb. If you haven't seen our 5c Cotton ask for a sample and compare it with anything you can buy elsewhere. In Bleached Cottons our special bargains are two lines at 7½c and 10c per yard which are worth half more.

## The Robinson Company

### IMPORTANT BUSINESS CHANGE.

The business of Hill Bros., Conway, and their stock in trade, book debts and accounts, have been taken over by the undersigned, who will hereafter carry on business as general merchant at Conway.

All parties indebted are requested to call and settle their accounts with me without delay.

(Sgd) ALLAN NEILSON, Jr.

Dated at Conway this 14th day of July, A.D. '99.



SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for supplying Coal for the Dominion Buildings," will be received at this office until Friday, 4th August next, for the supply of Coal for the Buildings throughout the Dominion.

Specifications can be seen and forms of tender obtained, at this office, where all necessary information can be had on application. Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed form supplied, and signed with their actual signatures.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted bank check, made payable to the order of the Honourable the Minister of Public Works, equal to ten per cent. of amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the party declines to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or if he fails to complete the work contracted for. If the tender be not accepted the cheque will be returned.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,

E. F. E. ROY,

Secretary.

Department of Public Works,  
Ottawa, July 28th, 1899.

Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the Department will not be paid for it.

**MONEY,** Bring your cash and get a Bicycle.

**50 WHEELS, NEW AND SECOND HAND,** must be sold for cash within a few days. Prices from \$12.00 TO \$40.00.

Also 2 NEW TOP BUCCIES, McLaughlin make

**S. CASEY DENISON,**  
store, north end Centre street.

Plymouth binder twice. Purest, strongest, longest. Quality counts. Boyle & Son, agents.

The Methodists of Roblin ran a very successful excursion to Glenora and Picton, on Thursday afternoon, per Str. Rein-deer. The excursionists report a pleasant time.

Cheese took an upward look here on Wednesday afternoon. 1395 boxes were boarded, 885 white and 510 colored. Sales were as follows: 885 white and 175 colored at 93¢. Thompson bought 260 white, Brenton 375 white, Cleall 150 white and 175 colored, Vanluven 100 white.

### STEAMER

**"C. H. Merritt"**

**Best Sunday School Excursion  
Steamer on the bay.**

APPLY TO

**J. E. ROBINSON,**

at THE ROBINSON CO'S STORE, for Rates and Dates.

### FARM FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Parts of lots 5, 6 and 7, in the 5th concession of the Township of Ernestown, containing about 170 acres. This property is known as the Nelson, Fralick farm, and on which Alfred Burley has been tenant for ten years past. On this farm there is splendid Brick House, with cut stone corners, good Barn, Driving Barn, Pig Pen, Implement and Tool House, well fenced and plenty of water. One mile or less from Morven, where there is a good school and church, 7 miles from Bath, 15 miles from Kingston, 5 miles from Napanee.

Possession about middle of March next. Apply to Alfred Burley on the premises, or 3211 ALFRED KNIGHT, Napanee.

### AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY.

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a Mortgage which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be offered for sale by public auction at the Court House, in the Town of Napanee, on SATURDAY, JULY THE 29th, 1899, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, the following valuable property:

All and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises, situate, lying and being in the Township of Camden, in the County of Lennox and Addington, and Province of Ontario and being composed of parts of lots numbers 26 and 27 in the First Concession of the said Township of Camden, more particularly described as follows, namely: lot number four in block "C" in the Village of Camden East in said Township, lots numbers 4, 5, 6, and 7, in block "B" in said Village of Camden East. That portion of the west half of lot No. 26 aforesaid, lying between the Yarker Road and the Napanee River, and a portion of the north east quarter of lot number twenty-six aforesaid now used as a plating mill on the northerly side of the Napanee River, which last mentioned parcel may be better described and bounded as follows: On the Southerly by the Napanee River, on the Easterly by lot number twenty-seven, on the northerly by a road allowance or right of way drawn northerly from a point on the Napanee River on the south side of said lot thereon monument is planted, eight chains and three links from the easterly side of the Centreville road together with the mill and water privilege thereto appertaining and belonging. Upon the premises are the following improvements: Saw Mill, Grist Mill, and Dwelling House.

Terms and Conditions of Sale made known at the time of sale.

For further particulars apply to

JOHN ENGLISH, Vendor's Solicitor.

Dated at Napanee the 29th day of June A.D. '99

### HORSES THAT DRINK GRASS.

**Substitute For Water Found In the Hawaiian Islands.**

It is a surprising statement to make and yet one that is literally true and so commonplace that no one there thinks anything about it—that there are hundreds of horses and thousands of cattle in the Hawaiian Islands which never take a drink of water throughout the whole course of their lives.

On all the islands the upper altitudes of the mountains are given up to cattle ranges. The cattle run wild from the time they are born until they are rounded up to be sent to the slaughter house. Except during possibly two or three months of the rainy season, there are no streams or pools of water in any part where the cattle range.

But everywhere there grows a recumbent, jointed grass known by the native name of maninia. This is both food and drink. Horses and cattle grazing on it neither require water nor drink it when offered.

Our first experience with this fact was on a trip to Haleakala. A party were mounted on horses which had just been brought in from the range. The journey they made was 14 miles, in which distance they ascend about 9,000 feet.

The party started in the afternoon and about sunset halted for supper. They thought it strange that the horses should leave a feed of grain to nibble the scanty grass which grew near by, but were willing to trust their instinct in the matter.

However, before starting they insisted that they be given water. The native guide demurred to this, saying they didn't need it, but with the good natured complaisance of his race yielded to requests and led a detour of about a mile, which brought the party to a ranch house, where there was a well; but, to the utter amazement and stupefaction of the travelers, the horses would not drink.

They took it as another case of instinct and assumed that the water for some reason was not good and so refrained from drinking it themselves. It was not until the return, the second day, to Kawaapae that the travelers learned the secret of the wonderful maninia grass.

### CORWIN DISCONCERTED.

**The College Student Turned the Laugh on the Famous Orator.**

"The general impression is," said the professor, "that Corwin was never disconcerted by any antagonist. But there was an old story current in central Ohio 35 or 40 years ago showing the contrary. Soon after Antioch college, at Yellow Springs, began to achieve a reputation under Horace Mann there was an out-

break among the students. In order to quiet the disturbance, professors were roughly handled. The professor insisted that the riotous hazing frolic threatened the heavy cane and finally struck student was arrested on complaint of officers of the college, who were sent in court by Tom Corwin.

Corwin's great reputation in manner took nearly all the fire of the students who were standing parties under arrest. Corwin, being all before him, making him almost what he wanted the when one of the principal officers of the stand. This young fellow that the professor was threatened canes, but denied that he was any one. He said, in fact, the wanted to scare the professor no thought of hurting him. T was a quiet, athletic fellow, made this explanation he smelt exaggerated look of amazement win's face.

"Corwin made the witness the canes were flourished about the professor's head and questioned persistently as to how close the cane was to the professor's nose. He bled five inches and forced the witness that the distance was not greater than three inches, two inches, one in triumphant, he took the cane from the hand of the witness, and, flouting about the young fellow's head as to make him dodge, thumped man should flourish a heavy cane your head like this, and this, within an inch of your nose hair, what would you think; would you do, sir?" The student, who dodging this way and that, in amusement of the spectators, sprang to his feet, and, imitating win's intense, dramatic manner humorous voice, said, "I would him, sir, with bloody hands to be grave." This application of a mouse sentence in Corwin's speech Mexican war brought down a laugh and threw the great orator off his feet.

—Chicago Inter Ocean.

### Blotting Paper.

Blotting paper was discovered previously to that when a man a splotch of ink on the lower corner of his paper he would flick toward the right hand corner his tongue and make a better ink the last comet than any that has appeared in the illustrated papers.

### The Professor Remembers.

Professor (as the company is up, missing one of his rubbers any of you gentlemen put on the rubbers by mistake?—Fliegende Blätter)



# NEE EXPRESS.

\$1 per Year in advance: \$1.50 if not so paid.

NADA—FRIDAY, JULY 28th, 1899.

## TALKING

compare our prices

## Beaten

by the Eagle and  
per yard, but our  
to wear, are the  
**Salsbury Shirt-**  
per yd. are the

uckles, special

at bargain at

h. Belt Pins

owing just now a  
ine Bleached Table  
id Owden, Belfast,  
a quality anywhere

o rich, too hand-  
good for Napanee.

show this fall. Our  
igh priced, medium, and  
buy our New Goods

y Department is show-  
ry latest novelty in  
n,

## LAND PLASTER FOR SALE

ALSO.... Lumber, Lath, Shingles, and all kinds of Building Material.  
Star Portland Cement, the best in the market.

DRY MILL WOOD AND CEDAR BLOCKS.

**THE RATHBUN COMPANY,**  
R. SHIPMAN, Agent.



From the Four Quarters  
of the Globe

come the good things  
we provide for our customers' tables,

Staples, luxuries and delicacies—  
always the earliest and best that  
come to this market.

Come in and buy where you have  
the whole world for a market.

We are selling 22 lbs. Granulated  
Sugar for \$1.00.

**J. F. SMITH.**

## NEWS FROM THE COUNTRY.

To Correspondents.—Persons sending in  
items from the surrounding district must  
sign their names to correspondence as a  
sign of good faith, not for publication.  
Any correspondence received without the  
name attached will not be published.

### BATH.

The social in connection with St.  
John's church was a decided success,  
both socially and financially. An  
excellent programme was rendered and  
the singing of Mrs. Evans and Miss  
Gladys Kingsley was much appreciat-  
ed. Another social under the same  
auspices will be held on the grounds  
of Marshall C. Davy, Esq., J. P., on  
Friday evening next, July 28th.  
Music will be provided and a very  
pleasant time is promised. All are  
heartily invited.

Bath is full of summer visitors.

### "He That Any Good Would Win"

Should be provided with good health,  
and everyone who would have good health  
should remember that pure, rich blood is  
the first requisite. Hood's Sarsaparilla,  
by giving good blood and good health, has  
helped many a man to success, besides  
giving strength and courage. The doctor's  
of women who, before taking the doctor's  
even see any good in life to men, beards and

### McINTYRE'S CORNERS.

Everybody went to camp meeting on  
Sunday last.

Mrs. Jas. Ferguson and daughter  
Annie, of Kingston, are visiting at  
W. P. Miller's.  
Mr. Wm. Boice is very ill again we

### ODESSA.

Business in our village is very brisk.  
S. D. Clark, who has been ill for  
the past few months is still confined  
to his room.

Nearly all our villagers attended  
the camp meeting at Nicholson's  
point on Sunday last.

Frank Jones, who was hurt in the  
saw mill about two weeks ago died  
on Friday last and was buried on  
Saturday. The funeral was largely  
attended, the big brick church being  
packed to the doors.

Mrs. Edwin Frink, of Oshawa, who  
came here to attend the funeral of  
her sister Mrs. Sidney Clark, has  
returned home.

Wellington Timmerman, of Ivanhoe,  
is visiting his brother, J. A. Tim-  
merman.

Mrs. Nixon, Port Hope, is renewing  
old acquaintances.

Mrs. Hester Day is visiting her son  
Herbert Day, Rochester, N. Y.

## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

last year.  
Dr. James.  
to enter  
signature of *Chas. H. Ritchie* is on every wrapper.

### PRINCE EDWARD COUNTY.

Mrs. John Denison, Richmond, and  
Mrs. Dr. Porter, of Toronto, came up

## AN ODD LITTLE GIRL.

PATTI USED TO THROW PAPER BOU-  
QUETS AT HERSELF.

The Famous Prima Donna's Own  
Story of Her First Appearance on  
the Stage When She Was but Seven  
Years of Age.

It was the night of Nov. 16, 1857  
in New York, where my parents then  
resided, was a great, wide thoroughfare  
paved with cobblestones, and on the  
east side of this thoroughfare was a the-  
ater known as Niblo's Garden. The piece  
was "Una Voce," in which my father  
and mother were playing. I was then a  
tiny girl of 7 years, with a pale face and  
very, very black eyes, and next to sing-  
ing my favorite pastime was running  
down Broadway trundling a hoop. One  
of the first memories I have, next to  
that connected with my hoop, is my  
standing behind the scenes and peering  
through a hole in the curtain while my  
father and mother went through their  
performance.

Once, not long after my debut, a great  
soprano, who had been starring for a  
few nights, had just finished a long  
aria, rounding off with a beautiful trill.  
She had made her exit as the house rang  
with applause when she stooped down  
and looked at poor little me.

"Oh, dear," I said, "how badly you  
trilled! 'Twasn't close enough. Just  
listen to me. I'll show you the way."  
I had never been taught to "shake," yet  
it came to me quite naturally, and a  
great many people besides my parents  
praised it. I still wonder what the fa-  
mous soprano thought of me.

But before I tell you what happened on  
that first night I must tell you why I be-  
came a prima donna at such an early age  
—because I had been a prima donna of  
the nursery months and months before.  
When I had been put to bed on my re-  
turn home with my father and mother  
from the opera, and I was quite certain  
that they and the rest of the household  
had gone to sleep, I used to hop out again  
and imagine myself even as great a per-  
sonage as the famous soprano I have just  
mentioned.

Oftentimes now I can see myself in a  
room of that very modest brick tenement,  
dancing and singing, and dressed up in  
all the odd costumes I could put my  
hands on. Death scenes were my weak-  
ness, and I do not mind admitting that  
"Norma" was my favorite. When I had  
done something which I considered very  
fine indeed, I cried out, "Brava, Adèl-  
ina!" and threw magnificent bouquets and  
wreaths down before my own bare little  
feet. And then I would grow sleepy,  
palled with success, and so creep back to  
bed, leaving the bouquets and the wreaths  
in the middle of the floor. Shall I tell  
you that these magnificent tokens were  
made of old newspapers? Yes. I'm sure  
I was a very strange little girl.

We were all very oppressed and anx-  
ious in those days, and the prospects of  
making money were very bad. I was 7  
years old when the opera company of  
which my father and mother were mem-  
bers began to return so little money  
that I could no longer stand my father's  
troubled face. I remember saying:  
"Don't sell your beautiful turquoise pin,  
papa. Let me help you. I can sing well  
enough, and I will be a little prima

good for Napanee.  
show this fall. Our  
high priced, medium, and  
buy our New Goods

ry Department is show-  
ery latest novelty in  
m,

price is a bargain by  
, 6c, 7c, 8c. per yard.  
y elsewhere.  
which are worth one

# pany.

among the students. In attempt-  
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cane and finally struck him. The  
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s of the college, who were repre-  
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everybody would need have good reason  
should remember that pure, rich blood is  
the first requisite. Hood's Sarsaparilla,  
by giving good blood and good health, has  
helped many a man to success, besides  
giving strength and courage. The doctor's  
of women who, before taking the doctor's  
even see any good in life to them.

**McINTYRE'S CORNERS.**  
Everybody went to camp meeting on  
Sunday last.  
Mrs. Jas. Ferguson and daughter  
Annie, of Kingston, are visiting at  
W. P. Miller's.  
Mr. Wm. Boice is very ill again we  
are sorry to say and is under Dr.  
Northmore's care.  
Messrs. E. C. Gilbert and Geo.  
Howie, of Maple Lane and R. G.  
Miller's, were back to Kennebec on a  
trip last week.  
Mr. and Miss Chalmers, of Parma  
were the guests at W. P. Miller's, on  
Sunday.  
Mrs. D. Ayisworth and children  
were visiting at Mr. Austin Fraser's,  
Odessa, on Thursday last.

**CENTREVILLE.**  
Hay, barley and fall grain is about  
all harvested. Some of the farmers  
are preparing for threshing.  
Several from here took in the excursion  
to Ste. Anne's this week.  
E. H. Perry has been appointed  
fishery overseer by the Ontario Govern-  
ment for Addington county.  
Mrs. J. McGrath is still in the  
hospital at Kingston. Her recovery  
as yet seems doubtful.  
R. Price, who suffered the amputa-  
tion of a leg last week, is doing favor-  
ably.  
James Reid, M. P. P., is recovering,  
but slowly.  
Visitors:—Mr. and Mrs. J. Kidd,  
Erinsville, and W. Gibson, Amherst  
Island, at M. Ingoldsby's; Miss M.  
In tant, Stella, is visiting her cousins,  
Misses Lizzie and Mary McKenty.

**WILTON.**  
Mr. W. Burdick, Chicago, who is  
visiting at B. W. Lake's, sang a solo,  
"Thy will be done," Sunday morning  
at the Methodist service.  
Mr. Alf. Lapum and children,  
Centreville, are visiting friends in this  
vicinity.  
Miss Maggie Burds, Kingston, and  
Mrs. B. Caton and children, Collinsby,  
are the guests of Mrs. George Sim-  
mons.  
Mrs. Armstrong, Kingston, is visit-  
ing her niece, Mrs. James Lewis.  
Mrs. and Miss McGuin, Napanee;  
Mrs. J. C. Perry, and children, Phil-  
adelphia, and Mrs. Stanley Maboe,  
American Falls, Idaho, were at W. H.  
Neilson's for a couple of days last  
week.  
Dr. W. Jaquith, Chicago, spent a  
few days with friends last week.  
Miss Paula Mills left last Thursday,  
for a visit with friends at Portland.  
Miss Ethel Clark left Wednesday  
for Harrowsmith and Sydenham, and  
from there she will go to Carleton  
Place next week.  
Mr. Norman Scott is still in a very  
precarious condition. Drs. Maboe,  
and Elmsley, Arden, held a consulta-  
tion Tuesday.

Monday night as Mr. Emmons, an  
Odessa butcher, was going down the  
hill by W. H. Neilson's, with a load of  
hogs, one of his horses became un-  
manageable and tried to run away.  
No further damage than breaking the  
tongue was the result.

**Children Cry for  
CASTORIA.**

## CASTORIA

last year.  
Dr. James  
to enter  
signature of



**PRINCE EDWARD COUNTY.**  
Mrs. John Denison, Richmond, and  
Mrs. Dr. Porter, of Toronto, came up  
on the S. S. excursion, Tuesday, and  
visited relatives in town.  
Burnell Denison, Richmond, spent  
Tuesday, the guest of Mr. Bruce E.  
Johnson, of Pleasant View Jersey  
Farm.  
Mr. and Mrs. Bert Davis, Sophias-  
burgh, visited relatives in the vicinity  
of Napanee last week.  
Mrs. David Benson and son Harold,  
Napanee are spending their holidays  
in the county.  
Mrs. Levi F. Moore, Napanee, was  
the guest of her mother, Mrs. E. A.  
Benson, Tuesday.  
Mr. A. Fraser, of Harlowe, Fron-  
tenac County is renewing old acquaint-  
ances in Prince Edward.  
It is said that George Yott, son of  
Capt. Yott, of Roblin's Mills, has  
returned from Dawson with \$21 000 in  
gold.  
Sunday last the Oddfellows observed  
as Decoration day. Many from Napa-  
nee assisted their Picton brethren, and  
all speak in the most complimentary  
terms of the fine marching of their  
visiting brothers.

**THE BANK'S SAFEGUARDS.**  
**They Were So Good That the Stranger Didn't Make a Deposit.**  
As a safeguard against raiders the  
banks in southern Kansas still have  
alarm bells in neighboring stores and  
other convenient places, by which they  
can summon help simply by pressing a  
button in the floor under the teller's win-  
dow. When the bell rings, every man in  
the neighborhood grabs his gun and rushes  
for the bank, but there hasn't been an  
alarm in this section of the country for  
a long time—not since the Daltons died.  
Mr. Ellsworth, vice president of the  
bank at Moline, told me a story one day  
to illustrate how the robbers worked. He  
was standing in front of the bank some  
years ago, when a well dressed man with  
pleasant manners introduced himself as  
a cattle buyer, said he should have oc-  
casion to deposit a good deal of money in  
a few days and asked what interest he  
could get for it. Mr. Ellsworth replied  
that they did not pay anything on tem-  
porary deposits. Then the stranger in-  
quired if the vaults were perfectly safe.  
Mr. Ellsworth replied that they were not  
only the safest in that part of the state,  
but were fitted with time locks and that  
the only time they could be opened was  
at certain hours, when the cashier took  
out or put away the cash that was need-  
ed for the business of the day. Further-  
more, he said, they had alarm bells run-  
ning to all the stores in the neighborhood  
and that if a robbery was attempted ev-  
erybody in the town would know it in  
five seconds.

The stranger expressed his satisfaction  
in what seemed to Mr. Ellsworth an un-  
gracious sort of way and said he would  
make a deposit at once. But he did not  
turn up again, and within a few hours  
farmers who came to town reported that  
a gang of desperate looking men had  
been seen riding toward the Indian Ter-  
ritory, with rifles slung to their saddles.  
It was later discovered that the party had  
concealed themselves behind a barn on  
the edge of town, while one of their num-  
ber sauntered about the streets for half  
an hour or so. Mr. Ellsworth's descrip-  
tion of the banking arrangements un-  
doubtedly displeased him.—Chicago Rec-  
ord.

bed, leaving the bouquets and the wreaths  
in the middle of the floor. Shall I tell  
you that these magnificent tokens were  
made of old newspapers? Yes, I'm sure  
I was a very strange little girl.  
We were all very oppressed and anx-  
ious in those days, and the prospects of  
making money were very bad. I was 7  
years old when the opera company of  
which my father and mother were mem-  
bers began to return "so little money  
that I could no longer stand my father's  
troubled face. I remember saying:  
"Don't sell your beautiful turquoise pin,  
papa. Let me help you. I can sing well  
enough, and I will be a little prima  
donna."  
And I remember, too, my father's  
eyes filling with tears as he replied: "No,  
little one. What you say is impossible."  
But I had made up my mind neverthe-  
less. My mother had already given me  
lessons in music, and I had practiced a  
little with her. I gave them all no peace  
until one day it was noised abroad that  
little Adelina, the daughter of Signor Pat-  
ti, was to sing "Una Voce" and "The  
Sonnambula" at Niblo's Garden.  
A prima donna of seven summers!  
said everybody, and I am sure they must  
have laughed. But it was no laughing  
matter to me or to my mother and fa-  
ther, although I was not a bit nervous  
or frightened, but, on the contrary, full  
of childish confidence. I didn't care for  
much to eat that evening, but nobody  
paid any attention to my want of appe-  
tite. I coaxed my mother, and she  
braided my hair and powdered my tiny  
brown face. We burned candles in  
those days, and I can still see myself  
looking for many minutes into the mirror  
of my bedroom, with the heavy shadows  
behind me, before we set out for the  
theater.  
From time to time my father brought  
reports to us in our dressing room of the  
appearance of the house. It was not a  
large audience. At 7 o'clock the curtain  
went up, and I came on. I think ev-  
erybody in the house must have applauded,  
for, besides having a great many friends  
there, it would have been hard of any-  
body not to have been interested in so  
young a cantatrice. They told me after-  
ward that from those first notes nobody  
had any doubt that I was a success and a  
born prima donna. Child as I was, I felt  
sure that le Bon Dieu was at my side.  
When the curtain went down on "Una  
Voce," I saw a great number of men and  
women clapping and waving their hands  
and crying "Brava, brava!" and even the  
gods in the gallery tried to whistle as  
loud as they could, and you must not for-  
get that the gods were my personal  
friends. There are no street arabs like  
those of New York. They had long be-  
fore nicknamed me "The Little Chinese  
Girl" because of my black eyes and yel-  
lowish features.  
Then I remember my father catching  
me up in his arms and kissing me, and  
my mother and all the members of the  
company petting me as if I had done  
something wonderful indeed, but it was  
not more than I expected to do. But  
there was "Sonnambula" to come before  
the evening was finished, and they told  
me there were more people to hear "Son-  
nambula" than "Una Voce," because  
many of the audience had gone out and  
brought in chance acquaintances.  
They told me that one man actually  
brought over no fewer than six friends  
from the New York hotel over the way,  
and, what was more and better for us, he  
paid for them.  
But I have told you enough. The  
world knows pretty well what has hap-  
pened after that. But I have here told  
you the story of my first appearance.

**Too Convenient.**  
"Here's a queer tale of a family of 11  
that has its home in a hollow tree," said  
the woman who is always interested in  
strange stories as she looked up from her  
paper.  
"How would you like such a home as  
that, Willie?" inquired the woman's hus-  
band, turning to his son and heir.  
The boy shook his head.  
"Too easy to get hold of a switch," he  
answered, as his mind reverted to some  
of the little controversies he had had  
with his father.



# THREE GREAT REASONS.

REV. DR. TALMAGE PREACHES FROM THREE SHORT TEXTS.

Reasons for Being a Christian—The Dr.'s Experience With One of His Flock—Why Men Do Not Become Christians—Good Reasons Why You Should Live—No Good Reason Why People Should Not Live a Christian Life.

A despatch from Washington says:—Rev. Dr. Talmage preached from the following text: "Why will ye die?" Jeremiah xxvii. 13. "Why will ye die?" Ezekiel xviii. 31. "Why will ye die?" Ezekiel xxxiii. 11.

Three texts all alike—an interrogation appropriate to the people of olden times, and just as appropriate for people of modern times. Pastors and Christian teachers are apt to talk as though the impenitent had no reason for the position they occupy. They have. Among them, are some of the most intelligent persons in the community and those who always act from a reason. Some of them are logicians. They can manage premise, syllogism, conclusion. Some of them have devoted their lives to the culture of their reasoning faculties. They stand in the court-room and present an irresistible argument to juror and judge. They stand in the sick-room and examine the symptoms and argue out an unfailing diagnosis. They stand in the university and they thrill the class with intellectual achievements as great as those of Dugald Stuart, or Sir William Hamilton. They are men who are reasonable, and they always act from a reason. Judging from what I know of you, and judging from what I know of them, I declare that you more certainly have a reason for being Christians than they have reasons for not being Christians. I will fairly and plainly set before you to-night what those reasons are, and then you will have an opportunity of judging whether they are good or faulty. All the three texts imply that there is a reason why they die.

Reason the first: We are not settled in our religious faith. We do not know whether the Bible is true or not. We do not know whether Christ is God or not. We do not know whether there is a place of future punishment or not. If we believe as you do, we would be Christians to-morrow morning—yea, before twelve o'clock to-night—yea, just this moment, we would bow our heads and submit to the Lord. My brethren, how long have you been in that undecided state? Are you, in the passage of the years, getting any nearer a decision? Why do you not go into this subject and go through it? Why not take up Bishop McIlvaine's "Evidences of Christianity," or Dr. Paley's "Treatise," and find out whether this Bible is a projection from the Almighty, or whether it is the greatest sham of all the ages? Why do you not get down on your knees and say: "O Lord Jesus Christ, I know not whether Thou art God or not. Demonstrate Thy power. If Thou be merely a man, Thou canst not answer. If Thou be a God, rush upon me this moment with supernatural influence." If your child be sick and you do not know whether it is just a common cold or the diph-

theria which have been reasoning away about this and reasoning away about that this night to bow themselves at the feet of the Lord who bought them. I cannot but, in the very midst of my sermon, make this prayer to God that this may be the hour of their eternal emancipation.

Another reason why men do not come into the kingdom of Christ is because they are of the opinion that the present is of more importance than the future. "My store, my shop, my studio, my office, my reputation, are of more importance to me than this ethereal thing you call eternity. That which I can handle, that which strikes the optic nerve and the tympanum, that which appears to my natural senses—that I believe to be of more importance than this indefinite thing you call the great future. I take this great, round, heavy world and I put it on one side a scale, and on the other side I put your ethereal eternity, and I find that this world outweighs the other by many millions of tons. I put my life of 40, or 50, or 60, or 70, or 80 years, against the interminable existence of the future—I put my life here against that, and I find it is more important than my life there. I put Time against Eternity, and Time has it." I have noticed that everything depends upon the standpoint you take when you look at anything. We stand so deep down in the "now" that we cannot see over into the great "hereafter." If we could stand between the two worlds, and look that way and this way, then we might make a more intelligent comparison as to the value of these two worlds—this, and the next. In other words: the farthest on we can get in this life—yea, the very last point of our earthly existence—will be the best point in which to estimate the value of these two worlds. And so, to-night, I call upon all the dying population of Christendom. I call upon all the thousands who are now departing this life, and I ask them to give testimony in this matter. You have to listen closely, for their voice comes in broken whispers; comes off beds tumbled with pain; comes from between the medicine phials and the tapers; comes from white lips and palsied tongues, and they cannot very distinctly articulate. Lying back they give us their testimony. They say: "My head on this wet pillow, I look one way and I look the other way. I see Time; I see Eternity. How brief the one; how long the other. I never saw it so before. Hand-breadths against leagues. Seconds against cycles. I put my wasted and trembling hand—my left hand—on the world that I am leaving, and I put my wasted and trembling hand—my right hand—on the world that I am entering, and for the first time I see how small is the one and how vast is the other." Minutes; minutes; minutes. Ages; ages; ages. Like the flight of a shuttle on one side; on the other—forever, forever. This is like a vapor that appears for a little season and is gone. That Eternity.

Another reason why men do not accept the Lord Jesus Christ and become Christians, is because they are of the opinion that the matters of the soul are not urgent, pressing, and imminent. They do as some of us do who have many interruptions and more calls than we can manage—leave people in the ante-chamber and receive them one by one. So they have their reception day. They say: "Let Business enter." Business enters, is interviewed, passes out. They say: "Let Pleasure enter." Pleasure enters, is interviewed, passes out. They say: "Let Worldly Knowledge enter." Worldly Knowledge enters, is interviewed, passes out. After that, for forty years, they say: "I am too busy to enter." And they look—Mrs. Royce says—she is got tired of waiting around the ante-chamber of heaven standing in the ante-chamber of the heart ought to have been received first. Her first tap on the door ought to have brought the response: "Come in—come in." Why, judging from the slowness with which

way." He tells the world: "Shove Me which way you will, if you will only come into my kingdom; shove Me backward and forward as you do a gate," when He cries: "I am the door." Then He drops the crook of His staff on our neck, and He drops it very gently, and says, "I am the Good Shepherd." Then He pours out the medicine for our soul, and says, "I am the Physician." And then he cries, "Get out of your coffin—I am the Resurrection." After God has done all this, I say, deliberately, if any man loses his soul, he does so with his eyes open, and is bent upon it. It is as though he pressed through the ranks of all God's mercy, and cried out: "Stand back all chances of heaven! Give me full swing. Clear the track for the lost world! Take away, take away that cross of Christ, or I will jostle it down. Take away those prayers of Christian parents. Take away those dying beds, or I will step on the pillow. Remove out of sight that communion table, or I will redden my feet in the upturned tankards. Here I go on the lost way! O, chasms of death, open to receive me! I choose darkness, and banishment, and death, and have my way I will, God, and angels, and men notwithstanding; and if you will stop my way to death, and pile up all obstacles, I will get over them. Pile them higher, and higher, and I will step back so as to get momentum, and then I will come up with a rush, and I will fall into darkness and wrath eternal." O, the determination of that man to perish when the Lord God Almighty stands here to-night to snatch him back.

My friends, there is no good reason that will stand the test of this hour, and there is no reason that will stand the crucial moment of death, or the great pass of the judgment day. I stand here to-night to try to persuade this whole audience into the kingdom of God. Am I attempting too much—one man against a host? O, no. I come out alone, but in the strength of God, to urge you to the acceptance of Christ's religion. I do not take you in sections, I charge on you in solid battalion. O, Lord, now stretch forth Thy hand for the deliverance of these people. Strike down their sins and their iniquities. The world smiled at Burns, the Gettysburgh farmer, when he went out with his gun to fight for his country independent of the regiments; but I do not think that Christian minister, however weak he may be, is foolhardy, who, with the sword of the Spirit in his hand, and helmeted of the eternal God, goes forth to try to capture a whole audience for Christ. O that that might be done to-night. Why not? Why not? Is not the gate of mercy wide open? You know when men first begin to use a scythe, it is a very small sweep they make; but after they get used to it, they can cut a very wide swath. There is a reaper. He is an old reaper. He has been reaping for thousands of years. He is the reaper Death, and he will come along after a while and put his scythe against that wall—the tip of the scythe—and he will swing it around and take this whole audience into the eternal world. But I have to put alongside of that truth, this truth: that the Gospel of Jesus Christ is just as wide in its sweep, and that all who will may to-night come and be saved—all, absolutely all. Will you come? Is there any one in this house to-night who will reject the offer of money which I make in the name of my Lord Jesus Christ? O wanderer, come back to thy God!

My whole theory of preaching has changed in these last seven years. Before these seven years, I watched for results, at the end of three months and at the end of the year; and then I was disappointed. But God gave me evidence in the name of my Lord Jesus Christ, and E. Burritt, Ruth I had preached I was joyful at the end of the three months when the communion was held. But since seven years ago, I have changed my theory, and I must look for immediate and instantaneous results; and God never disappointed, and I do not believe he will disappoint me to-night. I cannot be

# THE SUNDAY SCHOOL

INTERNATIONAL LESSON, JULY

"Daniel in the Den of Lions." 10-13. Golden Text. Ps. 121. PRACTICAL NOTES.

Verse 10. When Daniel knew the writing was signed. When he knew that there was no opportunity for him to advise the king, and no power in the part of the king to take the matter into his own hands, he would have given him, he went to his house. Hastened home for private prayer; he never needed more than now. His windows were open in his chamber toward Jerusalem. His chamber was probably an upper room, for in such rooms the Jews fond of offering their prayers. Hebrews worshiped with their face toward the temple if in Jerusalem, and toward Jerusalem if in a far country. Not all the windows in the East are movable, but many are made of lattice-work, and can be opened or closed at pleasure. He kneeled upon his knees three times a day, and gave thanks before his God did aforetime. So far as we know kneeling was not a habit of among the Hebrews. It has been suggested, indeed, that Daniel's kneeling was simply an inclination of the head as a gesture of reverence; but it has no consequence. It is the posture of the heart, the humble and trusting spirit, that God loves.

11. These men. The principal princes. Assembled. Rushed together, so as to come before the king. They had his voice and had seen him through the lattice-work open, and now he was praying and making supplication before his God. He recognized the peril by which he was surrounded.

12. Hast thou not signed a decree? They say nothing about the decree that would have aroused the friendly spirit. They put their petition in such a form as to put to the test his mettle and increase his indignation. 13. That Daniel. A contemptuous phrase. The captivity of Judah, they omit every fact of his life that would be complimentary to him, and think of him as a captive not owning his own life. The glories of his years of high craft are ignored by these men. They say, "O king, I am another trick of the pettifogger; attempt to make it a personal guard of the king."

14. The king. . . . was so pleased with himself. The Version omits "with himself," but a colloquialism which helps us understand the king's position. He suffered himself to be entrapped by the princes who conspired against Daniel and to aspire against him. He was a popular opinion concerning him. By his blunder he had shown himself not to be divine. On the other hand he had a genuine regard for Daniel. He had set his heart on Daniel to him. That a man brought up in the palace of a king should be petulant and whimsical is natural indeed, but men should ever be strong and seemly, and yet most capable of arousing the king to splendid activity. And Darius did his best for Daniel. He labored till the going down of the sun to deliver him. We suppose that he labored with the law, trying to find authority for change of sentence, meanwhile he delayed the execution of the sentence.

15. Assembled. "Tumultuous before. Know, O king, etc. The punishment of the punishment aroused the conspirators. They must threaten the king, else he would not carry out their plans and word, and the threat of this was a revolutionary sound.



viewed, passes out. They say: "Let Pleasure enter." Pleasure enters, is interviewed, passes out. They say: "Let Worldly Knowledge enter." Worldly Knowledge enters, is interviewed, passes out. After forty years, they say: "I am tired of waiting and I am ready to enter." And they look at Mrs. Royce. That queen of heaven standing in the ante-chamber of the heart ought to have been received first. Her first tap on the door ought to have brought the response: "Come in—come in." Why, judging from the slowness with which people act in regard to the matters of the soul, you might suppose that a new kind of insurance company had been formed, and that by paying a certain premium you could get assured of the fact that you are going to stay in this world forever. So far from that, if a photographer should to-night take his place on this platform, and he should bring the camera toward this audience, and it were possible in the night, as it is in the day, to take a picture, and then he should place the camera in that gallery and point it at me and take me, and then those pictures should be put by for a few years, and another photographer should come and repeat the process, how different the pictures would be; those taken now and those taken then. All changed. Another speaker. Another auditor. Ah, the scenes are all the time changing as this drama of the ages plunges on toward the last act.

I felt—very peculiar this last week as I was reading William Haslett's lecture on the "Living Poets." Who—the living poets? Lord Byron; Walter Scott; Tom Moore; Wordsworth. Living? I said. No all gone; and Haslett, the lecturer, as well. It seems as if a spirit from the other world came upon the platform to-night, and, standing here, announced the departure to other realms of all this audience. He drops his fingers in that direction, and he says: "That soul will go in 1899, that will go in 1900; that will go in 1901, December; that one will go in August; that one will go in June; that one will go in May; that one to-morrow; this one to-night." "This night thy soul shall be required of thee." Urgent! Why, there is no word in the language to express how much depends upon your instantaneous acceptance of the Lord God. In the time that it would take me to walk from one end of this platform to the other, deliberately, how many souls will go out from this world into the great eternity? Sixty! Where have they landed? How high have they risen? How deep have they sunk? What wide circuit have they swept? And while I have been saying just this, another sixty have gone the same way, and all the gates of eternity are crowded with emigrants from this world to that. The door of eternity used to be shut most of the time, only occasionally open; but now it is fastened open day and night because the procession never halts. Urgent! Why, the adjutant that, riding with lathered steed, dashes from general to general and on the eve of a battle, never had such a hasty dispatch as that which I unroft to-night, from the commander of earth and heaven to you personally. Yet people believe that the danger is not imminent, and the necessity of religion is only an imaginary thing, and they adjourn and adjourn, and that is why they die. O, my hearers, there is no good reason, no good reason. The most senseless and useless thing in all the earth is that any man perish. You say sin is a pit. Here is a ladder on which you may climb out of it. You say that sin is a jail. Yes, but here is the key of the house of David that can unlock it. You say that sin is blindness. Yes, but here is Christ, the Omnipotent Oculist, who can cure it. You say that sin is death and burial; but here is one who can split the granite slabs of the cemetery. No good reason why you should die. A thousand good reasons why you should live. Christ wants you to live. He has done everything for us. He prostrated Himself. He lays flat on His face, and tells the whole earth to walk over Him from head to foot, while He cries out, "I am, the

my whole theory of preaching has changed in these last seven years. Before these seven years, I watched for results, at the end of three months and at the end of the year; and then I was plain. "My God gave me evidence to Christ." I was rejoiced at the end of the three months when the communion was held. But since seven years ago, I have changed my theory, and I must look for immediate and instantaneous results; and God never disappointed, and I do not believe he will disappoint me to-night. I cannot be satisfied with the Sabbath morning service unless I see the result before half-past twelve o'clock. I cannot be satisfied with the Sabbath night service unless I see good results before half-past nine o'clock. O Lord, disappoint me not to-night. Let Thy grace descend just now upon the hearts of all this people. Why, when the lightning strikers, in the crash, and see splinters and hear the crash, and if the bolt of God's convicting Spirit, falls upon an audience, instantly there is a quaking and trembling and a crying unto God for mercy. Between the minute when the cavalry party cheer at the charge, and the minute when they shout at the victory on the captured parapets, there is not much time. And O, if to-night all these castles of worldliness and sin could be captured for God, it would not take a long while to run up the Lord's colors—not half a second. O Lord Jesus Christ, lift left hand and right hand, left foot and right foot from the jagged, rough-hewn cross, and bound into the midst of this assemblage and take them all as price of Thy pang. O Thou bleeding, crying, groaning God, take possession of this auditory as Thine. O, make it a Bochim for weeping, a Pentecost for tongues of flame, a judgment for shaking, arousing, thundering solemnities.

The future is coming on; it is coming on very fast. "We may back away from it and try to get away from it; but it is coming on with gleams and shadows, hosannas and wailings, coming cornets and shackles, coming with happiness and with wretchedness; and the air stirs with the wings, and this night is all agast with eternity rushing into the room. We have got to go forth and meet this future, you and I; as certainly as you sit there and I stand here, just so certainly we will have to go forth and participate in the pleasures or the griefs. With these arms we will wave garlands or pull at chains. Which? When? Why? There is a supernal hour in every one's history—an hour different from all those that went before it, different from all that will come after it; and God draws a circle around that one hour, and there are more eyes of angels and devils concentrated on that one hour than all the other hours of a man's lifetime. What hour is that? It is the hour of salvation; it is the hour when the tides of heaven set in on a soul; it is the hour when the Holy Spirit pleads vehemently; it is the hour when a man's own conscience says, "Now you must, you must, attend to your soul, or lose it forever." That hour is now, with some in this house, to-night. You feel the Almighty Presence. You experience a strange feeling at the throat. You feel the uneven, unequal tramp of the heart. Your conscience says you must, your Christian friends feel that you must, and all heaven cries, "You must!" Now, suppose that under these circumstances a man just takes this opportunity of salvation and folds it up and throws it away carelessly, what will become of him? At the close of the service he will step out from the Tabernacle; and on his way home he will look up and see a star or cloud or meteor; but there is one thing of higher importance to him than any astronomical appearance, that he will not see, namely, the wide-open door of heaven, that has stood open for a great many years, closed forever. No jar, no crash, but as the angels of God saw that door go shut, they felt to the tips of their wings a prolonged shudder.

He labored till the going down sun to deliver him. We can suppose that he labored or w with the law, trying to find authority for change of sentence, meanwhile he delayed the ex of the sentence.

15. Assembled. "Tumultuous before. Know, O king, etc. The ponement of the punishment i el aroused the conspirators. must threaten the king, else b not carry out their plans and l word; and the threat of this v a revolutionary sound.

16. Cast him into the den of li is probable that this den was of cage in the royal gardens, know that lions were thus pr in ancient Babylonia; and that a cage seems likely from the later conversation with Daniel God whom thou servest continu will deliver thee. The very fac leads to his conviction and puni in the courts of men is the fa in the sight of God will just! Devout heathen of all sorts great many devout Jews beli the existence of many gods. V not to suppose from this vers Darius believed that Jehovah, real and omnipresent God, but that he was a god, and as fail his worshippers as all gods we posed to be.

17. A stone was brought, a upon the mouth of the den; a king sealed it with his own of his lords. The stone was ver ably placed at the mouth of simply to receive the signet, may have been laid across it a ened on each end by a lump on which was stamped the roy So our Lord's tomb was seale the signet of his lords was ac well as that of the king, sho great importance of the Perisa in national affairs. That pose might not be changed, nothing might be changed cor Daniel." The king himself m bound as well as the humblest of the realm.

18. The king went to his. From the court room where Da been sentenced. Passed th fasting. That night Daniel sle happily on the floor with hung about him than did Darius on lions. Fasting carries the idea lack of appetite and sleeples nerves were racked by the an his mind. Instruments of Revised Version margin, "girls." Xenophon describes Da vain and without self-control, a oughly devoted to wine and woi occasion therefore, when he ur loathing from both wine and is noted by the historian as so unusual.

19. The king arose very earl morning. At the glimmer dawn, H's grief at last overc fear of the nobles. The wretc of his night had doubtless be for court gossip, and probabl eyes watched his journey to th lions.

20. A lamentable voice. Hi bespoke his emotions. Servant living God. And the only livi Whom thou servest continual is another allusion to Daniel's prayers.

21. O king, live forever. Th form of salutation to an orien arch.

22. My God. Not the God on personal appropriation of the ship of Jehovah is very ins God is our God. His angel. Bo lians and Jews believed in the e of angels. Daniel doubtless l same belief in the interblend actual angel as Peter had in of his deliverance. Shut th mouths. So spiritus, "God, his servants from him, goe about like a roaring lion seeki he may devour. Before him ir was found in me. Not that D never committed a sin, but this case he had done right; he stood up for his God, God w for him. Before thee, O king done no hurt. If Daniel had di

I was reading, this afternoon, of a convert in the South Sea Island who wandered off from home, and finally found himself in a company of English infidels who were scoffing at religion; and as he, poor heathen, came in, a convert recently from heathenism, they put questions to him and got the laugh on him. He turned to a lawyer who was leading in these questions, a man most severe in his style, and said to him, "Sir, it is not very strange that I, a poor heathen convert, should not be able to answer all your questions, and it is not strange that I, born in another land, should not be able to talk very good English; but there is a day coming when there will be another group together, a larger group than this, and we all will be there—it will be the last day. And then they will say to us, 'Do you love the Lord Jesus Christ?' and I think, sir, I will be able to say, Yes. What will you say, sir?" The man was abashed, convicted, and converted.

"Not many wise, not many noble" called, but God hath chosen the weak things of the world to confound the mighty; and if you ever come to God at all, it will not be as a philosopher, but as a little child. I had a very dear friend who was a sceptic. I had preached to him for years, but made no impression upon him. We had many conversations, but he asked me all the time about eternity, and he asked me how to harmonize election and free agency, and he asked me a great many questions I could not answer about the immortal soul and about the eternal world, and he confounded me as much as I confounded him. Time passed along. While I was living in Philadelphia, having changed my charge, I got a letter from him one day, in which he said: "What do you think, sir, of my becoming a Christian? I tried to come to God through my reasoning faculties, and I waited, and waited, bopping all the difficulties would be explained; but I have come at last as a little child, and found the peace and the hope of the Gospel. Rejoice with me. Rejoice with me." O, that God would persuade all men in this audi-

# SUNDAY SCHOOL.

ATIONAL LESSON, JULY 30.

In the Den of Lions." Dan. 6.  
Golden Text. Psa. 121. 5.

## PRACTICAL NOTES.

10. When Daniel knew that ng was signed. When he knew e was no opportunity for him the king, and no power on the the king to take the advice . have given him, he went in- use. Hastened home for pri- yer; he never needed it in now. His windows being is chamber toward Jerusalem. ber was probably an upper in such rooms the Jews were offering their prayers. All worshiped with their faces to temple if in Jerusalem, to- salem if in a far country. he windows in the East are but many are made of lat- and can be opened or shut ure. He kneeled upon his ree times a day, and prayed, thanks before his God, as he time. So far as we know was not a habit of prayer e Hebrews. It has been sug- ded, that Daniel's kneeling ly an inclination of the knee, e of reverence; but it is of quence. It is the posture of t, the humble and the con- it, that God loves. se men. The presidents and Assembled. Rushed tumultu- ously, so as to come upon y surprise. They had heard and had seen him throw ework open, and now they in upon his privacy while he ing and making supplication s God. He recognized the which he was surrounded. t thou not signed a decree, ey say nothing about Daniel. would have aroused the king's spirit. They put their ques- ch a form as to put the king ttle and increase his ob- t Daniel. A contemptuous The captivity of Judah. Like they omit every fact of his would be complimentary to think of him as a homeless. At owning his own person. es of his years of high states- ignored by these men. Re- not thee, O king. Here is rick of the pettifogger. They to make it a personal disre- he king. e king . . . was sore dis- with himself. The Revised omis "with himself," but it is talism which helps us to un- the king's position. He had himself to be entrapped. He id that the princes who had against Daniel might con- inst him. He was afraid of opinion concerning himself; under he had shown himself divine. On the other hand genuine regard for Daniel. heart on Daniel to deliver at a man brought up as an king should be petulant and is natural indeed, that such id ever be strong and brave ange, and yet most of them able of arousing themselves id activity. And doubtless id his beat for Daniel now. id till the going down of the deliver him. We can only that he labored or wrestled law, trying to find some for change of sentence. And e he delayed the execution tence. "Tumultuously," as Know, O king, etc. The post- of the punishment of Dan- d the conspirators. They aten the king, else he would out their plans and his own the threat of this verse has ionary sound. him into the den of lions. It

done no hurt. If Daniel had disobeyed Darius for any other purpose than to obey his God, he would have been guilty of disrespect and contumacy. 23. Then was the king exceeding glad for him and commanded that they should take Daniel up out of the den. He hastened to undo the evil result of his action. Because he believed in his God. Here is the philosophy of Daniel's deliverance. He believed in his God, and would do what his God ordered, regardless of results. We are not sure that he expected a miraculous deliverance; that mattered not.

## A JAWBONE OVERTAINED.

It Gets Out of Joint When It Is Used In Anger or in Joy.

The old charge that doctors try to keep people sick rather than to make them well ought to be withdrawn forever so far as it concerns the doctors at one of the New York city hospitals. If ever the abstract principle of curing people, no matter what is the matter with them, was reduced to an absurdity, it has been so carried on there in the last few days. The doctors have got hold of a woman whose jaw becomes dislocated when she scolds her husband, and they are actually trying to cure her. This is medical science run mad.

They say that the muscles of the jaw are too supple and permit the joint at the top of the cheek to work out of place. It has often been said that such a person had his tongue hung in the middle or had a loose tongue, but a loose jaw and a jaw hung in the middle are novelties. It would seem as if science would be much more benefited by the study of the phenomenon than by attempting to cure it. It might not be such a bad plan to study how to produce the effect, rather than how to cure it.

They say they are going to cure it. And what is the husband doing? Apparently he is standing by and seeing this disease cured and never lifting a voice in protest. Perhaps he feels that, if it is to be cured any way it will be better for him to be on record as having favored the cure than as having opposed it. In that case he is no doubt showing far-sighted prudence. Or perhaps he is so used to being scolded that he prefers it to the silence which has followed the twenty dislocations of the jaw which his wife has suffered.

To let the case alone would cultivate patience and poise of mind in the woman, for it is said that laughing dislocates her jaw the same as scolding. She really ought to learn the gentler modes of expression which so distinguished the dead and gone heroine of "Ben Bolt," for she "wept with delight when you gave her a smile and trembled with fear at your frown." Of course, anybody who did those things would be born to die young, as sweet Alice did, but they would relieve this constant dislocation of the jaw. Weeping would never dislocate a jaw. Neither would trembling, unless it was carried to excess. And a woman who dislocates her jaw scolding her husband is not likely to tremble at his frown sufficiently to displace any bones.

## ARISTOCRATS IN TRADE.

Numbers of Them Turn an Honest Penny in Dealing in Farm Produce.

The Duke of Northumberland, the heir of all the Percys, with a direct descent from one of William I's favorites, has a reputation for excellent butter says Tit-Bits, and the ducal brand is in great demand within a radius of many miles from Lyon House, Brentford.

## DEATH WAS WAITING.

Awful Vigil of a Deserted and Starving Miner in the Yukon.

Dr. H. W. Yemeb, agent of the Empire Transportation Company at Dawson, brought, on a recent visit to the coast, a story of the most awful distress of a young miner on Galena creek in the Klondike country. Telling the story to the Vancouver World he said: "The most horrible case of helpless misery which has come to light this winter, occurred on Galena creek the past month. Galena is a little known creek which empties into the Yukon opposite Monte Cristo island. During the past summer a party of two young men decided to build a cabin about four miles from its mouth and prospect there this winter. A little over two months ago one partner decided to go out over the ice. James Gill, the younger of the two, and about 25 years old, had a peculiarly weak feeling about the lower limbs, and decided not to attempt the trip himself, had plenty of good provisions, and before leaving his partner cut him a good supply of wood for use till he should become strong again. Shortly after the partner's departure the unfortunate youth found himself utterly unable to move about at all. For several days he lay in his sleeping bag without fire and without meals. He made up his mind that this meant death if persisted in, so he determined upon one more effort to help himself. Crawling upon his bag he made an attempt to stand up, but fell on the floor in an unconscious heap. He does not know how long he lay, though it was probably but a few moments, or he would have frozen to death. When he roused up he found his hands and feet frosted—frozen he thought them at the time.

## CRAWLED BACK IN THE BAG.

"This occurred nearly two months ago. He crawled into his bag again and set himself the task of waiting for help to arrive from God knows where. Day after day he patiently reached over his head to where a calendar hung upon the wall and checked off the days and weeks. His only food was sugar and flour mixed with a little water, the water being secured by picking some of the frost from the walls and melting it in a tin cup over a candle. Saturday December 17th, Gill marked off the 30th day of his helpless confinement in his bed. His case was more hopeless than usual, for he found the coldness of death creeping up his limbs and over his body. He could keep warm no longer. His wasted frame refused to manufacture the necessary heat, and that dreadful coldness and numbness pre-cursing death had already reached breast high. His scurvy-swelled gums had reached down and covered his teeth, while those teeth were so loosened in the jaws they could readily be extracted with thumb and forefinger.

## HOW THE RESCUERS CAME.

"In a cabin on the Yukon opposite the mouth of Galena creek dwell a party of five prospectors. On Saturday three of them went on a hunting expedition by the creek. Noon found them too far away to return for dinner. Their names were George Huffman, Joseph Fox and Nels Bermlin. By accident they stumbled across the blazed trail which led to the lonesome cabin of horrors occupied by Gill. Noticing at least a foot of snow on top of the stove pipe, they decided the cabin was empty, but forced an entrance and found the sick man. A fire was started instantly and a mouthful of warm tea given him. His stomach refused it, and it was some time before the weakened intestines would retain even a trifle of warm soup. The boys then proceeded to 'Swamp' out a trail down the creek

## ROMANCE OF THE WEST.

Wedding Interrupted by Arrival of Dead Body of the Bride's Rejected Lover.

This story of how a dead lover forbade the banns, worthy as it is of the imagination of Poe, comes from the wild region of mountain and lake which forms the interior of British Columbia, and this story a Vancouver despatch tells:—

Maud Cranston, whose home was at Kootenay Lake, had to choose between two wooers. Of these R. A. Carson was rich and unromantic, while James Carter was poor, but in all respects a stripling to engage a maiden's fancy. There were other considerations, however, and Maud Cranston chose the rich suitor.

"You shall not marry him," said Carter to her, when he heard that the date was fixed.

Floods came. The river broke from its bank. The clergyman was exiled on his ranch. Such of the wedding guests as had been able to reach the bride's home lamented with her over the disappointment. And James Carter, who was just starting on a lonely trip down the river, greatly changed in a few weeks, said:

"It is an ill omen. They will never marry."

Perhaps it was because she heard of this gloomy prognostication that Miss Cranston decided that she and her affianced would reach the clergyman, since he could not reach them.

A day or two later they embarked, accordingly, on the steamer Kokanee, which would pass the minister's place on its way to Bonner's Ferry. He was sighted

## CLINGING TO THE ROOF

of his home, which was submerged to the eaves. A boat from the steamer was rowed through the swirling water that covered his crops, and he was rescued.

Carson and Miss Cranston appealed to him to marry them at once, and he went to the cabin to put on a change of clothing proffered him by Captain Newman. While he was thus engaged the boat stopped at Rios Landing. Here a coffin—a plain pine box—was carried on board.

In it, said the gossips, was the body of a young man who had been drowned, now sent wandering in search of Christian burial.

Maud Cranston was already in an overwrought state of mind from her many adventures, and brooding over the strange words of her rejected sweetheart. When the coffin was propped on deck—for there was no other place for it—she became more agitated than ever and more anxious to have the ceremony performed at once. But when the minister re-appeared and saw the coffin he thought a wedding would be out of place in such close quarters with death. Only because there were fears for the girl's self-command did he prepare to fulfil his word.

A look of relief crept into Maud Cranston's face as the ceremony went on. But before it had reached the decisive stage two dogs chained near the coffin, fell to fighting, and overturned the two kegs on which it rested. As it tumbled to the deck the lid flew off and out rolled the body, almost at the feet of the half-married pair.

It was James Carter, his eyes wide open and his hair still damp upon his forehead.

Only for one instant did the girl he had loved endure the agony of looking at his white face, for consciousness mercifully left her and she fell in a swoon by his side.

## CHANCERY CASES.



...his best friend Daniel now, red till the going down of the deliver him. We can only that he labored or wrestled is law, trying to find some for change of sentence. And ill he delayed the execution sentence.

"Tumultuously," as Know, O king, etc. The post-at of the punishment of Dan-ised the conspirators. They reaten the king, else he would y out their plans and his own nd the threat of this verse has ationary sound. at him into the den of lions. It able that this den was a sort in the royal gardens, for we at lions were thus preserved at Babylonia, and that it was seems likely from the king's nversation with Daniel. Thy m thou servest continually, he iver thee. The very fact which his conviction and punishment orts of men is the fact that ight of God will justify him. heathen of all sorts and a any devout Jews believed in tence of many gods. We are uppose from this verse that believed that Jehovah was the omnipresent God, but rather was a god, and as faithful to hipers as all gods were sup-be.

stone was brought, and laid a mouth of the den; and the led it with his own signet, rds. The stone was very prob-ed at the mouth of the den o receive the signet. A cord e been laid across it and fast- each end by a lump of clay i was stamped the royal seal. Lord's tomb was sealed. That et of his lords was added, as that of the king, shows the portance of the Persian nobil-ational affairs. That the pur-ht not be changed. "That might be changed concerning The king himself must be well as the humblest subject almn.

king went to his palace. court room where Daniel had nted. Passed the night That night Daniel slept more n the floor with hungry lions n than did Darius on his cush-asting carries the idea both of appetite and sleepless. His ere racked by the anxiety of d. Instruments of music.

Version margin, "dancing enophon describes Darius as without self-control, and thor-avoted to wine and women. An therefore, when he turns with from both wine and women by the historian as something

king arose very early in the At the glimmer of the his grief at last overcomes his nobles. The wretchedness ght had doubtless been food gossip, and probably many shed his journey to the den of lamentable voice. His tones his emotions. Servant of the d. And the only living God. hou servest continually. Here r allusion to Daniel's constant

king, live forever. The usual salutation to an oriental mon-

God. Not the God only. The appropriation of the friend-Jehovah is very instructive. r God. His angel. Both Pers-Jews believed in the existence s. Daniel doubtless had the ief in the interference of an angel as Peter had in the day eliverance. Shut the lions' So spirits, God defends nts from him to goeth about a roaring lion seeking whom levour. Before him innocence d in me. Not that Daniel had mitted a sin, but that in he had done right; because up for his God, God will stand Before thee, O king, have I ert. If Daniel had disobeyed

## ARISTOCRATS IN TRADE.

Numbers of Them Turn an Honest Penny in Dealing in Farm Produce.

The Duke of Northumberland, the heir of all the Percys, with a direct descent from one of William I's favorites, has a reputation for excellent butter says Tit-Bits, and the ducal brand is in great demand within a radius of many miles from Lyon House, Brentford.

The most noble the Marquis of Ripon has a dairy at his seat, Studley Royal; and its products, yellow butter and delicious cream, are sold to two dairy shops, one in Leeds and the other at Ripon.

Another marquis still better known in the world of trade, is Lord Londonderry, whose coal is as unimpeachable as his family escutcheon. Time was when the Earl of Hardwicke, as Viscount Royston, was a cigar merchant. He has now transferred his energies to Capel Court, and is half stock broker and half newspaper owner.

The Earl of Harrington supplements his income from 13,000 acres by the profits of a green grocery shop at Charing Cross, to which the fruits and vegetables grow at his Derby seat, Elvaston Castle, find their way.

The Earl of Ranfurly has for many years been an active and successful fruit grower at Moldura, Victoria. His farm there is the envy and pride of the fruit colony, and its condition is due very largely to the Earls own personal work on it.

The seventeenth Earl of Caithness has been literally nursed as a farmer, and is prouder of his American ranch, covering over twenty square miles, the fruit of his years of hard work, than of his Earl's coronet.

The last Earl of Seafield was a bailiff and small farmer in New Zealand, and his successor, the young Earl of to-day is also engaged in industrial pursuits at Oamaru.

The late Viscount Hampden, when he was released from the exacting post of Speaker of the House of Commons, turned his attention to milk and butter, and his Glynde dairy was noted for its excellence.

Lord Ryleigh, the great scientist and brother-in-law of Mr. A. J. Balfour, takes as much interest in milk as in argon and the doings of the Royal Society.

## A CANDID POET.

A candid author, who writes to us from the far West, inclosing a few specimens of his work, says of the latter:

I'm not one of the born writers I'm a butcher by profession, and when I'm not killing beef I'm writing poetry. And my friends tell me that my poetry is as tough as the beef. If you agree with them, please don't tackle it.

## JUDICIAL WISDOM.

Mr. Meeke—The paper says the judge reserved his decision. I don't see why it is judges invariably put off deciding a point until the next day.

Mrs. Meeke—Huh! Judges have sense enough to want to consult their wives.

## SEMI-ANNUAL EXPERIENCE.

Wife, after house-cleaning—It takes a woman to bring order out of chaos. Husband, rushing widely around after his belongings—It takes a woman to make a chaos that looks like order.

## FACT IN PHYSIOLOGY.

They say a man who turns pale when he gets mad is the most dangerous. I guess that is so. A man who is scared nearly out of his boots will put up an awful fight.

them too far awry to return for dinner. Their names were George Huffman, Joseph Fox and Nels Berman. By accident they stumbled across the blazing trail which led to the lonesome cabin of horrors occupied by Gill. Noticing at least a foot of snow on top of the stove pipe, they decided the cabin was empty, but forced an entrance and found the sick man. A fire was started instantly and a mouthful of warm tea given him. His stomach refused it, and it was some time before the weakened intestines would retain even a trifle of warm soup. The boys then proceeded to 'Swamp' out a trail down the creek five miles to their own cabin, and on Sunday sledged the sick man down. This was not hard to do as he had fallen away to 75 pounds. Everything has been done for him that could be done with the limited means at their disposal, and taking into consideration that the entire party hadn't an ounce of any kind of medicine. It was decided to notify the police, and on Thursday this was done. The department despatched a dog team at once, and if Gill is not dead he will find himself very shortly in a Dawson hospital."

## NOVEL WAY TO SAVE MONEY.

The New Method Adopted by the German Savings Bank.

German banks have a novel way of inducing persons to save money. Instead of waiting for the working men and women to come to the bank and make payments, one of the saving banks introduced a few years ago the scheme of collecting from its depositors certain fixed sums each week.

When a depositor desires to open an account he notifies the bank, giving his address and the sum he intends to deposit each week. As soon as he makes his first deposit he is furnished with a pass book giving the amount and the date of the initial payment. After that the collections are recorded by means of coupons, but the pass book is necessary when payments are withdrawn. The depositor is given one of these coupons whenever he makes a deposit, and on it is printed the amount collected, the date and the number of his pass book.

In order to insure regular payments, if a coupon is returned by the collector as unpaid after eight days, then the bank has the privilege of closing the depositor's account. The rate of interest is the same as in other savings banks, and it is said the banks which have adopted this novel method have done so from entirely philanthropic methods, with no idea of making profits, but rather as an incentive to the laboring classes. In one of these banks last year there were registered nearly six thousand depositors.

## RUSSIA'S CALENDAR.

At the Beginning of the Century It Will Make a Change.

The Russian government, after a long fight with the Gregorian calendar, has decided to ground its colors.

It is now officially stated that the czar has determined to abandon the old style of Julian-Greek, calendar, which is 12 days behind the now universal system of the Gregorian cycle, and which has been a source of annoyance to Russians doing business with other countries, who were compelled to use both dates, as well as to foreigners trading with Russia. The St. Petersburg Astronomical Society has taken the matter in hand, and with the co-operation of the ministers, will appoint a commission to be composed of 16 persons, 9 of whom are to be members of the Astronomical Society, who will arrange all the details. It is the purpose for the new style calendar to go into effect in 1901.

clusive stage two dogs chained near the coffin, fell to fighting, and overturned the two kegs on which it rested. As it tumbled to the deck the lid flew off and out rolled the body, almost at the feet of the half-married pair.

It was James Carter, his eyes wide open and his hair still damp upon his forehead.

Only for one instant did the girl he had loved endure the agony of looking at his white face, for consciousness mercifully left her and she fell in a swoon by his side.

## CHANCERY CASES.

Sayings of Some of England's Eminent Judges.

The atmosphere of the now abolished English Court of Chancery was no doubt conducive to dulness. The subjects of trusts, suits, administrations, mortgages and settlements have little in them to call out witty sallies. Nevertheless, the Law Journal has no difficulty in showing that equity and epigram are not antagonistic. For example:

Lord Justice Knight-Bruce, on hearing of an administration suit, playfully remarked, "The estate will be distributed in the usual way among the solicitors." This was a joke appealing peculiarly to the chancery practitioner cognizant of the true order of precedence in legal matters—costs first, then practice, merits last.

It was a vice-chancellor from whom emanated a happy retort, when an egg was thrown at him on the bench: "This must have been meant for my brother Bacon."

Vice-Chancellor Bacon had an excellent record as a sayer of good things. There was one member of the inner bar practising before the vice-chancellor for whom he was supposed to have no great liking. This man's services were not much in demand, for, although his ability and knowledge of law were undoubted, he was apt to look at a case from an impractical point of view, and not to make the most of its best points. It was commonly said of him that he had a twist in his mind.

When this man was about sixty years old, some one remarked to the judge that he was clever.

"Yes," said the old man, slowly and judiciously, "he is a very clever young man," and after a pause, he added, "If he swallowed a nail, he would vomit a screw."

## NOVEL COURTSHIP IN JAPAN.

A Japanese girl who desires to get married does not hesitate to inform the public of her desire. In a recent issue of the Japanese Journal, "Kanzawa Shimbun," one of these girls, who signs herself, "Hosuijoshi," is very outspoken on this point, as the following notice shows:—"I, the undersigned, am a pretty girl with abundant hair, flower-like face, perfect eyebrows and a good figure. I have money enough to take life easy and to enable me to spend my years with some beloved man who will ever be my companion and who can admire the flowers with me by day and the moon by night. If any clever, accomplished handsome and fastidious gentleman is disposed to accept this offer, I can assure him that I will be true to him for life, and that, after life is over, I will be ready to be buried with him in one grave."

It is not an unheard of thing for European or American girls to advertise for husbands, but it is very doubtful if any European or American paper has ever contained such a poetical matrimonial advertisement as this one. Moreover, it is very doubtful if any would ever think of offering to share the same grave with the gentleman, who might accept her offer of marriage. Verily, they do things differently in Japan.



# Diamond Cut Diamond

OR,

## THE ROUT OF THE ENEMY.

### CHAPTER XXXVIII.

On the Monday morning, quite a gay little cavalcade set forth from Hidden House, at an early hour, in order to be in good time at the meet at Wilton Gorse.

Geoffrey rode the chestnut, he had mounted Dulcie upon his second horse, a plain-looking bay, whose somewhat ingainly appearance was compensated for by his clever performances in the field. Miles was on a weedy-looking old crock, hired from the livery stables at Lilminster, a thin, rakish thoroughbred animal, now showing decided signs of age and over-work, whilst Angel was for the first time mounted upon The Moor.

A "southerly wind and a cloudy sky," gave promise of all that the hearts of sportsmen can desire, and the little party set forth in the best of spirits.

Geoffrey had returned from town late on Saturday night, having spent two days in negotiations, and interviews with both his senior partners. There had been, of course, what Dulcie called "A Row." Mr. Halliday ran his hands despairingly through his white hair and began by swearing by all his gods that nothing—no, nothing!—would ever make him consent to such a beggarly marriage for his daughter, but after long persuasion and many words he finally dissolved into tears, declared himself to be a miserable, broken-down old man, whose daughter had deceived and defied him; in spite of which statements, he was induced at last to admit that if his senior partner would take Miles back again and make things generally easy for him, he did not see how he was to hold out any longer.

Then Geoffrey tackled his uncle. He found the old man in a strangely mysterious mood. He would reveal nothing; he would promise nothing. He refused to give any reasons for his sentence upon Miles, at the same time he treated the matter airily, and declined to see anything serious in it.

"But it is a serious matter to Miles," argued Geoffrey, "he is engaged to my sister-in-law, and if he is to be left in the lurch—"

"Whoever said he was going to be left in the lurch?" interrupted the old man, testily. "You come and dine to-night, Geoffrey, and we will have a bottle of the '47 port."

"I can't come and dine, sir, with an easy mind, unless you will make me some sort of a promise."

"I ain't going to make any sort of promise! Tut, tut, how these boys do irritate me!" He spoke, angrily, but Geoffrey could see very plainly that he was not angry at all—he was only pretending to be. He could make nothing of him.

Eventually, he did, as he was asked, go and dine at Cromwell Road, and the three partners, the two old men and the young one, discussed a couple of bottles of the famous '47 vintage between them; and whether it was owing to the warming effects of that generous fluid, or to the extreme meekness and depression of Joseph Halliday—a state of mind in him which always filled the soul of his chief with a fiendish delight—or whether Mrs. Dane contributed to it by an exhibition of extra tearfulness and nervousness, due, no doubt, to a secret knowledge of the subject under discussion, or whether, perhaps, more than all else, it was not owing to the presence at his table of the only creature on earth who had ever got at that small shrivelled thing which physiologists have called Matthew Dane's heart, and the sight of the earnest brown eyes which had been able, occasionally, to defy and withstand him, and the rare lashing smile which always had an indescribable influence upon him—whether all this it was, which produced the

instrumental in bringing to the others.

Weldon Gorse was the picked meet of Hillshire Hunt. The hounds assembled in a lovely bit of rough park scenery, a sort of wilderness inside its wooden palings. Sir Alfred Weldon, a good old sportsman, who, at eighty years of age, still potted out upon an historical iron-grey hunter, and followed the hounds for an hour or so, when they came near enough to his house to enable him to join them without any very great exertion.

Out of compliment to this fine old English gentleman, who paid his fifty pounds subscription, and was asked a preserver of foxes as a hunting neighbourhood could desire, the meet at Weldon was an almost monthly occurrence; and Lady Weldon invariably gave a hunt breakfast on these occasions, presiding herself, in her snow-white hair, draped with a black lace Mantilla, at the top of the table, in the long-banqueting hall, where an ample repast, open to all comers, was always laid out.

When the party from Hidden House arrived upon the scene, this feast was at an end, and the red-coats were mustering thickly in the tangled hollow that lay between the smooth green glades of the park on the one side, and the open heath country, beyond the boundaries of the property, on the other.

It would be impossible to conceive a more charming picture as the horsemen came riding down from the house in twos and threes under the fine old elm trees of the park, the clear, blue-grey of the atmosphere making a softened background to the sleek, shining coats of the horses, and the brilliant flashes of scarlet flecking the glade with moving points of flame until they united in a mass beneath the shelter of the little wood, beneath which the hounds—a low, level pack—were closely kept in hand by the huntsman, and made together a dash of speckled white against the red earth of the bank behind them. Very soon, in that never-failing covert, which, within the memory of man, had seldom been known to be drawn blank, a fine fox had been found, and the whole field, an unusually large one for Hillshire, made as speedily as possible for the widely opened park gates close at hand.

Of that run, of how straightly ran the fox, of how gallantly pursued the hounds of what fences were negotiated, of who fell, and who was in at the death, I do not propose to write in detail. Are not these things inscribed in the annals of Hillshire Hunt? All that I intend to do now is to describe the career of one particular horse, of one particular rider. The horse is The Moor—the rider, Angel Dane.

The Moor started off at a good pace, but with that ominous shake of the head which Geoffrey had already noticed in him, and pulling and snatching at his bit in an uncomfortable fashion. Angel dropped her hands to him, and did what she could to soothe and humour him, and for the first half dozen fields all went fairly well, and she followed closely in the wake of her husband. But just as they came to within a few lengths of an inconsiderable fence The Moor swerved a little, and made as though he would follow another horse, and Angel, with the object of keeping him straight, lifted her whip and struck him.

This was the signal for his rebellion. He took the fence safely indeed, but with a sort of fury, and at a place of his own selection, not hers; and upon alighting at the further side of it, got down his head, shot off wildly at a terrific pace, past Geoffrey, who was hanging back a little to see what had become of him. In short, he fairly bolted and Angel entirely

back by every consideration, human and divine, had, notwithstanding all, had in the end its earthly reward and completion. The picture of blind Rochester, soothed in his eternal darkness by the love of the woman who comes to lay her life upon his suffering heart, is beautiful and touching in the extreme; but Rose de Brefour, whilst she acknowledged the poetry of it, told herself that it was not true to life.

Those who have loved in vain are not thus appropriately united—no miracle is worked for them—no providence intervenes to bring them together, Heart-broken they part—and heart-broken forever they remain apart—only that love grows colder and dimmer, and passion becomes silent, when Time with his healing touch has deadened all under an ever-thickening pall of insensibility.

And as she stood thinking of it—of the mystery and riddle of life, of how all toil and struggle for happiness, and of how few gain the prize—there came upon her a great weariness of soul—a great desire for that "long rest" wherein the problems of life shall perplex us no more, and all its sadness be hushed forever in the great sleep which nothing earthly can break or disturb.

Then far, far away, upon her ears there broke a distant sound that—as she took heed of it and listened, at first half-unconsciously, then with a rapidly-increasing interest—seemed to grow nearer and nearer to her at every second. It was a sound that once heard is never forgotten—a dull, regular re-iterating sound, muffled yet ringing—the sound of a runaway horse.

Keenly alive all at once to what this might mean, and what catastrophe it might chance to foreshadow, Rose sprang eagerly over the stile, and strained her eyes with a strange new sense of excitement towards the quarter whence these ominous sounds were now approaching her with lightning-like rapidity.

All at once she saw it, far away in the distance. The wildly galloping horse and the pale-faced rider, coming onwards, ever at that awful pace—soon she was able to distinguish the set features, the wide-opened grey eyes, the white parted lips, the panting bosom and labouring breath, the dishevelled hair flying back upon the rushing wind. One quick shock of recognition struck through her very soul—

It was Geoffrey's wife!

There came no fixed or distinct idea into her mind—no swiftly-formed intention, no debating with herself as to what she was going to do or how she was going to do it. Those glorious martyrs, who, from the world's foundation, to its close, have given, and will give, their lives to save those of others, are not prone, I reckon, to reason about what they do. One grand and splendid instinct is theirs—One God-like impulse—one unhesitating rush towards the Death that surely crowns them with an everlasting crown.

So Rose de Brefour sprang forward to her certain destruction with all the great enthusiasm of superhuman self-sacrifice burning in her soul.

A rush across the road, a frantic snatch at the bridle of the maddened animal—a wild jerk with all the strength of her woman's arms—and the deed is accomplished. Angel is saved, and The Moor, pitching heavily forward and dragging her down with him in the hurricane vehemence of his fall, plants both his knees with the whole force of his weight upon her chest and rolls over the prostrate form stretched before him upon the ground, till the delicate body is crushed, and the woman's life is stamped out, and the noble heart is silenced and stilled for evermore.

She had died so that he might live to forget her! That had been her prayer, and the Great God had heard and granted it. Geoffrey Dane lived, and although he never forgot, yet in process of time he learned to be happy.

During the long weeks of nervous

# DRESS AND CHARACTER

## AN ESSAYIST DEPLORES FASHION LIMITED SCOPE FOR ORIGINALITY

Though Familiarily Attired a Poet Will Display Her Vulgarities—A Plain Economy in Women of 50 Purses—Toilets That Betray a Deeper Create a Sensation.

The sameness of fashion and limited scope it yields for the display of individuality and originality of taste and character have lately been deplored by a well-known essayist, and, no doubt, to the superficial observer, who is incapable of penetrating beneath the outward uniformity by means of a thousand insignificant yet most significant, details and accessories, this aspect of fashions and may seem lamentable. But for ourselves, we believe that, if all women to-morrow were dressed in the fashion, they would manifest individualities and typical qualities and peculiarities, which are as much betrayed by avowals as language—more, indeed, if language often conceals our sentiments, our dress scarcely does. By this we must not be thought to overlook the influence played by the dressmaker and tailor, and that necessitates a motion and guarded application of philosophy. A parvenu millionnaire wife goes to M. Worth to be dressed, and, implicitly following the artist's advice, wears a dress that perfects itself, a dress that supersedes this bad point and accentuates an advantageous one, and in itself work of art. Yet the wearer of a faultless robe will betray her taste or want of it. She will wear a dress suitable for a reception of ambassadors at some ordinary function when an immodest display of refinement is not only out of place, embarrasses the hostess, and conveys a rebuke to this lady and other guests. The host of the entertainment, glancing at the dazzling collection of diamonds that hang from the neck, shoulders and waist of a millionaire, will say to himself, annoyed undertone, "the woman ought to be taught that it isn't necessary to carry all her diamonds with her to an evening party," the general feeling of ridicule and contempt will scarcely promote urbanity and geniality. Women of this are nearly always kind-hearted, generous and vulgar, and the beautiful costume in the world not prevent this latter quality being itself. Even more subtle, none the less recognizable, is the revelation of meanness—a quality more to be distrusted and detested than vulgarity.

### CONSPICUOUS IN DRESS.

Of course, it need hardly be said that the justifiable economy of a poor woman, which compels her to consider every shilling, is quite a different affair from the meanness of the rich one. There is a class of men, often well born and well educated, and without the justification for vulgarity in springing from a noble origin, whose sole object in dress is to produce an effect by something unusual, startling, bizarre. They do not seem to be confused with the coquetry whose intention is to provoke the other sex, and whose full of mystery and seductiveness is a caprice that is charming and attracts at first, finally repels by certain want of simplicity, which

ways filled the soul of his chief with a fiendish delight—or whether Mrs. Dane contributed to it by an exhibition of extra tearfulness and nervousness, due, no doubt, to a secret knowledge of the subject under discussion, or whether, perhaps, more than all else, it was not owing to the presence at his table of the only creature on earth who had ever got at that small shrivelled thing which physiologists would have called Matthew Dane's heart, and the sight of the earnest brown eyes which had been able, occasionally, to defy and withstand him, and the rare flashing smile which always had an indescribable influence upon him—whether all this it was, which produced the much-to-be-desired effect, I am unable rightly to determine; but certain it is, that Matthew Dane insensibly thawed and softened, and that when dinner was over and the servants had left the room, and his wife at the sign of an imperious nod from her spouse had also hastily retired, the old man suddenly delivered himself of the following remarks:

"Well, Halliday, I understand that pig-headed little girl of yours insists upon having her own way. I rather like people who go their own way unless they cross mine, you know, like this young scoundrel here, who's married Angel. I like Angel the best, you know, I always did, and always shall; she's better looking for one thing, and she and Geoffrey will always come first with me. As to this other girl of yours, she's a bit of a vixen, I fancy, but I think you had better let her marry Miles Faulkner if she's set upon it."

"I don't see what they are to marry or," here interpolated Joseph Halliday, with a miserable and rueful expression of countenance, that was not perhaps guiltless of a certain cunning assumption.

"No, I daresay you don't," replied old Dane rather crossly. "but then, you see, I do!"

"You will take him back, sir?" cried Geoffrey, eagerly.

"Pooh! pooh!! How can I take him back, you young donkey! when I've just sent him away, and when Trichet is hardly out of the country? I am not such a fool!"

"Then it was that despicable hound!" cried Geoffrey, excitedly.

His uncle laid his finger against his nose and there was a sort of twinkle in his eye. No man on earth, for certain, hated Albert Trichet with a more deadly hatred than he did, but knowing that which he had plotted and arranged, he was the last person in the world who would have given expression to that hatred.

"Albert Trichet is, my dear nephew, a faithful and valued servant. I have a high opinion of Albert Trichet's talents—here is to his prosperous voyage to America," and he raised his glass to his lips, then suddenly, as he set it down again upon the table, his manner changed.

"No, I cannot take Miles Faulkner back, and the hundred and twenty pounds a year he has lost with his place would neither make nor mend him. But I am thinking, Halliday, that we want a manager badly at Lyons, the business there has been very slack lately, that fellow Dupres is no good whatever; he blunders over everything—a foreman has not weight enough either, we want a manager. There's that nice little house outside the town, you know, lying empty, it wouldn't cost much to furnish it up again. If you like to do it up for the young people I'll make Miles manager out there, and will see that he has a sufficient income to keep his wife like a lady upon."

And so this was the great and good news that Geoffrey had brought back in his pocket to Dulcie and Miles on the Saturday night. It will be imagined how joyfully he was welcomed, and with what rapturous thanks he was overwhelmed. No wonder that the four riders started forth with happy faces from the door on Monday morning; three of them at least shone with genuine inward contentment, and the fourth was constrained to mirror back the satisfaction which he had been in-

wake of her husband. But just as they came to within a few lengths of an inconceivable fence The Moor swerved a little, and made as though he would follow another horse, and Angel, with the object of keeping him straight, lifted her whip and struck him.

This was the signal for his rebellion. He took the fence safely indeed, but with a sort of fury, and at a place of his own selection, not hers; and upon alighting at the further side of it, got down his head, shot off wildly at a terrific pace, past Geoffrey, who was hanging back a little to see what had become of him. In short, he fairly bolted, and Angel entirely lost all control over him.

She did not despair for some time of regaining her hold upon him, for he took the next two fences well and easily, but the second one having landed him into a lane, The Moor, with apparently no further ambition to distinguish himself in the field, turned short off to the right, and, leaving the hunt far behind, galloped madly down it in a mingled condition of rage and excitement, which proved far beyond her weakening strength to restrain.

Of that headlong flight, Angel in after-days, remembered but little; fields, trees, houses, flew by her in lightning-like confusion; her brain reeled and whirled with the rush of the air, and with the hopeless bewilderment of her position. Faintly now and then she heard the thud, thud, of another horse behind her, that told her that Geoffrey was probably following her. This was, however, but dimly borne in upon her mind. Only two things, indeed, remained with a vivid consciousness before her—one was her own fast-failing strength, and the other a vague horror of a terrible, impending doom which must inevitably lie before her—the almost certainty of a violent death. Soon, this idea was the only one left in her mind—she saw nothing, heard nothing, thought of nothing else. It seemed to her that her whole life came up again before her—all her childish sins, all her woman's weaknesses, small things passed by and unremembered, of words spoken long ago and forgotten—all stood out with a fearful and supernatural distinctness out of the rush of ever-deepening darkness that seemed to be closing in about her on every side.

She never even saw a tall figure that rose up suddenly before her in the way—never heard the shout of warning in her path, or felt the sudden swerve that carried The Moor right from one side of the road to the other. Then all at once came a shock and a crash! and Angel was shot over The Moor's head right on to the grass by the roadside, and knew, shaken and bruised and battered as she was, that she was alive, and that she was saved!

Rose de Breffour had been leaning upon a stile leading from the field into the road; she was not far from her own little house, and had sauntered out for an afternoon walk. She carried a book in her hands, which she had been reading, although she was not reading it now, and, curiously enough the book was a novel.

It was not usual for her to read novels. She shrank perhaps a little from records of human love and human happiness, since love and happiness were forever forbidden to her. Sometimes, indeed, it gave her a dull, aching pain to dwell on these subjects, so that wisely she seldom opened books of fiction. The book she had been reading to-day, however, was one which holds its undying sway alike over every man and woman to whom English literature is dear. A book so grand, so powerful, and so enthralling that it may well deserve to be reckoned amongst the first, if indeed, not the very first itself, of all the novels of English literature. This book was "Jane Eyre." Rose had just finished it, and as she leant across the stile, with her fingers loosely slipped amongst its pages, she was thinking deeply upon the strong, passionate story of man's rebellious love, of woman's purity and devotion. That love, so cursed and so restrained, so held

him in the puritanic vehemence of his fall, plants both his knees upon the whole force of his weight upon her chest and rolls over the prostrate form stretched before him upon the ground, still the delicate body is crushed, and the woman's life is stamped out, and the noble heart is silenced and stilled for evermore.

She had died so that he might live to forget her! That had been her prayer, and the Great God had heard and granted it. Geoffrey Dane lived, and although he never forgot, yet in process of time he learned to be happy.

During the long weeks of nervous prostration, which for Angel Dane followed upon that terrible day, Geoffrey watched over his suffering wife with all the tenderness of a mother. Half-distracted by his own unutterable grief, he yet learned to silence his own sorrow in order to soothe and comfort her; and when she was strong enough to hear his confession he laid bare all his heart to her, knowing that in Death, Angel would forgive the woman he had loved and who had died to save her.

And so time went on, and the gaping wound, that was such an agony at first, closed up, and became in a fashion healed.

And one day a little Matthew Dane came into this world of trouble and brought a great deal of happiness and pleasure along with him, not only to his parents, but to a certain grim, old gentleman, now well stricken in years, who has taken to read his Bible and repenting him of his sins, since the death of his wife and his own fast-failing health.

In truth, since the day that he broke the sad news to his partners and clerks that poor Albert Trichet had died of swamp fever in South America, the old tyrant had never been quite himself again. Conscience sometimes wakes up in an unaccountable fashion; and now and then, although human justice fails to detect a crime, the sinner himself is brought to a due sense of it by gentler and more merciful methods.

Geoffrey and Angel live with this old man now in the great house in Cromwell Road, and Hidden House has been sold again, and strangers sit in the long, low library where Geoffrey Dane once long ago told his love in the gloaming hour to the beautiful woman who loved him, but who could never become his own.

So the book was turned over, and life went on the same, only that—as she had said—across that folded page the hand of One who is more mighty and knows better than we, His puppets, had written in indelible letters the one sad word "Never."

The End.

#### ANTI-EPIDEMIC CLUB.

A club is now being formed in Paris, the members of which swear never to shake hands with any one unless they are wearing gloves. Many members of the aristocracy have shown their willingness to support the organization, and a fine is to be imposed upon all members who are caught shaking hands without gloves. The formation of this curious club is undoubtedly the outcome of a recent discussion in a French medical journal. This paper endeavored to show that disease has occasionally been contracted by shaking hands without gloves.

#### LOVE'S PROTESTATIONS.

Marie, reading letter—To please you I would traverse oceans. Oh, the brave fellow!

P. S.—I am coming to see you to-morrow if it doesn't rain.

#### TONSILLITIS' CONTAGIOUS.

In the Altona, Hamburg, Hospital all cases of tonsillitis or sore throat are now isolated, since it was discovered that 18 patients in five wards, all on the same corridor, caught a case of sore throat from one patient.

that the justifiable economy poor woman, which compels consider every shilling, is quite different affair from the mean the rich one. There is a class men, often well born and educated, and without the just for vulgarity in springing from noble origin, whose sole object in to produce an effect by somewhat usual, startling, bizarre. They not to be confused with the whose intention is to provoke please the other sex, and whose full of mystery and seductiveness a caprice that is charming an attracts at first, finally repel certain want of simplicity, however, in keeping with the the robe. The women who lets betray a desire to create sation are those, as a rule, whose nature has not been favorable who seek to obtain an attention otherwise would be denied them, are, however, often women of and this characteristic will in least intelligent and attractive charm and value in the eyes average man. Whatever the however quiet and decorous and fectionable, they will contrive themselves conspicuous by ing at an evening, party with strange fur about their neck, public park in white satin tur white velvet jacket heavily with white fur. This kind of causes passers-by to look at such women, and even turn and make uncomplimentary remarks. No matter, the object has been ed; attention has been arrested the wearer of the white satin may have the good luck to appear the fashion journals. Scarcely disagreeable than this latter the women whose toilets reveal desire to create an impression hood, with which happy period had acquaintance perhaps some years ago. Now, it is true—ble as it may seem—that the women of 40 who have the slender the uniform figure, the indes sort of awkward, even childhood youthfulness of young girls, a man of this type, even if they a few gray hairs amidst their or blonde tresses, can wear a in the way of shapely or un garments without making the ridiculous. But the thick, set, matronly person, who has learned to know herself, and insists upon wearing the infantile of bodice called "bebe," betrays dition of mind which may be in consonance with her style of but which is hardly a matter of gratulation.

#### PHILOSOPHY OF DRESS

In fine, a book rather than ter could be written on this philosophy of dress, for we have said not the woman whose dress betrays the torn actress, or of the type costume is rather an uniform, feminine dress, irresistibly call to the imagination the feeling mistake in sex, or of that dangerous class of all, the whose dress tailor-made or flow what not, defines every line an of her figure, revealing in the suggestive fashion what a pret made of concealing. Even the shabby work-a-day dress of therness, the facsimile of a th other dresses turned out by establishments, is pregnant with als of her courage, her self or the reverse. Walk behind women dressed in tailor-made of precisely the same material and cost, watch the way the age their skirts, observe the n of their shoes and stockings, and all the freshness and delicate simplicity of their petticoats, after this observation, you can no idea of their characters. Least, their tastes. Allow your to great acuteness. Only observ caution and on fundamental pri Because a colored silk petticoat garded at the moment as the tion of fashion, and an impen play of it as the perfection c ners, do not be misled into th



## SS AND CHARACTER.

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Sameness of fashion and the d scope it yields for the display dividuality and originality and and character have lately been ed by a well-known essayist; o doubt, to the superficial ob; who is incapable of penetrat-neath the outward uniformity ans of a thousand insignificant, ost significant, details and avow- his aspect of fashions and modes seem lamentable. But for our- we believe that, if all women row were dressed in the same n, they would manifest individual typical qualities and peculiari- which are as much betrayals and ls as language—more, indeed, for guage often conceals our true ents, our dress scarcely ever

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that its wearer shows better taste than her companion wearing that modest, plain, spotless white petticoat, adorned with the simplest of embroidery, and whose edge is now and again revealed beneath the hem of her dress. And lastly, there is perfection in dress, as in every other kind of decoration, the perfection which is, due, not to the genius of the tailor or dressmaker, but to exquisite taste, to a harmony between the soul and dress of which it is the symbol, and, in addition, it must be conceded, of a well-supplied purse. For true elegance in dress—all those perfect accessories

### MICROBES IN THE BEARD?

**Here's a Doctor Who Has Found a New Home for Them.**

In the earliest and perhaps the best of all "books of Nonsense" the reader was entertained with the embarrassment of a certain "Old man with a beard, who said it is just as I feared"—the apprehension thus realized being that the fowls of the air would build their nests in the tempting thicket of hair which depended from that old man's chin. The beard of real life does not, of course, afford such ample harborage for the feathered race as this. Its invasion and appropriation by "two cocks and a hen," "three larks and a wren," is not really to be feared; yet it may, it appears, have tenants of an infinitely smaller size, but of inversely proportioned powers of mischief.

Dr. Schoull of Tunis has discovered that it is simply a happy hunting ground of bacilli. He has proved it upon the guinea-pig, whom he has inoculated with "the material obtained from beards and moustaches," with results distressing to the guinea-pig and alarming to all those who had been in more or less close contact with the beards and moustaches aforesaid. This is a very disagreeable discovery, and may seriously affect the popularity of a form of facial adornment which has hitherto been regarded as open to no other objection than that it is a nuisance to its wearer when in the act of taking soup.

But what are a few stray shreds of vermicelli compared with a whole army of able-bodied bacilli lying in ambush for their victims, and, what is more, ready to make victims of anybody who happens to come within their range? No wonder Dr. Schoull insists on the thorough disinfection of all beards and moustaches which their wearers refuse to remove. The next step to be taken by the Royal Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis is to require all persons who have been certified as suffering from consumption to be clean shaven, a well-skilled barber being for that purpose added to the staff of each one of the new sanatoria for tuberculosis. Who is to protect the well-skilled barber is a question on which we are not informed, or even as to who is to disinfect him before operating on a patient who has not suffered from consumption. Until, however, some provision is made for this, his "Next, please," will have very ominous sound. Mentally completed, the phrase would run, "Next candidate for tuberculosis."

On the whole, we cannot but hope that the learned Dr. Schoull is mistaken. Perhaps the guinea-pigs who were inoculated with the doctor's "material obtained from beards and moustaches" were ailing to start with the germ from some of those. Or, possibly, the beard itself was really like the old man's in the nonsense rhyme, and a mare had made her nest there, to be afterward found by Dr. Schoull.

## IN MERRY OLD ENGLAND.

### DOINGS OF THE ENGLISH PEOPLE REPORTED BY MAIL.

**Record of the Events Taking Place in the Land of the Rose—Interesting Occurrences.**

The Mayor of Southampton's "Stella" fund now amounts to £6,380.

St. Peter's Presbyterian church, Liverpool, is about to celebrate its jubilee. It has been estimated that steamers are 20 per cent. safer than sailing vessels.

Queen Victoria's annual trips to and from Scotland alone cost her close on £6,250 a year.

It is proposed to institute open air restaurants in London during the summer months.

In the British navy there are at least 150 ships that have seen over a quarter of a century's service.

Annie S. Swas, Mrs. Burnett Smith, was one of those who attended her Majesty's drawing room recently.

Gossips say that Lady Peggy Primrose, now the Countess of Crewe, was bought for two millions sterling by her mother.

Ann Grant, a domestic servant, who recently died in Cambridgeshire at the age of 87 years, has served 71 years in one family.

Admiral Sir Henry Keppel, who at the age of 90 is about to retire from service, has been in the British navy for 75 years.

In six-shilling form Ian Maclaren's most popular book, "Beside the Bonnie Brier Bush," has reached an issue of 50,000 copies.

The most up-to-date fashion in calling followed among smart London bachelors is to employ a commissionaire to leave one's cards.

The William Black Memorial Fund is lagging once more, and an appeal is now made for small sums from the admirers of the deceased novelist.

The Royal Institution of Great Britain, in commemoration of its centenary, has elected as honorary members a number of prominent Americans.

The income of the principal charitable institutions having their headquarters in London amounts to over seven million pounds per annum.

The principal trade of Bradford just now is said to be in mercerized cotton dress goods. A firm there has received an order for mercerizing 160,000 pieces of goods woven in Lancashire.

Many animals in desert regions never have any water except the dew on vegetation. A parrot in the London Zoo is known to have lived fifty-two years without drinking a drop of water.

The London cottage known as "Lalla Rookh" where Tom Moore is said to have written the poem of that name, for which Messrs. Longman paid him £3,000, is shortly to be swept away.

The annual report of the Royal Scottish Hospital, just issued, shows that the ordinary income for the year amounted to £5,884 9s. 2d., and, as the expenditure amounted to £5,922 14s. 11-2d., there is an excess of £38 4s. 11-2d., above the ordinary income. The annual subscriptions amounted to £1,603 15s. 9d., as against £1,542 9s. 9d., last year.

Dr. Jameson, the Transvaal raider, is to enter Parliament.

The oldest university is Oxford, which has twenty-one colleges and five halls.

The most common name for a place in England is Newton, which occurs no fewer than 72 times.

## A BIG ELECTRO-MAGNET.

### IT IS CAPABLE OF EXTRACTING NAILS FROM A PLANK.

**By Means of a German Discovery a Specch of Steel was Easily Removed From the Eyeball of a Patient.**

On the latest things in surgery is an electro-magnet. The magnet at first sight appears to be two cones wound with insulated wire. In order words, the poles of the magnet taper to fine points. With the introduction of an electric current the cores become highly magnetic.

The power of this magnet is almost unbelievable. It will lift 250 pounds of iron, and a handful of nails or bunch of keys dropped within a radius of influence will fly toward it as if propelled from a gun. A row of tacks driven into a pine board, if held within the focus of its attraction, will leap out of the board as if enchanted, and as a destroyer of the mainspring of watches it has no equal.

In surgery, however, the use of this magnet is limited to extraction of steel and iron particles. It has been used so far only in removing iron and steel particles from the eyeball, but its power is so obvious that one cannot doubt that it would be equally useful in removing similar foreign substances from any part of the body.

#### SAVED HIS SIGHT.

The first practical test of the new machine as made a few days ago in a New York hospital upon a man whose eyeball had been perforated by a speck of steel. The man was a metal worker who had been struck by the splinter while working over a lathe. The force of the bit of steel was enough to cut the outer envelope of the eye and penetrate to the tissues beneath. The bit of steel had worked backward until it was in a position extremely dangerous to the life of the sensitive organ.

When the patient was brought to the hospital the steel had already worked through the eye into the posterior chamber, where the vitreous fluid is secreted. No surgical implement of ordinary character could have reached it without destroying the sight. It was plainly apparent that it might be removed at once.

The patient was placed upon the operating table and moved within the focus of the machine. The current was turned on the point of the magnet toward the eye, and the table moved slowly toward the centre of its focus.

By an ingenious swivel joint it is possible to move the point of the magnet in any direction. When the patient was within its reach the point of the magnet drew nearer until its influence was readily apparent. The eye began starting from the socket, and the wound where the sliver had entered began to dilate.

Presently, when the eye had almost been withdrawn from the orbit, the bit of steel shot from the wound and flew toward the magnet's pole. Instantly the eye returned to its normal position, the pain subsided, and the operation was complete.

#### NOT SERIOUSLY INJURED.

An examination disclosed that the eye was not ruined, but that instead stood a promising chance for complete recovery. But for the magnet the case would have been hopeless. No other instrument could have been used without destroying the sight altogether.

After a few days more at the hospital the patient will be discharged, and the surgeons are already congratulating themselves upon the success of the



be justifiable economy of the woman, which compels her to wear every shilling, is quite a different affair from the meanness of a man. There is a class of women well born and well educated and without the justification of largity in springing from humankind, whose sole object in dress is to produce an effect by something unstartling, bizarre. They are confused with the coquette, whose intention is to provoke and seduce the other sex, and whose dress, mystery and seductiveness, and whose aim is charming and that is at first, finally repels by a want of simplicity, which is, in keeping with the wearer's robe. The women whose toady desire to create a sensation are those, as a rule, to whom has not been favorable, and seek to obtain an attention which would be denied them. They are, however, often women of fortune, whose characteristic will invest the intelligent and attractive with a value in the eyes of the common man. Whatever the fashion, quiet and decorous and unobtrusive, they will contrive to make themselves conspicuous by appearing in an evening, party with some fur about their neck, or in a park in white satin turban or velvet jacket heavily trimmed with white fur. This kind of costume passes by to look earnestly at women, and even turn round to make uncomplimentary remarks. After the object has been attained, attention has been arrested, and the wearer of the white satin turban has the good luck to appear in the fashion journals. Scarcely less noticeable than this latter class are women whose toilets reveal their intention to create an impression of girlhood with which happy period they quaintance perhaps some thirty years ago. Now, it is true—incredibly it may seem—that there are of 40 who have the slimmest, formed figure, the indescribable of awkward, even charming, ugliness of young girls, and of this type, even if they have gray hairs amidst their black tresses, can wear anything in the way of shapely or unshapely without making themselves conspicuous. But the thick, stout, strongly person, who has never learned to know herself, and who in wearing the infantile style called "bebe," betrays a conceit of mind which may be in precise accordance with her style of dress, which is hardly a matter of contention.

#### PHILOSOPHY OF DRESS.

There is a book rather than a chapter to be written on this philosophy of dress, for we have said nothing of man whose dress betrays her as an actress, or of the type whose dress is rather an uniform than a dress, irresistibly calling up the imagination the feeling of a woman in a sex, or of that most common class of all, the women whose dress is tailor-made or flowing, or of the defines every line and curve of figure, revealing in the most life-like fashion what a pretense is of concealing. Even the neat work-a-day dress of the governess, the facsimile of a thousand dresses turned out by similar dressmakers, is pregnant with avowal of her courage, her self-respect, her reverse. Walk behind two women dressed in tailor-made skirts, and you will find the same material and cut, watch the way they manage their skirts, observe the neatness of their shoes and stockings, and above all, the freshness and delicacy and purity of their petticoats, and if, in observation, you can form an idea of their characters, or, at least, of their tastes, avow yourself of it to yourselves. Only observe with a keen eye, and on fundamental principles, a woman in a colored silk petticoat is at the moment as the perfect fashion, and an immense distance as the perfection of man, and not be misled into thinking

that, however, some provision is made for this, his "Next, please," will have very ominous sound. Mentally completed, the phrase would run, "Next, candidate for tuberculosis." On the whole, we cannot but hope that the learned Dr. Schoull is mistaken. Perhaps the guinea-pigs who were inoculated with the doctor's "material obtained from beards and mustaches" were ailing to start with the germ from some of the beard. Or, possibly, the beard itself was really like the old man's in the nonsense rhyme, and a mare had made her nest there, to be afterward found by Dr. Schoull.

#### A RICH MAN'S SIMPLICITY.

**Built a One Hundred Thousand Dollar Church and Smoked His Pipe in the Kitchen.**

In England the people of the north are much more simple and democratic in their ways, as a rule, than those of the south, who are more affected by London manners. In his book "Lancashire Life of Bishop Fraser," Archdeacon Diggle gives an interesting picture of a north-country giver.

It chanced that soon after Bishop Fraser came into his diocese, he had to consecrate one of the finest churches in South Lancashire. It had been built on the benefaction of a manufacturer, at a cost of a hundred thousand dollars. When the bishop returned from the consecration he was lost in wonder at Lancashire ways; and he thus told his story to the archdeacon:

"I got out at B. station and after a walk of twenty minutes came in sight of the church a mile away. It impressed me with its nobility. I was on my way to the house of Mr. W., the man who had built the church, and I expected to find a fine mansion."

"Can you tell me where Mr. W. lives?" I asked a pedestrian.

"Oh, aye," he answered, "in yon cottage against yon bank."

"Thinking there was some mistake, I went on, and presently overtook a girl in her Sunday attire. To make it plain whom I meant, I said to her:

"Can you tell me where Mr. W. lives—the gentleman who built this church?"

"That's his house," she said, pointing to the same cottage. "I'm going to the consecration."

Still I was sure there must be an error, but made my way to the door of the cottage. An old woman, simply dressed, answered my summons. I dared not ask if Mr. W. was in, and repeated my question:

"Can you tell me where Mr. W. is, who built this church?"

"Oh, you're the bishop, are you?" she said. "He's here—he's been expecting on you. You'll find him in the kitchen."

Ushered into the kitchen, I found an old and fine-looking man seated by the fire, smoking a long churchwarden pipe.

"So you've come, have you?" he said to me. "Nowt like bein' in good time. There'll be a snack o' something when you've done."

"You have done nobly by the district, Mr. W.," I said, grasping the old man by the hand. He returned my hearty squeeze, but seemed surprised.

"Naw, naw," he said. "I made the population here by my mills, so I mun do my duty by them."

It was all a very simple matter to this old manufacturer, who still smoked his pipe by his kitchen fire, and so it seemed to his people as well.

#### 2,000,000 MILES OF WIRES.

There were at the end of 1898 2,029,893 miles of telegraph and telephone lines in use in the world. Of these 187,800 miles are electrical connections with submarine cables, trans-Atlantic, trans-Pacific, etc.; 382,417 miles of lines were for telephones.

the ordinary income for the year amounted to £5,884 9s. 2d., and, as the expenditure amounted to £5,922 14s. 11-2d., there is an excess of £38 4s. 11-2d., above the ordinary income. The annual subscriptions amounted to £1,603 15s. 9d., as against £1,542 9s. 9d., last year.

Dr. Jameson, the Transvaal raider, is to enter Parliament.

The greatest university is Oxford, which has twenty-one colleges and five halls.

The most common name for a place in England is Newton, which occurs no fewer than 72 times.

Sir Henry Wm. Primrose, K. C. B., has been appointed chairman of the Board of Inland Revenue.

It is alleged that of the various Highland representatives in the House of Commons not one can speak Gaelic.

A medical paper estimates that over £50,000 worth of medicine is annually distributed gratis at the English dispensaries.

The sketch of the Queen which sells best in France is one taken on the seashore with a Skye terrier walking beside her.

Rudyard Kipling says that the hardest work he ever did, and the hardest he ever saw done is that of a newspaper office.

Steam omnibus lines are being established between Newcastle and Hull and other cities of northern England. The fares are only a cent per mile.

#### ITS GRAPHITE NOW.

**Lead Pencils in Modern Times Contain No Lead Whatever.**

Once upon a time sticks of lead were used for making marks on paper and wood, and the name has survived, though nowadays all the pencils are filled with graphite, or plumbago, which is simply a form of pure charcoal. This mineral is found in only a few places in the world—in Cumberland, England; along the Laurentian ranges in the Province of Québec, Ticonderoga, in Vermont.

The graphite is taken in the lump from the mines and carried to the reducing mill, where it is ground or pulverized in stamp mills under water. The fine particles of graphite float away with the water through a number of tanks, collecting at the bottom of these reservoirs. It is packed in barrels in the form of dust and sent to the factory, where tens of thousands of lead pencils are turned out every day. The pulverized graphite is so fine that it really is a dust, dingy in color and smooth and oily to the touch. It is divided into various grades of fineness by dividing it on water from one tank to another.

In another series of tanks the German pipeclay, which is mixed with graphite to secure the different grades of pencils from very soft to extra hard, is graded in the same way by floating. The finest clay is mixed with the finest graphite, being ground together between stones, and the hardness of the pencil is secured by increasing the proportion of clay in the mixture.

#### A SMALL FAMILY.

Robbie, asked the visitor, have you any brothers and sisters? No, replied Robbie, I'm all the children we've got.

#### AN ARRANGEMENT.

Say, young feller, I want hire yer to catch me some fish. What'll yer gimme? W'y—w'y, half der fish you catch.

of steel shot from the wound and flew toward the magnet's pole. Instantly the eye returned to its normal position, the pain subsided, and the operation was complete.

#### NOT SERIOUSLY INJURED.

An examination disclosed that the eye was not ruined, but that instead stood a promising chance for complete recovery. But for the magnet the case would have been hopeless. No other instrument could have been used without destroying the sight altogether.

After a few days more at the hospital the patient will be discharged, and the surgeons are already congratulating themselves upon the success of the experiment.

The new instrument is the invention of Dr. Haab, a German surgeon. In dimension it is 22 inches long and 14 in diameter. With a current of fifteen amperes and 110 volts it is capable of drawing an iron or steel fragment through the entire body of the eye.

The instrument is not only valuable in removing substances from the eye, but is equally useful in diagnosing. Frequently, from the nature of the substance in the wound, it is impossible to locate the source of trouble. There are a number of instances where the most minute search has failed to locate the entrance of iron and steel particles, and in cases like this it is only natural that the diagnosis should be at fault. But with particles of steel or iron the magnet will do its work, and at the same time obviate the somewhat perilous use of knives.

#### THE BOTHERSOME FLY.

**The One That Comes in and Skims Around so Gayly Early in the Morning.**

"One swallow may not make a summer, very likely not, but one fly, at this season, can make a heap of trouble. This fly," said Mr. Gozzleby, "is the one that comes into your room to greet you in the early morning, soon after sun-up, but long before you want to get up. He is not satisfied with buzzing up to you and saying 'howdy' once, but with a great excess of politeness or good nature or friendly feeling, or just downright stupidity, for it certainly can't be mere maliciousness—the fly doesn't know enough for that—comes at you again and again. If he goes anywhere else, it is only to return."

"You brush him away drowsily at first, but there's nothing drowsy about the fly; he is up for the day, and he comes around at you again at full speed and lights on you suddenly. Your drowsiness is gone now, and the cold fact is that you try to smash the demoniac fly that got up so early. But say, you may have a good deal more brute strength than the fly, but you are not in it at all with him for sprightliness and when you bring your hand down where he was he is as likely as not calmly walking head down on the ceiling."

"But he does not neglect you; he is back again presently, when you have got comfortably and hopefully settled down, zip! in a skimming flight so close to your ear that you fancy you can feel the wind from his wings, and then he swings round in a graceful loop and lands on your nose. And that's the way he goes, free from care, wide-awake himself, never dreaming that anybody else wants to sleep, just a tearing and raring and prancing around, and lighting on you every now and then at irregular but not infrequent intervals, and keeping everything stirred up, so that sleep is quite out of the question. And at last you give it up and get up an hour or two ahead of your usual time. You are a good deal bigger than the fly, but there are times when the fly gets the better of you."

"One swallow may not make a summer, by one fly may easily make a man swear."

# Did you ever See a Snow Storm in Summer?

We never did; but we have seen the clothing at this time of the year so covered with dandruff that it looked as if it had been out in a regular snow-storm.

No need of this snowstorm.

As the summer sun would melt the falling snow so will

# Ayer's Hair Vigor

melt these flakes of dandruff in the scalp. It goes further than this; it prevents their formation.

It has still other properties: it will restore color to gray hair in just ten times out of every ten cases.

And it does even more: it feeds and nourishes the roots of the hair. Thin hair becomes thick hair; and short hair becomes long hair.

We have a book on the Hair and Scalp. It is yours, for the asking.

If you do not obtain all the benefit you expect from those of the Vigor, write the doctor about it. Probably there is some difficulty with your general system which may be easily removed. Address:

DR. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

## The Napanee Express

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, JULY 28, 1899

### OUR OTTAWA LETTER.

Second thoughts are not always best, as Sir Mackenzie Bowell and his docile following in the Senate will probably discover before they are many sessions older. When the redistribution bill was brought down in the Lower House and its provisions made public, the country was so favorably impressed with its eminently fair character that even the Opposition in the House and their journalistic supporters found it no easy matter to offer effectual criticisms, and in its passage through the Lower House the speeches on the Left were very half-hearted and lacking in evidence of conviction. All this time and even after its introduction into the Senate Sir Mackenzie Bowell was inclined to allow the bill to pass. Extreme partisan as he is, he was compelled to

knew this right well and they made use of the knowledge to bully him into opposing the bill. Even then he did not dare to question the justice of the measure but simply declared that it was unconstitutional to pass such legislation at any time except after the centennial census. As the hon. Minister of Justice very pertinently observed the amendment was certainly

### NOT A COURAGEOUS ONE.

There was no attempt to offer a candid condemnation of the principle of the bill. They evidently dare not do that, but by a side issue sought to accomplish the same purpose. Any old thing was good enough to defeat the measure. It mattered not to the Senate that the present Government was returned to power upon a platform of which the following was a plank:—that by the gerrymander act the electoral divisions for the return of members to the House of Commons have been so made as to prevent a fair expression of the opinion of the country at the general election, and to secure to the party now in power a strength out of all proportion greater than the number of electors supporting them would warrant. To put an end to this abuse to make the House of Commons the fair exponent of public opinion and to preserve the historic continuity of counties, it is desirable that in the formation of electoral divisions county boundaries should be preserved, and that in no case parts of different counties should be put in one electoral division.

### THE ELECTORATE ENDORSED THIS POSITION

at the polls. The redistribution bill defeated in the Senate on Thursday night by a majority of 22 had no other purpose than to redeem that promise and carry out the mandate of the people and that same Senate by the course it has presumed to follow in direct defiance of the people more than justifies another plank in the Liberal platform which declares that:—"The present constitution of the Senate is inconsistent with the Federal principle in our system of Government, and is in other respects defective, as it makes the Senate independent of the people and uncontrolled by the public opinion of the country and should be so amended as to bring it into harmony with the principle of popular government."

It is after all, a question whether the Senate has not done the best thing for the country in throwing out the bill, for such action is so absolutely indefensible, and ultra-partisan, that it has furnished the Government with the strongest argument possible with which to demand the amendment suggested in the above quoted paragraph and embodied in the resolutions now under discussion in the House.

### SEEKING THE UNATTAINABLE.

To allow two whole days to be occupied in the discussion of an abstract motion on Preferential Trade at this period of the session is pretty strong evidence of the anxiety of the Government to give the Opposition every possible latitude in the consideration of matters which they deem of importance. It was the old familiar proposition to petition England to tax her meat and bread stuffs for the benefit of the colonies, and it is a question whether the electorate at large will appreciate the importance of a proposition which has been demonstrated to be impracticable as presented by the Opposition and only workable along the lines already being

## Constipation, Headache, Billousness, Heartburn, Indigestion, Dizziness,

Indicate that your liver  
is out of order. The  
best medicine to rouse  
the liver and cure all  
these ills, is found in

## Hood's Pills

25 cents. Sold by all medicine dealers.

arrangement will be appreciated by those who have experienced the loss which sometimes follows the inadvertent missing of the mail by a few minutes. A yet more up-to-date innovation is the proposed introduction of the automobile as a means of communication between the general post office in Toronto and the branch offices, of which there are over twenty. This step is in the nature of an experiment and if the result is satisfactory it will be introduced elsewhere.

### THE FUTURE OF NEW ONTARIO.

The Ontario and Rainy River Railway which is being projected across the extreme south-west corner of Ontario, will connect the western extremity of the Port Arthur, Duluth and Western line with the eastern terminus of the proposed Winnipeg and South Eastern Railway, and complete a direct chain of railway communication between Winnipeg and Port Arthur, entirely independent of the C. P. R. Other projected lines running north and west from Winnipeg will eventually take the competing line as far west as Edmonton, and then the further continuation across the mountains by way of the Yellow Head Pass and on to the coast will only be a question of time.

It has not been any too easy to satisfy our local legislators, and the general public, of the necessity of such a line, but this has been entirely from the lack of knowledge of the actual resources of the district and its needs for better transportation facilities. Not only will the line serve as rich a gold-bearing territory as exists in Canada,—some say in the world,—but it touches the Atik-okau iron ranges, which have been declared to be the largest iron deposits in the world, it being estimated that in one plot alone of 160 acres, there is 2,000,000 tons of iron in sight. In addition to this there is the copper region in the vicinity of the Shebaddown Lake and when the line strikes the vicinity of Fort Francis it will serve a splendid agricultural district a hundred miles long and of considerable depth, extending along the north bank of the Rainy River, and already dotted with scores of thriving and well-cultivated pioneer farms.

It is no exaggeration to say that there are hundreds of most promising mining propositions throughout that district. The islands of the Lake of the Woods—and they can be numbered by hundreds, are full of gold, etc., and the mainland not only along the shores of the big lake but around Rainy lake, Seine River and their numerous tributaries, prospectors report most promising indications. But capital is required to develop these, and certain conditions must exist before the capital will be attracted. Chief of these conditions is the existence of reasonably good transportation facilities, and

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## Terms

## SHE WAS SAVED

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND  
Restores an Ontario  
to Perfect Health After  
Years of Failures with  
Other Medicines.

No Other Remedy Can  
Effectually Meet the  
of Debilitated, Weak  
Nervous Women.

One of the grandest and most medical triumphs ever given to women is Paine's Celery Compound medicine that has saved thousands of daughters, wives and mothers Dominion.

In cases of debility, weakness, nervousness, irregularities, lack of nerve, impoverished or impure blood, and stomach troubles, Paine's Compound is the only reliable, certain agent for the banishment of debility and the establishment of perfect health.

Mrs. Hopper, of Thornhill, Ont. the many thousands of women who praise Paine's Celery Compound as a blessing to women, says:

"With very great pleasure and gratification I wish to add my testimony has already been said in favor of Celery Compound. For a very long time I suffered from general debility, nervousness and rundown system. Having heard of Paine's Celery Compound I decided to give it a trial, and I am happy to say it has done for me more good than any other medicine. For ten years I doctor myself with other medicines without any good



public, the country was so favorably impressed with its eminently fair character that even the Opposition in the House and their journalistic supporters found it no easy matter to offer effectual criticisms, and in its passage through the Lower House the speeches on the Left were very half-hearted and lacking in evidence of conviction. All this time and even after its introduction into the Senate Sir Mackenzie Bowell was inclined to allow the bill to pass. Extreme partisan as he is, he was compelled to acknowledge the justice of the measure and of the contention that the Liberals might be reasonably expected to take this early opportunity of righting a wrong done them in the acts of 1882 and 1892. It must be admitted also that the fact that this offered a splendid

#### OPPORTUNITY TO GET EVEN

with "the nest of traitors" had considerable influence with the man who was then so treacherously deposed and Sir Mackenzie would have been more than human had it been otherwise. But the possibility of the bill becoming law was too horrible for the Tupper Section of the Opposition; the bare idea took their breath away, for too many of them in the Commons knew right well that its passage would effectually take their political breath away and leave them deadlier than herrings on the next general election battle-field. Sir Mackenzie has been described with brutal frankness by one of his own friends and political associates as, "an honest man, but a weak man; also a vain and lacking in courage." His political associates

strong evidence of the anxiety of the Government to give the Opposition every possible latitude in the consideration of matters which they deem of importance. It was the old familiar proposition to petition England to tax her meat and bread stuffs for the benefit of the colonies; and it is a question whether the electorate at large will appreciate the importance of a proposition which has been demonstrated to be impracticable as presented by the Opposition and only workable along the lines already being followed by the present Administration.

The debate had considerable value however, inasmuch as it gave an opportunity to the Postmaster General to settle once and for all the ridiculous story so persistently vamped up in various forms during the past two years that the Duke of Devonshire made a distinct offer of preferential trade for the colonies at the conference of Colonial Premiers during the Jubilee proceedings of 1897, and that the Canadian Prime Minister refused the proposal, with the remark that Canada did not desire any preference at the hands of the Mother country.

#### A STRAIGHT DENIAL.

This authoritative and unimpeachable evidence is in the shape of a letter from the Duke of Devonshire himself in which he declares in set terms:—"I do not think that in any of my speeches you will find anything to support the view of my opinion on the questions of the policy of granting preferential trade to the colonies which appears to have been held by Sir Charles Tupper. I had no authority to offer to Canada a preference in British markets. (signed) Devonshire."

Both the Duke of Devonshire and Mr. Chamberlain are practical politicians of long standing, and they know perfectly well that public sentiment in Great Britain would not consent to a tax being placed upon meat and bread stuffs as proposed by this class of preferentialists. If such a modification of Britain's fiscal policy is ever to be brought about it will only be after the masses have been "educated" to the situation, as they were sixty years ago, before the Corn Laws were repealed. In the mean time advocates of the preferential policy on the part of England towards her colonies are only fighting the wind.

#### POSTAL REFORMS.

The Postmaster General continues his work of reform in the postal service. The latest improvement which he has undertaken is to provide for compensation to the public for registered mail matter lost in transmission through the mails. Many people have been at a loss to understand the real value of the registered mail service, inasmuch as the registering of a letter did not protect the public against loss if such occurred, but simply guaranteed greater care in the transmission and reduced the probabilities of loss. Although the compensation is limited by the bill to the sum of \$25.00, this sum will probably cover the large proportion of remittances which are made by mail by the general public, and will do much to popularize this branch of the service. Another improvement provided for by the bill is the establishment of a "Late Mail" service similar to that which has been found of great service to the business men in Great Britain, and by which on the payment of a small fee the letter posted after the regular hour of closing the mail at the Post Office may be forwarded in time to catch the mail train. The advantages of such an

mining propositions throughout that district. The islands of the Lake of the Woods—and they can be numbered by hundreds, are full of gold, etc., and the mainland not only along the shores of the big lake but around Rainy lake, Seine River and their numerous tributaries, prospectors report most promising indications. But capital is required to develop these, and certain conditions must exist before the capital will be attracted. Chief of these conditions is the existence of reasonably good transportation facilities, and when that has been provided development will follow of its own accord. The Ontario and Rainy River railway will undoubtedly do very much to supply the deficiency, and there appears to be good hope that, as one result of the recent Legislative tour, money will be forthcoming in the near future to push forward more rapidly the building of the colonization roads. The Legislature of course can only spend such money as the people approve, and the people will only approve when satisfied of the necessity of the expenditure.

It is a big mistake to imagine that money spent in opening up a new section of the country, as for instance this Rainy River section, is alone benefiting the immediate locality concerned. The development of the mines of New Ontario will mean the establishment of hundreds of camps and the settling in that territory of thousands of miners, where now it is all an unpeopled solitude. This means an immediate expenditure of hundreds of thousands of dollars in machinery, and a steady market for the supplies and manufactured goods of the eastern farmer and manufacturer. One part of the country does not prosper without direct benefit to the whole, and he can see but a very short distance in front of him who questions the judicious expenditure of funds in legitimate public works in a section so full of promise simply because he happens to be located a few hundred miles away. If indications are worth anything, the territory lying between the head of Lake Superior and the Manitoban boundary will some day be as rich, prosperous and populous as any section of Canada, and whether that day be hastened or retarded depends almost entirely upon the speed and thoroughness with which transportation facilities are provided. There has been no period in the history of the Empire when British capital is more readily available for safe investment, and New Ontario should be at once placed in a position to compete for its share.

## Children Cry for CASTORIA.

Beautiful Hammocks at  
Pollard's Bookstore.

## CONSUMPTION

never stops because the weather is warm.

Then why stop taking  
**SCOTT'S EMULSION**  
simply because it's summer?  
Keep taking it. It will heal your lungs, and make them strong for another winter.

60c. and \$1.00; all druggists.

health.  
Mrs. Hopper, of Thornhill, Ont., the many thousands of women who the praises of Paine's Celery Compound a blessing to women, says:  
"With very great pleasure and satisfaction I wish to add my testimony to what has already been said in favor of Paine's Celery Compound. For a very long I suffered from general debility, nervousness and rundown system. Having of Paine's Celery Compound I determined to give it a trial, and I am happy to say it has done for me more good than I can express. For ten years I doctored with other medicines without any good result, but after using Paine's Celery Compound I am perfectly restored to health, my digestion is good, and my sleep sweet and sound. Altogether, I am a woman. I always recommend Paine's Celery Compound to my friends."

De worl' is not too po' fer you;  
You gwine ter git yo' fill.  
You dunno what in sto' fer you  
Outside dat grocery bill.

Den cheer up  
En bear up,  
Hit ain't no use ter rear up.  
You dunno what in sto' fer you  
Outside dat grocery bill.

De da'k cloud drifin fum de bil  
De sun done kiss de hill,  
You dunno what in sto' fer you  
Outside dat grocery bill.

Den cheer up  
En bear up,  
Hit ain't no use ter rear up.  
You dunno what in sto' fer you  
Outside dat grocery bill.

#### Size of Golf Balls.

The Marquis of Lorne told a good story at the dinner of the West club. The queen, he said, once in Count Schouvaloff, the Russian ambassador, to try a game of golf at Bal. The Russian did try, but after innumerable misses he turned round to one bystander and said:

"Ach, monsieur, it would be a nice game if the ball was ten times! Now let us go home."

But what he said in Russian to him is not recorded.—London Globe.

#### The Genius and the Mule

The fact that you can make a work in harness constitutes one of the chief differences between a mule and genius.

The ground in the vicinity of the of England is estimated to be worth less than \$10,000,000 per acre. The Pull Mall has changed hands at \$2,500 an acre.

English brook trout grown in the Zealand rivers is now exported to England in cold storage.



## T. & B. MYRTLE CUT

IS THE BEST BECAUSE

It is good, honest, selected Virginia Tobacco all the way. Not this package good and the next bad, but same quality, quantity, and flavor all the time.

## ROBERT LIGHT

Lumber Dealer,

AND MANUFACTURER OF

Doors, Sash,

Blinds, Brackets,

Turned Work,

Mouldings,

and Interior Finish for Buildings.

ORDERS SOLICITED.

Factory, foot of Richard St  
NAPANEE.



# PECIAL MILLINERY SALE

WE ARE ANXIOUS TO CLEAN OUT THIS DEPARTMENT OF ALL SUMMER GOODS AND IF LOW PRICES WILL SELL THEM

HEY ARE YOURS

COME AND SEE WHAT WE ARE DOING.

Terms, Cash.

W. MOWAT & CO.

WAS SAVED !  
PAIN'S CELERY COMPOUND  
restores an Ontario Lady  
to Perfect Health After  
years of Failures with  
Other Medicines.  
Her Remedy Can so Eff-  
ectually Meet the Needs  
of Debilitated, Weak and  
Dyspeptic Women.

One of the grandest and noblest of triumphs ever given to suffering is Paine's Celery Compound, a remedy that has saved thousands of wives and mothers of our time from the ravages of debility, weakness, nervous irregularities, lack of nerve force, indigestion and impure blood, constipation, headache, mach troubles, Paine's Celery Compound is the only reliable, true and permanent agent for the banishment of disease. Mrs. J. L. Joppper, of Thornhill, Ont., one of thousands of women who sing the praises of Paine's Celery Compound as a remedy for women, says: "I have a very great pleasure and satisfaction in adding my testimony to what has already been said in favor of Paine's Celery Compound. For a very long time I suffered from general debility, nervous system, nervous breakdown, nervous run-down system. Having heard of Paine's Celery Compound I determined to try it, and I am happy to say it has done for me more good than I can describe. For ten years I doctored with

A DANGEROUS DRIFT  
Commenting upon the debate in the Canadian Parliament regarding the Alaskan boundary question, the St. James Gazette says today:—"The brisk air of the United States and Canada is conducive to strong words which would never pass the lips of a European statesman until an order to mobilize was on the point of issuing. Nobody thinks of war in connection with the Canadian-American dispute. Yet since it is we who will have to fight if Canada makes a quarrel, we must plead with one of our fellow-subjects to use a quieter style. If Sir Charles Tupper's words mean anything, he desires the presentation of an ultimatum, which could only mean war. Sir Wilfred Laurier, though calmer, was tolerably emphatic. As things are going now, we are drifting to a very serious diplomatic collision with the United States, which Great Britain is earnestly anxious to avoid." The Daily Chronicle says:—"It is easy and obvious to say that war over such an issue is not to be thought of, but the situation has nevertheless its serious elements of danger. We hope sincerely that the Canadians, even if they have an excuse for irritation, will not make things worse by being themselves impracticable. America has some justification in her demands for the Shagwag and Dyea. It is essentially a case for finding a moderate and reasonable formula on both sides." The Daily News admits that both Canada and the United States have good cases, and says:—"It is an intolerable situation, and one which the Americans as a friendly nation should be prepared to deal with in a spirit of give and take. We have a right to expect from them fuller recognition of the importance of the

900 DROPS

**CASTORIA**

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL FITCHER

Pumpkin Seed -  
Aloes -  
Rhubarb -  
Sassa -  
Anise Seed -  
Peppermint -  
Elix Carbonate Soda -  
Warm Seed -  
Clarified Sugar -  
Wintergreen Flavor.

Perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of  
Chas. H. Fletcher  
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old

SEE  
THAT THE  
FAC-SIMILE  
SIGNATURE  
— OF —  
*Chas. H. Fletcher.*  
IS ON THE  
WRAPPER  
OF EVERY  
BOTTLE OF  
**CASTORIA**

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it

per, of Thornhill, Ont., one of thousands of women who sing of Paine's Celery Compound as a women, says:

ery great pleasure and satisfaction to add my testimony to what 'been said in favor of Paine's pound. For a very long time rom general debility, nervous-indown system. Having heard Celery Compound I determined trial, and I am happy to say for me more good than I can 'or ten years I doctored with sines without any good results; ing Paine's Celery Compound tly restored to health, can eat ion is good, and my sleep is sound. Altogether, I am a new I always recommend Paine's pound to my friends."

erl' is not too po' for you; a gwine fer git yo' fill. dunno what in sto' fer you tside dat grocery bill.

Den cheer up En bear up, ain't no use fer rear up. dunno what in sto' fer yes tside dat grocery bill.

a'k cloud driftin fum de blue, sun done kiss de hill, dunno what in sto' fer you tside dat grocery bill.

Den cheer up En bear up, ain't no use fer rear up. dunno what in sto' fer you tside dat grocery bill.

**Size of Golf Balls.**

quies of Lorne told a good golf-t the dinner of the Wembley queen, he said, once induced ovaloff, the Russian embassa- a game of golf at Balmoral, in did try, but after innume- he turned round to one of the and said:

nonsieur, it would be a very if the ball was ten times larger. I go home."

t he said in Russian to himself ted.—London Globe.

**Genius and the Mule.**

t that you can make a mule harness constitutes one of the rences between a mule and a

and in the vicinity of the Bank l is estimated to be worth not \$10,000,000 per acre. Land in has changed hands at \$2,500,000

brook trout grown in the New yers is now exported back to a cold storage.


memoratives impracticable. America has some justification in her demands anent Shagunay and Dyea. It is essentially a case for finding a moderate and reasonable formula on both sides."

The Daily News admits that both Canada and the United States have good cases, and says:—"It is an intolerable situation, and one which the Americans as a friendly nation should be prepared to deal with in a spirit of give and take. We have a right to expect from them fuller recognition of the imperious needs of a great maritime State which finds its access to its own coasts threatened by a foreign claim."

London, Tuesday, July 25.—The Times, commenting on the dispute over the Alaskan boundary question, pays a tribute to Mr. Fairbanks, the head of the American Commission, for his extremely calm and fair-minded utterances. The paper says it sees no reason for gloom or recrimination on either side. It thinks it is decidedly preferable to settle the differences by direct negotiations, but says that in the last resort Great Britain is willing to submit to arbitration, as Canada is clearly prepared to do. It adds that it is altogether incredible that the United States would be unwilling to arbitrate if other means proved ineffectual, and cites the American attitude at The Hague and in the Venezuelan matter in support of its belief that the United States would not refuse arbitration.

## RHEUMATISM

CAN BE CURED



### Dr. Hall's Rheumatic CURE

Will Cure any Form of Rheumatism

DR. L. R. HALL, NEW YORK.

**FOUR POINTS IN ITS FAVOR:**

- FIRST—QUICKEST TO CURE
- SECOND—SAFEST TO TAKE
- THIRD—MOST HIGHLY ENDORSED
- FOURTH—CHEAPEST TO BUY

One bottle contains ten days' treatment

**IN BIG BOTTLES, 50 CENTS.**

THE DR. HALL MEDICINE CO.

Canadian Agency, - Kingston, Ont.

**FOR SALE AT ALL DRUGGISTS**

  
**Fleming's Seed**  
 Certified Super  
 Wholesome Flavor.

**Perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.**

Fac Simile Signature of  
*Chas. H. Fletcher.*  
**NEW YORK.**

**At 6 months old**  
**35 Doses - 35 CENTS**

**EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER,**

## BOTTLE OF CASTORIA

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose." See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

The fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* is on every wrapper.

Present appearances are that Great Britain will have her own way at the peace conference or break it up.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Some pessimists profess to believe that the peace conference will be followed by a big boom in the gun trade.—Pittsburg News.

The indications are that The Hague peace congress will finally resolve that "peace is a good thing" and then adjourn.—Kansas City Times.

Those secret proceedings at The Hague ooze out with the same case as the details of an executive session of the United States senate.—Washington Post.

**Ruins His Dignity.**

Mrs. Stiles—I shall never invite Mr. Funniman to dinner again.

Mr. Stiles—Why not? He is a very entertaining chap.

Mrs. Stiles—That's just it. He tells such funny stories that he makes the butler laugh.—Harper's Bazar.

Costa Rica means the rich coast, and in most respects it is rich, particularly in the snake family, the most deadly of which is the deadly eulebra de sangre (or blood snake).

### A CARD.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a twenty-five cent bottle of Dr. Wills' English Pills, if, after using three-fourths of contents of bottle, they do not relieve Constipation and Headache. We also warrant that four bottles will permanently cure the most obstinate case of Constipation. Satisfaction or no pay when Wills' English Pills are used. W. S. Dator, T. A. Huffman, A. W. Grange & Bro., Napanee.

"You know all about shaving glasses of course," said a naval store operator the other day, "but I'll bet you never heard of glass shaving. I was visiting a turpentine farm up the country once and decided to stay over Sunday with the overseer. I was suffering for a shave, but there was no razor in the shanty, and greatly to my surprise the negro cook volunteered to do the job with a piece of glass. I was assured it was all right and told him to go ahead. So he proceeded to smash a pint flask and selected six or eight irregular fragments with very sharp edges. He then lathered me thoroughly and gave me one of the cleanest, pleasantest shaves I ever had in my life, using nothing but those scraps of glass. The cutting surface on each piece was not over half an inch long, but it worked to a charm. I'll never go hairy hereafter if I am in a region where they have bottles."

**The Umbrella.**

The umbrella is of very ancient origin. It is found in designs on Greek and Etruscan vases and is traced back to ancient Egypt, the mother of arts. Its first use was undoubtedly to protect from the burning rays of the tropical sun. Its Latin derivation is from umbra, a shade. The English got the umbrella from France, and the first man who carried this rain protector in England was Joseph Hanway, who began the practice when a young man and continued it until his death, in 1784. Hanway was famous in his day as a philanthropist, but he is remembered now quite as much for his persistence in carrying an umbrella and beating down the prejudice against the use of it as for any of his purely beneficent deeds.—John Gilmer Speed in Woman's Home Companion.



## A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF FANS FOR THE HOT WEATHER FROM 15 CENTS UP.

A few superior HAMMOCKS for sale Cheap.

# ... AT POLLARD'S BOOKSTORE ...

### SPALDING'S LEAGUE BASE BALL, \$1.50 EACH.

SAME AS USED IN LEAGUE MATCHES.

BASE BALL MITTS, CHEAP AND DURABLE.

## Wagons, Carts, Rubber Balls, Etc, Etc.

Sheldon's Works—"In His Steps, Etc., Etc., at 15c each—full binding in red cloth.



# GREAT JULY AND AUGUST CLEARING SALE

Saturday morning we commence an immense clearing sale in every department of the store. Our plan is the quick reduction of all summer goods. In many instances goods will be marked at prices away below anything ever attempted in Napanee. With a stock of over \$12,000 of the very highest grade goods consisting of

**STAPLE and FANCY DRY GOODS,  
BOOTS and SHOES, READY-MADE  
CLOTHING and MEN'S FURNISH-  
ING GOODS**

to make your selection from. This sale certainly offers inducements too tempting to ignore. This is an opportunity that should not be missed, as the prices we are making during this great clearing sale means a saving of dollars to the people of Napanee and vicinity.

## J. J. KERR

Dundas Street, Napanee.

## NEW PLANING MILL AND LUMBER YARD.

Now in full operation. All kinds Lumber, Sash, Doors and Blinds. Custom work done on shortest notice. Get our prices before buying. Mr. Embury is prepared to draw plans for parties wanting them.

## Embury & Madole.

## SPECIAL CHINAWARE VALUES!

China ware is having a specially busy time of it. We have just received a new supply of Dinner Sets and Toilet Sets, at very low prices. Call and see our stock.

## W. COXALL

**THE - DOMINION - BANK**

CAPITAL (Paid up) \$1,500,000  
RESERVE FUND — \$1,500,000

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS  
TRANSACTION.  
INTEREST ALLOWED AT HIGHEST  
CURRENT RATES.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT  
DEPOSITS OF \$1.00 AND UPWARDS  
RECEIVED.

**L. O. & B. of Q. Sbt. Co. "Limited"**

**DESERONTO, PICTON, KINGSTON**

**Steamer Hero** (commencing June 12th) will leave Deseronto on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 7.40 a. m. for Picton, Kingston and intermediate ports. For BELLEVILLE on Tuesdays and Thursdays at 8.45 p. m. Steamer leaves KINGSTON daily (Sunday excepted) at 3 p. m. for bay ports.

**DESERONTO, ROCHESTER, N.Y., KINGSTON, AND 1000 ISLANDS**

### MACKEREL SCARED BY WARSHIPS.

#### Theory of the Fish's Disappearance by an Old Fisherman.

Of late years mackerel have not been seen off the eastern coast of Maine. One explanation was given by a prominent fisherman, of Southwest Harbor, who said:

"We used to catch mackerel by the thousands down our way years ago, but the warships scared them away. You know they run in schools, and once they get scared from a certain locality they never again run that way. That's the only reason I can find as to why they don't come our way nowadays."

Less is known about mackerel than of any other of our common food fish. It is known that the fish migrate northward in the spring and southward in the autumn, and that they come from some unknown place that is secret to all of our experts.

In May an enormous school strikes the coast of Yarmouth, N. S. This school evidently is separate from the southern army that advances from the southern coast. From the size and general character of the mackerel off the Yarmouth coast it is believed that, as they have no connection whatever with the great schools from the south, they must come from out of the deep sea to the east. When the southern schools have advanced as far as Nantucket, they suddenly disappear, leaving no trace behind them. Then the veteran mackerel fishermen pick up their traps and repair to the bays indenting the Massachusetts coast, for it is there the mackerel will next appear, where they stay in more or less numbers until well into August.

The roving habit of the mackerel is thus shown. Besides these general movements, they have certain erratic habits that confound the fishermen and experts. They disappear from one place and reappear in the strangest manner. There is no accounting for these movements any more than there is in explaining their migrations. Old fishermen who have grown gray in the work say that the mackerel are the most mystifying of all our salt water fish. They have learned to read the signs of their coming and going, but they cannot explain them, nor can they account for their habits. They pursue them with a sort of intuition. One may be a good fisherman of other denizens of the deep in a short time, but to capture mackerel large experience is required.



The W. While exploding d. destruc it, ev says " though strong It mus a we: som When who h ward appeara sound and stron ly falls a prey t his friends excla

we thought he was all right: have had a weak spot somewhere

The fact is, almost everyb weak spot somewhere. Death ease are always looking for w If your stomach or your liver its proper work, if your bod get its full nourishment from you eat, and your brain loses p sleep it ought to have, no matte your frame and muscular your l be, you will give out; disease wi weak spot, and nature will giv

"I wish to say to the world that Golden Medical Discovery has pro blessing to me as I firmly believe I s a very bad state now if I had not take Mrs. Ellen E. Bacon, of Shutesbur Co., Mass., in a courteous commu Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y. September 1897, I had doctored for 1 trouble for several years, going throo of treatment without any real benef tember 1896, I had very sick spells worse; could eat but little. I cou September 1897, to take Dr. Pierce and in a short time I could eat an have gained twenty pounds in two m

This glorious "Discovery" stomach and liver power to do ural work regularly and compl makes healthy blood and stea It builds up the weak spots s strong. It is the only medi can be relied upon to accom promptly and thoroughly.

Constipation is nine times in ten ning and one of the first symptoms of diseases. When this tendency is 1 Pierce's Pleasant Pellets should be 1 junction with the "Discovery."

The Eastern Methodist Ch given over \$250, and Odessa \$9 St. James' Church relief fund, The fund now reaches over \$130, Hood's Pills are gentle, yet eff

## County of Lennox and Addington

### Treasurer's Sale of Lands for Tax

COUNTY OF LENNOX & ADDINGTON, } BY VIRTUE OF A WARRANT unde  
TO WIT: of the Warden and the Seal of the County  
and Addington, bearing date the 10th day  
1899, and to me directed, commanding me to levy upon the lands mentioned  
lowing list for arrears of taxes due thereon and the costs as therein set forth

I hereby give notice that unless the said arrears and costs are so shall proceed to sell the said lands, or so much thereof as may be necessary fo and costs, at the Court House, in the Town of Napanee, by Public Auction DAY, THE (TWENTY-FOURTH) 24th DAY OF OCTOBER (AND THE F ING DAY IF NECESSARY) in the present year 1899, beginning at the l o'clock in the forenoon, in compliance with the provisions of the Assessment.

The public will please remember that this is a Strictly Cash Sale cheques will not be taken in settlement of purchase unless accepted by the which they are drawn.

#### TOWNSHIP OF CAMDEN.

DESCRIPTION OF LOT.	CON.	ACRES	YEARS DUE.	TAXES.	EXPEN-SES.	TOTAL.
South East 1/4 lot 2	3	50	Three years or over	\$30 55	\$3 83	\$34 38
South West 1/4 lot 3	3	50	..	16 92	3 50	20 42
South East 1/4 lot 5	4	..	..	6 41	3 25	9 66
Lots 42, 50, and 51.	5	400	..	4 39	9 32	13 71
Lots 50 and 51	6	400	..	14 80	6 50	21 30
South 1/4 lot 24	9	..	..	12 41	3 38	15 79

#### VILLAGE OF YARKER, TOWNSHIP OF CAM

Lot No. 42	1	1	Three years or over	\$ 2 37	\$ 3 25	\$ 5 62
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CAPITAL (Paid up) \$1,500,000  
RESERVE FUND \$1,500,000  
GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS  
TRANSACTIONED.  
INTEREST ALLOWED AT HIGHEST  
CURRENT RATES.  
SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT  
DEPOSITS OF \$1.00 AND UPWARDS  
RECEIVED.

T. S. HILL, Agent.

THE - MERCHANTS - BANK  
OF CANADA

Head Office; — Montreal  
Capital paid up, \$6,000,000  
Surplus, \$3,000,000

INTEREST AT CURRENT RATES  
PAID ON DEPOSITS.  
A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS  
TRANSACTIONED.

W. A. BELLHOUSE,  
Manager, Napanee Branch

A. S. ASHLEY,  
.....DENTIST.....

40 YEARS EXPERIENCE  
12 YEARS IN NAPANEE.  
4 Rooms above Mowat's Dry Goods  
Store, Napanee.

THE ROYAL HOTEL.  
Dundas Street, Napanee.  
H. HUNTER, Prop.

This commodious hotel is centrally situated  
having every convenience for the travelling and  
business public. Large yard and sheds for  
farmers.  
Good table, best of wines liquors, and cigars  
The comfort of guests is made a first con-  
sideration.

R. A. LEONARD, M.D., C.P.S.  
Physician, Surgeon, etc.

Late House Surgeon of the Kingston General  
Hospital.  
Office—North side of Dundas Street, between  
West and Robert Streets, Napanee. 5:15

HERRINGTON & WARNER  
Barristers, etc.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOW RATES  
Office—Warner Block, East-st, Napanee. 57

DEROCHE & MADIEN  
Barristers,

Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Con-  
veyancers, Notaries Public, etc.  
Office—Grange block.  
Money to loan at "lower than the lowest" rates  
H. M. DEROCHE, Q. C. 5:15 J. H. MADDEN

JAS. AYLESWORTH,  
POLICE MAGISTRATE for the Provincial  
Electoral District of Addington.

Conveyancer,  
G. T. Ry. Ticket Agent,  
Issuer of Marriage Licenses,  
Commissioner, etc., in H.C.J  
Clerk, 7th Division Court. of the  
County of Lennox & Addington  
TAMWORTH.

DENTISTS  
C. D. WARTMAN, L.D.S.  
C. H. WARTMAN, D.D.S.  
Graduates of the Royal College of Dental Sur-  
geons of Ontario, and graduate of Toron-  
to University.

OFFICE—LEONARD BLOCK.  
Visits made to Tamworth the first Mon-  
day in each month, remaining over Tuesday.  
Room at Wheeler's Hotel.  
All other Monday C. D. Wartman will be in  
Yaker  
Napanee office open every day.

DESERONTO, PICTON, KINGSTON  
Steamer Hero—(commencing June 12th)  
will leave Deseronto on  
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 7.40 a.m.  
for Picton, Kingston and intermediate ports.  
For BELLEVILLE on Tuesdays and Thursdays  
at 8.45 p.m.  
Steamer leaves KINGSTON daily (Sunday  
excepted) at 3 p.m. for bay ports.

DESERONTO, ROCHESTER, N.Y., KINGSTON,  
AND 1000 ISLANDS

Steamer "North King"— Commencing  
June 18th,  
will leave Deseronto for Charlotte, N. Y., (Port  
of Rochester) on Sunday at 10.30 p.m., arr.  
Charlotte 7.00 a.m. Monday.  
For Kingston and 1000 Islands on Sundays  
commencing 18th June at 5.00 a.m.  
Right reserved to change time without notice  
H. H. GILDERSLEEVE, Manager  
Kingston.  
RATABUN COY, Agents, Deseronto. 27

FARMERS ATTENTION.

Insure your property in the Lennox and  
Addington Mutual Fire Insurance Company.  
Because it is a Home Company.  
Because it is a Safe Company.  
Because it is the cheapest and best.  
Because it affords the most liberal policies to  
patrons.  
Because it insures only (isolated) non-haz-  
ardous risks, as farm property, county churches  
halls and school houses.  
Because it is the Farmer's Company managed  
by Farmers in the interest of farmers of the  
Counties of Lennox and Addington, Hastings  
Frontenac, Lanark and Leeds  
Officers—B. C. Lloyd, President; I. F. Ayles-  
worth, Vice-President; Stewart L. Daly, Treas-  
urer, Directors—A. C. Parks, B. C. Lloyd, U. C. Sills,  
J. B. Aylsworth, W. R. Longmore, I. F. Ayles-  
worth, Honorary Directors—Jas. Reid, M.P.P., A. H.  
Baker, A. V. Price, C. R. Allison, Wm. Charters,  
W. W. Meacham, C. W. Neville, D. C. Forward,  
D. W. Allison, F. B. Guess, James Knapp, John  
Turcott, Thos. J. Donohoe, Peter F. Carscallen,  
Daniel Schermerhorn, Thos. V. Sexsmith, James  
Murphy, James Clare, Henry Irwin. The board  
meets at the Secretary's office on the first  
Saturday of every month at one p.m.  
N. A. Caton, Napanee,  
Thos. B. Wilson, Newburgh Agents  
Enoch Goodwin, Kingston.  
M. C. BOGART, Sec'y.

EPPE'S COCOA

GRATEFUL COMFORTING  
Distinguished everywhere for  
Delicacy of Flavour, Superior  
Quality, and Nutritive Prop-  
erties. Specially grateful and  
comforting to the nervous and  
dyspeptic. Sold only in 1/2-lb.  
tins, labelled JAMES EPPE &  
Co., Ltd., Homeopathic Chem-  
ists, London, England.

BREAKFAST SUPPER  
EPPE'S COCOA

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In Her Majesty's Surrogate Court of the  
County of Lennox and Addington, in the estate  
of  
Margaret Ann Fletcher,  
deceased.  
Notice is hereby given pursuant to R. S. O.,  
Chap. 129, Sec. 34, that all persons having any  
claims or demands against or any lien upon the  
estate or any portion of the estate of Margaret  
Ann Fletcher, late of the Township of Camden,  
County of Lennox and Addington, Spinster, de-  
ceased, are required on or before the

20th day of AUGUST, A.D., 1899,  
to send by post prepaid or deliver to the under-  
signed executors or their solicitors a statement  
in writing containing their names, addresses  
and occupations, and full particulars of their  
claims with vouchers (if any) held by them  
 duly verified by Statutory Declaration.  
And further notice is hereby given that after  
such last mentioned date the said executors will  
proceed to distribute the assets of the said  
deceased among the parties entitled thereto,  
having regard only to the claims of which they  
shall then have notice and the said executors  
shall then be liable for the said assets or any  
part thereof to any person or persons of whose  
claim notice shall not have been received by  
them as aforesaid at the time of such distribu-  
tion.  
FRANKLIN S. WARTMAN,  
AUGUSTUS COLEMAN WARNER,  
Executors.  
HERRINGTON & WARNER,  
Solicitors for Executors. 291

DESCRIPTION OF LOT.	CON.	ACRES	YEARS DUE.	TAXES.	RES.	TOTAL.
South East 1/2 lot 2	3	50	Three years or over	\$30 55	\$3 83	\$34 38
South West 1/2 lot 3	3	50	..	16 92	3 50	20 42
South East 1/2 lot 5	4	..	..	6 41	3 25	9 66
Lots 42, 50, and 51	5	400	..	4 39	9 32	13 71
Lots 50 and 51	6	400	..	14 80	6 50	21 30
South 1/2 lot 24	9	..	..	12 41	3 38	15 79

VILLAGE OF YARKER, TOWNSHIP OF CAM

Lot No. 42	1	1/4	Three years or over	\$ 2 37	\$ 3 25	\$ 5 62
Lot No. 47	1	1/4	..	4 39	3 25	7 64

TOWNSHIP OF DENBIGH.

Lot No. 19	2	100	Three years or over	\$ 7 27	\$3 25	\$10 52
Lots No. 13 & 14	3	198	..	45 62	7 28	52 90
Lot No. 34	9	100	..	25 89	3 72	29 61
Lots No. 32 & 33	16	..	..	34 29	7 00	41 29
Lot No. 15	4	..	..	20 22	3 58	23 80
Lot No. 31	10	100	..	13 12	3 40	16 52
Lot No. 17	12	..	..	9 15	3 30	12 45

TOWNSHIP OF KALADAR.

S. W. 1/4 of lot 17 and S. W. 1/4 of lot 18)	1	108	Three years or over	\$30 51	\$6 90	\$37 41
South 1/2 of lot 9	1	100	..	9 52	3 29	12 81
Lot No. 25	6	148	..	26 88	3 75	30 63
Lot No. 29	6	149	..	23 88	3 67	27 55
Lot No. 10	8	200	..	25 73	3 72	29 45
Pt. of lot No. 11 grant- ed to J. B. Campbell)	8	88	..	12 09	3 40	16 49
West 1/2 of lot No. 1	10	100	..	24 49	3 68	28 17
West 1/2 of lot No. 6	11	100	..	13 30	3 40	16 70
South 1/2 of lot No. 9	6	100	..	8 48	3 28	11 76
North 1/2 of lot No. 9	6	100	..	8 01	3 27	11 28
West 1/2 of lot 21 & 22	6	75	..	18 15	6 60	24 75
Lot No 3 & 1/2 lot No 1	6	300	..	18 15	6 60	24 75
Lot No. 7	6	160	..	16 85	3 49	20 34
.. 2	1	200	..	22 69	3 64	26 33
.. 13	3	200	..	36 78	4 00	40 78
.. 7	2	200	..	14 39	3 43	17 82
.. 2	9	200	..	13 71	3 41	17 12
.. 6	7	200	..	9 99	3 32	13 31

VILLAGE OF NEWBURGH.

Lot No. 8 n s Water st	1	1/4	Three years or over	\$ 7 99	\$3 27	\$11 26
Lot No. 4 s s Grove st	1	1/4	..	10 23	3 33	13 56
Lot No. 24 Con. st. and lot No 25 n s Grove st known as T. E. Pom- ero estate	1	1/4	..	21 59	6 68	28 27

TOWNSHIP OF SHEFFIELD.

West pt. of lot No. 20	5	125	Three years or over	\$16 82	\$3 50	\$20 32
South 1/2 of lot No. 29	5	100	..	14 53	3 44	17 97
East 1/2 of lot No. 27	6	100	..	5 27	3 25	8 52
West 1/2 of lot No. 28	8	100	..	4 37	3 25	7 62
West 1/2 of lot No. 19	8	100	..	6 32	3 25	9 57
West 1/2 of lot No. 7	13	100	..	4 97	3 25	8 22
North 1/2 of lot No. 9	15	100	..	10 35	3 34	13 69
East 1/2 of lot No. 21	4	100	..	11 29	3 36	14 65
East 1/2 of lot No. 22	4	100	..	11 29	3 36	14 65
East 1/2 of lot No. 23	4	100	..	11 29	3 36	14 65
Lot No. 30	5	100	..	10 82	3 35	14 17
West 1/2 of lot No. 26	6	100	..	3 96	3 25	7 21
East 1/2 of lot No. 26	8	100	..	11 19	3 36	14 55
S. W. 1/4 of lot No. 26	8	50	..	3 77	3 25	7 02
Lot No. 27	8	200	..	6 25	3 25	9 50
S. E. 1/4 of lot No. 17	8	50	..	6 23	3 25	9 48
South 1/2 of lot No. 8	13	100	..	13 44	3 42	16 86
Lot No. 17	13	200	..	10 25	3 34	13 59
Lot No. 11 Block 4	15	200	..	7 81	3 27	11 08
Lot No. 20	15	200	..	7 81	3 27	11 08
Lot No. 22	15	200	..	7 81	3 27	11 08
Lot No. 23	15	200	..	7 81	3 27	11 08

TOWNSHIP OF SHEFFIELD, VILLAGE OF WORTH.

Lot No. 9 Block Z	1	1/4	Three years or over	\$ 8 61	\$3 30	\$11 91
Lot No. 10 Block Z	1	1/4	..	8 61	3 30	11 91
Lot No. 11 Block 4	1	1/4	..	35 18	3 96	39 14
Lot No. 7 Block 8	1	1/4	..	15 36	3 46	18 82
Lot No. 8 Block 8	1	1/4	..	22 18	3 63	25 81
Lot No. 3 Block 4	1	1/4	..	7 14	3 26	10 40

IRVINE PARKS,  
Treasurer County of Lennox and A

County Treasurer's office  
Napanee, July 21st, 1899.  
First published in THE NAPANEE EXPRESS, at Napanee, in the County  
and Addington, on July 21st, 1899.





AXES.	EXPEN- SES.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
10 55	\$3 83	\$34 38	patented.
16 92	3 50	20 42	"
6 41	3 25	9 66	"
4 30	9 32	13 71	"
4 80	6 50	21 30	"
2 41	3 38	15 79	"

### SHIP OF CAMDEN.

2 37	\$ 3 25	\$ 5 62	Patented.
4 39	3 25	7 64	"

### NBIGH.

7 27	\$3 25	\$10 52	Patented
5 62	7 28	52 90	"
5 89	3 72	29 61	"
14 29	7 00	41 29	"
10 22	3 58	23 80	Not patented
3 12	3 40	16 52	"
9 15	3 30	12 45	"

### LADAR.

10 51	\$6 90	\$37 41	Patented
9 52	3 29	12 81	"
3 88	3 75	30 63	"
6 88	3 67	27 55	"
5 73	3 72	29 45	"
2 09	3 40	16 49	"
4 49	3 68	28 17	"
3 30	3 40	16 70	"
8 48	3 28	11 76	"
8 01	3 27	11 28	"
8 15	6 60	24 75	"
8 15	6 60	24 75	"
6 85	3 49	20 34	"
2 69	3 64	26 33	Not patented
6 78	4 00	40 78	"
4 39	3 43	17 82	"
3 71	3 41	17 12	"
9 99	3 32	13 31	"

### BURGH.

7 99	\$3 27	\$11 26	Patented
0 23	3 33	13 56	"
1 59	6 68	28 27	"

### FIELD.

6 82	\$3 50	\$20 32	Patented
4 53	3 44	17 97	"
5 27	3 25	8 52	"
4 37	3 25	7 62	"
6 32	3 25	9 57	"
4 97	3 25	8 22	"
0 35	3 34	13 69	"
1 29	3 36	14 65	Not patented
1 29	3 36	14 65	"
1 29	3 36	14 65	"
0 82	3 35	14 17	"
3 96	3 25	7 21	"
1 19	3 36	14 55	"
3 77	3 25	7 02	"
6 25	3 25	9 50	"
6 23	3 25	9 48	"
3 44	3 42	16 86	"
0 25	3 34	13 59	"
7 81	3 27	11 08	"
7 81	3 27	11 08	"
7 81	3 27	11 08	"

### LLAGE OF TAM.

8 61	\$3 30	\$11 91	Patented.
8 61	3 30	11 91	"
5 18	3 96	39 14	"
5 36	3 46	18 82	"
2 18	3 63	25 81	"
7 14	3 26	10 40	"

### NE PARKS,

ounty of Lennox and Addington.

ancee, in the County of Lennox

the bees. It is well to remember that combs cost the bees about 10 pounds of honey for every pound of comb. This explains why the business of foundation making has assumed such proportions. The proper use of comb foundations not only saves a great deal of labor and time to the bees, but it also secures straight combs in the frames and largely does away with the overproduction of drone comb.—St. Louis Republic.

### THE ROYAL BOX.

The Duke of Cambridge is the oldest member of the English royal family, being two months older than Queen Victoria. The Prince of Wales' injured kneecap is now perfectly cured, and the prince has recently taken again to his favorite pastime of bicycling. Ex-Queen Natalie of Servia is writing an autobiographical novel in which her family troubles are to be given to the world in the guise of fiction. Queen Victoria highly prized an ivory handled umbrella given her long ago by the prince consort. The other day she dropped it from her carriage and the handle was broken into a thousand pieces.

The czar's peace message was largely due to the influence of a book. He read the novel "Lay Down Your Arms," by the Baroness von Suttner, which has been translated into most languages, and was so struck with the moral therein painted that he set to work to think what he could do in the cause of peace.

### UP TO DATE SCIENCE.

The horseless carriage cannot begin to come up to the tailless kite.—Boston Transcript. Tesla says he can signal to Mars. So can we, but the trouble is that Mars won't signal back.—Louisville Post. A Missouri physician claims to have found the elixir of life in a goat. The elderly runder will be more than ever glad to get fuller than a goat.—Minneapolis Journal.

One can imagine the consternation of Ponce de Leon et al. if they happen to look over the gold bar of heaven and see mortals grappling for eternal youth with goat lymph and a hypodermic syringe.—St. Paul Pioneer-Press. A mathematical machine for speculating in stocks has just been invented. Having no emotions and being impervious to choice tips, it is supposed to be considerably smarter than the average lamb.

*"Every Well Man Hath His Ill Day."*  
A doctor's examination might show that kidneys, liver and stomach are normal, but the doctor cannot analyze the blood upon which these organs depend.

Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies, vitalizes and enriches the blood. It cures you when "a bit off" or when seriously afflicted. It never disappoints.

Rheumatism—"I believe Hood's Sarsaparilla has no equal for rheumatism. It has done me more good than any other medicine I have taken." MRS. PATRICK KENNEY, Brampton, Ont.

Bad Cough—"After my long illness, I was very weak and had a bad cough. I could not eat or sleep. Different remedies did not help me but Hood's Sarsaparilla built me up and I am now able to attend to my work." MINNIE JACQUES, Oshawa, Ont.

**Hood's Sarsaparilla**  
Never Disappoints

Hood's Pills cure liver ills; the non-irritating and only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

## Bay of Quinte Railway and Navigation Company

GENERAL PASSENGER TIME TABLE, Eastern Standard Time. No. 13 Taking effect Dec. 2nd, 1895

Tweed and Tamworth to Napanee and Deseronto.						Deseronto and Napanee to Tamworth and Tweed.					
Stations.			Miles			Stations.			Miles		
			No.2						No.1		
			A.M.						A.M.		
			P.M.						P.M.		
Lve	Tweed	.....	3	6 50	3 15	Lve	Deseronto	.....	4	6 50	.....
	Stoco	.....	7	6 58	3 23		Deseronto Junction	.....	9	7 05	.....
	Larkins	.....	13	7 10	3 38	Arr	Napanee	.....	9	7 25	.....
	Maribank	.....	17	7 25	3 55	Lve	Napanee	.....	9	7 45	12 15
	Erinsville	.....	20	7 40	4 10		Napanee Mills	.....	15	8 00	12 30
	Tamworth	.....	24	7 50	4 25		Newburgh	.....	17	8 10	12 38
	Wilson*	.....	26	8 10	4 45		Thomson's Mills*	.....	18	8 20	.....
	Enterprise	.....	31	8 22	4 58	Arr	Camden East	.....	19	8 33	12 45
	Mudlake Bridge*	.....	33	8 35	5 10	Lve	Yarker	.....	23	8 43	.....
Arr	Yarker	.....	35	8 50	5 25		Galbraith	.....	25	9 00	1 00
Lve	Yarker	.....	39	9 13	5 35		Moscow	.....	27	9 15	1 15
	Thomson's Mills	.....	40	9 18	5 40		Mudlake Bridge*	.....	30	9 30	1 30
	Newburgh	.....	41	9 23	5 45		Enterprise	.....	32	9 30	1 30
	Napanee Mills	.....	42	9 33	5 55		Wilson*	.....	34	9 50	1 50
Arr	Napanee	.....	49	9 50	6 10		Tamworth	.....	38	9 50	.....
Lve	Napanee	.....	49	9 50	6 10		Erinsville	.....	41	10 00	.....
	Deseronto Junction	.....	54	.....	6 40		Maribank	.....	45	10 15	.....
Arr	Deseronto	.....	58	.....	7 00		Larkins	.....	51	10 30	.....
							Stoco	.....	55	10 50	.....
							Tweed	.....	58	11 00	.....

Kingston and Sydenham to Napanee and Deseronto.						Deseronto and Napanee to Sydenham and Kingston.					
Stations.			Miles			Stations.			Miles		
			No.2						No.1		
			A.M.						A.M.		
			P.M.						P.M.		
Lve	Kingston	.....	0	.....	4 00	Lve	Deseronto	.....	4	6 50	.....
	G. T. R. Junction	.....	2	.....	4 10		Deseronto Junction	.....	9	7 05	.....
	Glenvale*	.....	10	.....	4 30	Arr	Napanee	.....	9	7 25	.....
	Murvale*	.....	19	.....	4 40	Lve	Napanee	.....	9	7 45	12 00
Arr	Harrowsmith	.....	23	8 00	4 50		Napanee Mills	.....	15	8 00	12 15
Lve	Sydenham	.....	19	8 20	4 50		Newburgh	.....	17	8 10	12 22
	Harrowsmith	.....	22	8 32	5 00		Thomson's Mills*	.....	18	8 15	.....
	Frontenac*	.....	26	8 40	5 10	Arr	Camden East	.....	19	8 30	12 3
Arr	Yarker	.....	26	9 00	5 15	Lve	Yarker	.....	23	8 43	.....
Lve	Yarker	.....	30	9 13	5 25		Galbraith	.....	25	9 00	1 00
	Camden East	.....	31	9 18	5 30	Arr	Frontenac*	.....	27	9 00	1 00
	Thomson's Mills*	.....	32	9 23	5 35		Harrowsmith	.....	30	9 05	.....
	Newburgh	.....	34	9 33	5 45	Lve	Sydenham	.....	34	9 05	.....
Arr	Napanee	.....	40	9 50	6 00		Harrowsmith	.....	30	9 05	.....
Lve	Napanee	.....	40	9 50	6 00		Murvale*	.....	35	9 20	.....
	Deseronto Junction	.....	45	.....	6 30		Glenvale*	.....	39	9 30	.....
Arr	Deseronto	.....	49	.....	6 45	Arr	G. T. R. Junction	.....	47	9 55	.....
							Kingston	.....	49	10 00	.....

R. C. CARTER, Asst. Gen. Manager G. A. BROWNE, Gen. Pass. Agent H. B. SHERWOOD, Superintendent

## SEEING IS BELIEVING

The Bargains we offer are here to be seen. If you have lost confidence in advertisements, you must believe what you can see with your own eyes. If you want to buy Clothing, and buy them cheap, take advantage of our GREAT BARGAINS.

In our new line of seasonable goods quality and styles are pre-eminent and low prices predominate throughout.

There is only one class and that the first in our collection of MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING

Hats, Caps and Men's Furnishing Goods. If you want to buy right, if you want to save money, make our store your trading home.

## A. M. VINEBERG.

The wonderful Cheap Clothier, Dundas St., Henry Block, Napanee

Tommy Knew Where to Put Them. An Atehison mother recently refused her boy permission to learn how to swim. He said nothing to indicate his disappointment, but the next day she found the face of her mirror covered with newspaper clippings showing that if Fred Funston had not learned how to swim he would not now be a brigadier general.

Abreast of the Times. Uncle Josh—Williams, you go and yoke up them two oxen in the best buggy. I'm going to town. William—But, dad, what are you a-going to drive them fer? They ain't done nothin but plow for three years. Uncle Josh—Never you mind about that. You go and hitch 'em up. I may be from the country, but I'm up ter date and if horseless carriages is the style your Uncle Josiah Bilkins ain't goin ter be the last to ride in his automobile.—

"To err is human." but to continue the mistake of neglecting your blood is folly. Keep the blood pure with Hood's Sarsaparilla. The Russian Police. "We have heard much," writes a St. Petersburg correspondent of the Boston Transcript, "of the terrible Russian police. Individually the policemen (godavoi) one sees in the streets are the most amiable looking young fellows in the world, not very powerful in apparent physique, performing the duty of regulating traffic and helping foot passengers in the friendliest and most obliging and painstaking way. They are as unlike as possible to your burly, formal and authoritative London bobby or to the wild men of Borneo who once infested the streets of New York. But they are trained to obey orders, and a despotic prefect may doubtless use them as he will."



# News Summary.

Recent Happenings Briefly Told.

## CANADA.

Geo. Ashdown has been elected Mayor of Modern, Man.

Miss May Smith committed suicide at Stony Mountain, Man.

Pictou has voted to raise \$15,000 for a new electric light plant.

The Gaspesia has been sold in St. John's, Nfld., for salvage expenses.

Robert G. Ingersoll, the well-known free-thinker, died suddenly yesterday.

William Mullen, aged twenty, was drowned in the Thames near London last night.

The losses of the insurance companies by the recent Quebec fire amount to \$59,000.

A returned Klondiker at Montreal says that \$12,000,000 will be taken out of the Yukon this year.

The Manitoba Legislature has defeated the bill allowing Winnipeg to take a Sunday car vote.

J. H. Hall, a well-to-do farmer of Palgrave, committed suicide by shooting himself, near Georgetown, yesterday.

An English boy named Thomas Gray, employed on a ranch near Wapella, Manitoba, accidentally poisoned himself on Saturday.

The Gurney-Tilden and D. Moore & Co. works in Hamilton have given their stove-moulders a 10 per cent. increase in their wages.

The Manitoba Legislature has passed the second reading of the bill to permit Winnipeg to vote on the Sunday street car question.

Crop forecasts which have begun to appear in Manitoba show that wheat is heading out well, and conditions generally are favorable.

The Elder-Dempster Steamship Co., has received the Government contract to carry the mails. Queenstown will be used instead of Moville.

Miss Ada H. Patterson, of the Grady Hospital, Atlanta, Ga., has been appointed lady superintendent of the Winnipeg General Hospital.

Several members of the Dufferin Rifles who failed to attend camp at Niagara are being prosecuted therefor at the Brantford Police Court.

A Cardiff deputation is in Montreal on a visit to Canada to encourage trade with Canada. They will visit Toronto, Ottawa and other cities.

Humphrey Guest, the 78-year-old thief who has spent 42 years in prison, was sentenced to three years in penitentiary at Belleville yesterday.

Mr. John Robinson, principal of Darling street school, Brantford, has resigned his position, to accept a similar one under the Hamilton School Board.

Owing to the difficulty in procuring iron girders and columns, work on the new Grand Trunk general offices in Montreal has been discontinued until next year.

Halifax Board of Trade has asked the Dominion Government to place a whistling buoy at the entrance to Halifax harbour and a lightship off Sambro Island.

As soon as the street railway and railway deals at Hamilton have been completed by the Cataract Company Syndicate, it will turn its attention to the line to Guelph.

The will of W. W. Turnbull, of St. John, N. B., disposes of an estate of \$655,000 personally. St. John will have a home for incurables, to cost \$160,000 out of it.

The Governor-General and Lady Minto have been invited by Carlyle Camp, No. 82, Sons of Scotland, to attend their Caledonian games at Chatham, on Monday Aug. 14.

A gallant railway laborer saved a

elected president of the Wesleyan Conference at London, Eng.

Emperor William will give a cup and other prizes for a handicap race for cruisers during the Cowes yachting week.

It is rumored in London that a battalion of the Scots Guards and a battalion of the Grenadiers have been ordered to the Cape.

Unprecedented heat is prevailing in England, the thermometer registering 87 in the shade. Fatalities have occurred, and sunstrokes are numerous.

The London Electric Cab Co. has dismissed its employees and closed its yard, chiefly in consequence of the difficulty it has had in finding drivers for the vehicles.

Mr. Henry Plunkett-Greene, the well-known baritone, was married in London to Gwendoline, daughter of Sir Hubert Parry, Director of the Royal College of Music.

The Duke of Westminster has presented the 10,000 sovereigns won by Flying Fox on the race for the Eclipse Stakes on Sandown Park on Friday to the Royal Alexandra Hospital at Rhyl.

Deputations from the Obstetrical Society, the Queen's Jubilee Institute and many women's societies will wait on the Duke of Devonshire to urge legislation for the benefit of midwives.

Sir Jas. Vaughan, the well-known Bow street magistrate, announces that he is about to retire, after 35 years' service in the principal London Police Court. Although 85, he is still vigorous.

A London paper says that Emperor William wished to attend the Queen's birthday celebration in England, but the British authorities considered the time inopportune and the Emperor took umbrage.

It is said in London that Parliament will pass the Pacific cable scheme this session if it receives in time the decision of the Australasian Governments on the new proposals made at the recent conference.

In the British House of Commons yesterday Mr. Goschen, First Lord of the Admiralty, stated that the Government would maintain the strength of the navy on an equality with that of the combined French and Russian fleets.

The British naval manoeuvres will involve a test of torpedo-boat destroyers against torpedo boats, and an attempt on the part of a supposed enemy to intercept a convoy of provision ships coming from Canada to Britain.

Hon. Charles Gordon, nephew of the Marquis of Huntley and an officer of the Gordon Highlanders, called at the house of his cousin at 1 o'clock in the morning, and, failing to arouse him, climbed to the roof by clinging to the waterspout. He lost his hold, fell to the ground and was killed.

In recognition of his services in the cause of Imperial penny postage, Mr. Henniker Heaton, M.P., has been presented with the freedom of the City of London, as well as a gold casket, upon one end of which there is a figure representing Britannia, and at the other end an allegorical figure of Canada.

In the British House of Commons, Mr. George Wyndham, Secretary for War, said that the three batteries of artillery ordered to Africa were going as reliefs or reinforcements, but, should circumstances require it, the batteries already there might be retained and the reliefs would then become reinforcements.

## UNITED STATES.

There is little change in the street car strike situation at Cleveland.

Chicago restaurants have advanced

his misappropriations of about \$200,000 from the Middlesex County Bank. The full amount of the defalcation has not been ascertained, but it is understood that it exceeds \$208,000.

## GENERAL.

Storms have devastated Chili.

Forest fires are raging in Sweden.

Drouth is causing distress in Cuba.

Tobacco is a drug on Havana market.

There is more reported fighting in Samoa.

Lord Curzon, Viceroy of India, will tour Central India in October.

The United States system is replacing the Spanish in the Manila courts.

Recent rains have flooded Manila. They are moving about the streets in boats.

Immense damage has been caused throughout Germany by heavy hail and thunder storms.

The Pope has resolved to conduct personally the religious ceremonies opening the century.

Cuba's crops, especially sugar, are suffering from lack of rain, though this is the rainy season.

A French menagerie proprietor has accepted a Spaniard's Challenge to match a bull against two lions.

Hundreds of Spanish laborers engaged by the naval contractors at Gibraltar, are on strike and threaten riots.

The British cruiser Bonaventure, reported ashore in a bad position at Cornilov, has been floated to Hong Kong.

The Indian Government has annexed Nushki, in Balochistan, paying an annual rental for the territory to the Khan of Kelat.

They are predicting Gen. Pellieux's dismissal from his command in Paris. He is now charged with lying to the Minister of War.

Naval Lieut. Boissman, the late Czarewitch's companion, shot himself when upbraided by the Czar for allowing the Czarwitsch to go cycling alone.

The Newfoundland Supreme Court has reduced to \$6,500 the salvage for rescuing the Canadian liner Gaspesia from the ice floes in St. Lawrence Gulf.

A Melbourne despatch says that the Eastern Extension Telegraph Company has made an offer to the Victoria Government to lay a cable from Australia to South Africa without cost to the colonies.

A terrific tornado in the Russian province of Pensa, almost destroyed the City of Nikolaajewshoje. Sixteen bodies have been taken out of the ruins, and it is believed that the loss of life will reach nearly 200.

The closing of the Newfoundland Legislature was marked by the presence of 1,000 British seamen and marines. A peaceful settlement of the French shore difficulty was foreshadowed in the Governor's speech.

The International Peace Conference yesterday passed resolutions in favor of the prohibition of the use in war of expanding bullets and also of asphyxiating projectiles. The British and United States delegates voted against the proposition.

Work has been begun on the construction of a passage from the cell of Capt. Dreyfus to the hall in which the court-martial before which he is to be tried will sit. This will enable the prisoner to escape the annoyance of observation by the curious.

A triple murder of an American named Ward and two Japanese women at Yokohama, the supposed cause being jealousy, brings an American sailor named Miller under the Japanese law as the suspected murderer. This is the first case under the new treaties.

Negotiations by an United States syndicate have been closed for the sale of Popocateptli volcano, Mexico, and \$500,000 in gold, the purchase price, has been paid to Gen. Gaspar Sanchez, who owned and operated the volcano.

## DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

What the Legislators of the Dominion are Doing at Ottawa.

## SENATE REFORM.

Following is the text of the motion of which the Prime Minister gave notice in connection with the Government's proposition for Senate reform:—

That a humble address be presented to Her Majesty the Queen, setting out that the provisions of the North America act, 1867, relating to the powers of the Senate of Canada, the making of laws are unsatisfactory and should be brought more in harmony with the principle of government, and praying that Her Majesty may be pleased to recommend to the Imperial Parliament a bill for the amendment of the said act, such terms as will effectually provide as follows:—

If the House of Commons pass a bill which the Senate rejects or amends in a way not acceptable to the House of Commons, then, at the next session again passes such a bill, the Senate again rejects or amends the same in a way not acceptable to the House of Commons, then, by joint action, one or more joint sessions of the members of the two houses shall be held, and the vote of a joint sitting shall, as respects such bill or amendments, have the same effect as a vote of the Senate and the existing constitution.

## TRIBUTE TO MR. IVE.

Sir Charles Tupper referred to the sudden and sad demise of the late B. Ives, in whom the House of Commons had one of its ablest members, a man as a lawyer, a business man, a legislator and an administrator of a public department had shown himself capable. His loss would indeed be to his party, and he tended to impress the lesson of his death and slight is the tenure by which we hold our position here. He was that the government would be benefited by an adjournment of the House to mark this deplorable event, not been for the position of business and the time of the session was well aware that members would join in an expression of sympathy to the family of the late Senator Sanford.

The Prime Minister joined in the expression of sympathy to the family of the late Senator Sanford. Mr. Ives, a gentleman with whom he had long acquaintance and friendship as a young lawyer visiting the Prime Minister. He was a man who, in business, agriculture and in his ability to speak on these matters, was an authority of an expert. He subscribed to this expression of sympathy.

## PRESERVATION OF EMPLOYMENT AND HEALTH.

The Prime Minister proposed and reading of his bill for the preservation of the health of employees in public works. The measure was one of the government had largely reduced to bring in through the provisions made by the recent coronation into the state of health of the employed on the construction of the Crow's Nest Pass Railway and apply to all public works under jurisdiction of parliament. The already been fully discussed in the Upper House.

completed by the Cataract Company Syndicate, it will turn its attention to the line to Guelph.

The will of W. W. Turnbull, of St. John, N. B., disposes of an estate of \$655,000 personality. St. John will have a home for incurables, to cost \$100,000 out of it.

The Governor-General and Lady Minto have been invited by Carlyle Camp, No. 82, Sons of Scotland, to attend their Caledonian games at Chatham, on Monday Aug. 14.

A gallant railway laborer saved a disaster on the Canadian Pacific Ry., tracks at Kamloops by swimming twice across a stream to warn approaching trains of the destruction of the bridge by fire.

The harbor Commissioners at Montreal are now making the necessary improvements in readiness for the expected increase in traffic arising from the deepening of the canals which will be completed this fall.

Lt.-Col. Holmes, D. O. C., has requested the City Council of London to pay \$2,000 as an advance towards the payment of the expenses of the militia called out in consequence of the street car troubles.

Jennie, the little daughter of Michael Blakeney, of Halifax, while at play ran a rusty nail into her foot. Blood poisoning set in and ultimately lockjaw supervened, from which after terrible suffering she died.

The manufacturers of Brantford, including the Cockshutt Plough Co., Massey-Harris Company, and Waterloo Engine Company, have offered to donate the city \$2,500 towards purposes of flood prevention.

It is stated that the Bank of Montreal paid \$120,000 for the properties of the Canada Paper Co., and of the Boxer estate adjoining on Craig street, Montreal, which it bought a short time ago for the extension of its premises.

J. Hughes, a Kansas man, trapping in British Columbia, quarrelled with a quarter-breed over the division of some skins, and shot him fatally. While the man was dying Hughes called regularly on him, even digging a grave beforehand. He is under arrest.

The increased trade of the Dominion Bridge Co., has decided the management upon building an addition to their works at Lower Lachine. The addition will give the company an increased capacity from 7,000 to 8,000 tons per year, or about 40 per cent. increase in their present output.

In the Manitoba Legislature Premier Greenway said: It is not the intention of the Government to introduce this session a measure prohibiting the sale of intoxicating liquors to the full extent of the powers of the province. It is the intention to introduce such a measure in the first session of the next Legislature.

Ottawa City Council has accepted the proposal of the Street Railway Co. that, conditional upon being allowed to run Sunday cars the mileage paid to the city should be increased one-seventh, seven tickets should be sold for 25 cents, and that school children's tickets, which are now sold 40 for \$1, be accepted on the Sunday cars.

#### GREAT BRITAIN.

In London a great auk's egg has sold for £300, a record price for an egg.

Mrs. Gladstone was thrown from her pony carriage at Hawarden, and was badly shaken up.

Great Britain expects an average yield of wheat and barley, but a shortage in the oat crop.

The Rev. Charles Graves, D.D., D. C. L., Bishop of Limerick, died Monday, in his 87th year.

Twenty-eight battleships and cruisers have left Portland harbour for Belfast to take part in the manoeuvres.

The Rev. Frederick W. Macdonald, uncle of Rudyard Kipling, has been

another end an allegorical figure of Canada.

In the British House of Commons, Mr. George Wyndham, Secretary for War, said that the three batteries of artillery ordered to Africa were going as reliefs or reinforcements, but, should circumstances require it, the batteries already there might be retained and the reliefs would then become reinforcements.

#### UNITED STATES.

There is little change in the street car strike situation at Cleveland.

Chicago restaurants have advanced the price of steaks.

A Chicago fireman has an invention to prevent hydrants freezing.

Clara Barton, of the Red Cross Society, from Cuba, has returned to New York.

General Alger has resigned the Secretaryship of War in Mr. McKinley's Cabinet.

Further trouble among the Pathans on the northwest frontier of India is reported.

A herd of twenty-one cattle afflicted with tuberculosis have been killed near Syracuse.

Independent telephone companies in the United States are consolidating to fight the Bell.

The boiler of the Austrian torpedo boat Ader exploded, killing a lieutenant and four men.

Mr. Elihu Root of New York has accepted the Secretaryship of War in President McKinley's Cabinet.

The Bank of England is in difficulties—not the "old lady," but an institution at Manchester, N.H.

It is understood that Elihu Root of New York will succeed General Alger as United States Secretary of War.

At Poughkeepsie, N.Y., George Burgess, a civil engineer out of work, is gathering driftwood on the Hudson to sell.

An order has been received by the National Electric Co., of Milford, Conn., for 50 complete sets of electric bells and fire alarm boxes for Windsor Castle.

The charge against the prisoners arrested some time ago in Johannesburg by the Transvaal authorities has been reduced from high treason to causing disorder.

At Indianapolis, Munroe Hedges, aged 106 years, walloped his son Hiram Hedges, aged seventy, because Hiram came home in liquor and abused his wife.

A Washington report says that out of 56 officers and 1,316 men of the Second Oregon Regiment only 49 were killed in battle or died of disease in the Philippines.

Fred Riehlman, of Otisco, N. Y., has been fined \$10 for hitching a horse by its tongue to a traction engine and then starting the engine. The animal reared, tearing out five inches of its tongue.

The reciprocity treaties negotiated by the United States with Bermuda and other British West India colonies were signed on Tuesday at Washington by the representatives of Great Britain and the United States.

Senator Fairbanks, chairman of the Joint High-American Canadian Commission, still expresses confidence that some arrangement may be made which will result in a resumption of negotiations on the Alaskan boundary.

The Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, Spaulding, at Washington, has remitted the penalty of \$3,200 imposed on the Canadian steamer Comfort for violation of the law forbidding the carriage of coastwise passengers by carrying a Fourth of July party from Marine City, Mich., to another point in the United States via a Canadian port.

George M. Valentine, cashier of the suspended Middlesex County Bank at Perth Amboy, N.J., was sentenced to six years in the New Jersey Penitentiary. He had pleaded guilty to the charge of larceny in connection with

prisoner to escape the annoyance of observation by the curious.

A triple murder of an American named Ward and two Japanese women at Yokohama, the supposed cause being jealousy, brings an American sailor named Miller under the Japanese law as the suspected murderer. This is the first case under the new treaties.

Negotiations by an United States syndicate have been closed for the sale of Popocatepetl volcano, Mexico, and \$500,000 in gold, the purchase price, has been paid to Gen. Gaspar Sanchez, who owned and operated the sulphur deposits in the crater of the volcano for the past 25 years.

A mysterious epidemic which has been prevailing recently among the cattle on the Swedish island of Gothland, has spread to the human beings in the district, and a large number of patients have been admitted to the hospitals. Some of the cases are extremely difficult to diagnose. Cattle are dying by hundreds throughout the island as a result of the epidemic.

#### ANOTHER STRIKE.

Not a Street Car Running in Cleveland—Eight Hundred Men Are Affected.

A despatch from Cleveland says:—The conductors and motormen of the Big Consolidated Street Railway system, who were on strike last month, went out again at 4.15 this morning. Eight hundred men are affected. They claim the company has not lived up to the agreement, which ended the former strike.

The decision to declare another strike was reached after a meeting of the men which lasted practically throughout the night. During the early hours of to-day not a car was running on any of the Big Consolidated lines, fifteen in number. The officials of the company have asked for police protection, and say they will attempt to start cars on one or two lines. Large crowds are congregated at all the barns of the company, but so far as reported no violence has yet occurred.

Business Agent Pratt of the strikers issued a statement to-day, in part as follows:—"It is with grave apprehension that I view the situation as it exists at the present time between the Big Consolidated Street Railroad Company, with its millions of dollars back of it, on the one side, and the street car employees, a brave, determined set of liberty-loving American citizens, and a vast throng of organized labor back of them, on the other side. Three weeks have elapsed, and the company has failed to live up to any part of its agreement; neither has it shown any intention of doing so, except by many promises, which have been more readily broken than made. The Council committee have said that they are no longer a party to that agreement, although their signatures appear there the same as the rest. Consequently we are brought back to the very starting point, the only difference being that our last condition is worse than the first."

#### RAN DOWN AN ICEBERG.

British Steamer Reaches Newfoundland Badly Damaged.

A despatch from St. John's, Nfld., says:—The British steamer John Bright, Captain Keene, from Batiscan, via Quebec, July 14th, for London, with lumber and general cargo, has arrived here with bow stove in by collision with an iceberg in the Straits of Belle Isle. She has a huge fracture in the fore-compartment, the hole being many feet wide and extending from above the water-line to the keel. It will be necessary for her to go into dry-dock and make extensive repairs before proceeding.

#### HEALTH.

The Prime Minister proposed reading of his bill for the protection of the health of employees in public works. The measure was on the government had largely induced to bring in through the motions made by the recent commission into the state of health of employed on the construction of Crow's Nest Pass Railway and apply to all public works under jurisdiction of parliament. The already been fully discussed Upper House.

The discussion on the bill has the evening sitting, and the bill finally received its third reading.

#### LOBSTER FISHERIES.

Dr. McLennan, Inverness, on to go into supply, complained injustice to his county in connection with the changes which the commission lately recommended in connection with the season.

The Minister of Fisheries replied a concession could not be made in this matter without extending to the adjacent (Nova Scotia and Prince Edward) land. The Canadian lobster fishery were worth safeguarding, and hence showed that valuable fishery elsewhere had been destroyed in lack of protection.

#### RIDEAU HALL EXPENDITURE.

In committee of supply, Mr. Taylor attacked the government purchasing without tenders glass and crockery from a Montreal company to the value of \$1,505.

The question arose in the discussion whether it would not be a cheaper better investment to put up a building than to be forever paying money to maintain the present glass residence.

#### TRIBUTE TO MR. GEOFFRION.

The Prime Minister rose to do a noble task of announcing to the angel of death had visited him and removed one of its members, most popular, and members. The House, he felt, hardly realize at once the magnitude of the loss sustained. Mr. Geoffrion no taste for active political life, though throughout his life a strong party man, and it had only out of the abundance of his heart that he had consented to enterment. He was a man of extraordinary influence, of great talents, of judgment, of sterling character, heart, of fair mind and of uniqueness in the sphere in which he moved. In Montreal he left a void which it will be difficult to fill. His professional career, extending a period of thirty years, he had been popular with the bench and bar. To his party his loss was irreparable. As a personal friend of the late Geoffrion for upwards of thirty years he could say that he had never him give utterance to an unkind word. He was an honorable man, a whole life was spent in doing good.

#### SIR CHARLES TUPPER.

Sir Charles Tupper, though I not enjoyed the same acquaintance with the late Mr. Geoffrion as a leader of the House, had seen a great deal of him to justify him in associating himself with every word that he had said from the Prime Minister's lips. He was known to be one of the most influential and most important members of parliament. His loss was more than a party loss; it was a loss to the whole parliament would be deplored by all.

#### IN THE SENATE.

The Hon. David Mills, moved third reading of the Grand agreement bill, in connection with the extension of the Intercolonial Railway to Montreal. The bill was adopted, but on the motion the bill be passed Senator C. moved that the clause compelling government to transfer to the



# INION PARLIAMENT.

he Legislators of the Country  
are Doing at Ottawa.

## SENATE REFORM.

wing is the text of the resolu-  
which the Prime Minister gives  
n connection with the govern-  
proposition for Senate re-

a humble address be presented  
Majesty the Queen, setting forth  
e provisions of the British  
merica act, 1887, respecting  
ers of the Senate of Canada in  
ring of laws are unsatisfactory  
uld be brought more into har-  
with the principle of popular  
ment, and praying that Her  
may be pleased to recommend  
perial Parliament a measure  
amendment of the said act in  
as will effectually make  
as follows:—

House of Commons passes any  
h the Senate rejects or fails to  
amends in a way not accepted by  
se of Commons, then, if the  
f Commons at the next follow-  
ing again passes such bill and  
ite again rejects or fails to pass  
de the same in a way not ac-  
y the House of Commons, the  
r-General may, by proclama-  
vene one or more joint sittings  
members of the two houses for  
her consideration of such bill  
ments and a question whether  
l or amendments shall pass  
e decided by a majority of the  
s of the two houses present-  
ng, and the vote of any such  
ing shall, as respects such bill  
ments, have the same force  
ct as a vote of the Senate un-  
existing constitution.

## RIBUTE TO MR. IVES.

arles Tupper referred to the  
nd sad demise of the Hon. W.  
in whom the House had lost  
s ablest members, a man who,  
er, a business man, a legislator  
administrator of a public de-  
t had shown himself energetic  
ble. His loss would be great  
to his party, and the event  
o impress the lesson how frail  
ht is the tenure by which we  
position here. He was aware  
government would have con-  
an adjournment of the House  
this deplorable event had it  
for the position of public  
and the time of the session. He  
aware that members on both  
uld join in an expression of  
y to the family of the late Mr.  
well as to the family of the  
ator Sanford.

time Minister joined in Sir  
expression as to the loss which  
nt had sustained in the sudden  
f the late Mr. Ives and of the  
ator Sanford. Mr. Ives was a  
in with whom he had formed an  
ance and friendship as a strug-  
gling lawyer visiting the same.  
He was a man who, from an  
acquaintance with finances,  
agriculture and mining, was  
peak on these matters with the  
y of an expert. He willingly  
d to this expression of sympa-

## PROTECTION OF EMPLOYEES' HEALTH.

ime Minister proposed the sec-  
ing of his bill for the preserva-  
the health of employees on pub-  
s. The measure was one which  
nment had largely been in-  
bring in through the revela-  
de by the recent commission  
state of health of men em-  
n the construction of the  
est Pass Railway and would  
all public works under the  
on of parliament. The bill had  
been fully discussed in the  
ouse.

Trunk Railway at Montreal, all un-  
consigned western-bound traffic, be  
amended by adding thereto the words,  
"with approval of the shippers, con-  
signers or owners of freight destined  
for western points." His object in  
moving this amendment was to give  
shippers a right to prevent the trans-  
fer of their property without their  
consent. He looked upon the bill as a  
combine of the worst kind. The  
amendment would not be objectionable  
in any way, and would remove what  
he considered a hideous feature of the  
bargain. A division took place  
and the bill was passed, and  
the amendment lost on a vote of thirty-  
three years to thirteen nays.

The Secretary of State then moved  
the third reading of the Drummond  
County Railway bill.

The Hon. David Mills moved to  
amend the bill by adding a clause pro-  
viding that the bill should not come  
into force until the act respecting the  
Grand Trunk Railway in the same  
connection is brought into force by  
proclamation of the Governor-General.  
The amendment was adopted, and on  
the third reading Senator DeBoucherville  
moved a six months' hoist, urging  
that the government could, if it  
wished, take the Grand Trunk road  
via Richmond to get into Montreal.  
The House again divided, the amend-  
ment for a hoist being lost on a vote  
of thirty-five nays to sixteen yeas.

The Senate has shelved the Redistri-  
bution bill. Mr. Mills spoke in favor  
of the bill at some length. While  
speaking on the constitutionality of  
the bill, Mr. Mills was interrupted by  
Sir Mackenzie Bowell, who asked if  
the Government would refer the ques-  
tion to the courts for determination.

Hon. David Mills replied that any-  
one could take it there.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell—You would  
refuse a fiat.

Hon. David Mills—We never refuse  
a fiat where it should be issued.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell—The Govern-  
ment can take the question to the  
courts, and no one else can.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell—If the Minis-  
ter wants a courageous motion we can  
move a six months' hoist.

Hon. David Mills—The hon. gentle-  
man ought to have moved a six  
months' hoist.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell—I ought  
not.

Hon. David Mills insisted that the  
Government was pledged to the prin-  
ciple of the people to introduce the me-  
asure of the bill, and had the mandate  
sure. The amendment was then de-  
clared carried, by a vote of 36 to 14.

## IRON AND STEEL BOUNTIES.

The Minister of Finance secured the  
third reading of his bill extending un-  
til 1907 and providing for the gradual  
extinction from 1902 onward of the  
government bounties upon iron and  
steel made in Canada.

Sir Charles Tupper repeated what he  
had said on a former occasion in sup-  
port of the government policy in this  
matter.

Mr. Haggart, ex-Minister of Rail-  
ways, dissented from the view of his  
chief, and thought no more foreign  
ores should be recognized by the bounty  
than is actually necessary for mixing  
with our own Canadian ores.

## SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATES.

There is an appropriation of nearly  
a million dollars for harbours and  
rivers. Montreal, under the heading  
of transportation facilities, gets \$750,-  
000, for improvements to the harbour  
below St. Mary's current, \$500,000, and  
grain elevator and storage, \$250,000,  
Levis graving dock is voted \$117,000,  
and a ship channel, River St. Law-  
rence, \$78,600. There is an appropria-  
tion of \$2,000 for a judge for an ad-  
ditional provisional judicial district  
court of Ontario. Following are some  
interesting appropriations:—For en-  
forcement of alien labour law, \$5,-  
000; balance of legal fees and disburse-  
ments in connection with Manitoba  
ballot frauds, \$1,941; expenses of com-  
mission Redistribution Act, \$5,000; ex-  
penses printing voters' lists, \$31,000;  
leather trunks for new members, \$220;

## W. F. DOLL UNDER ARREST.

A Former Canadian Migrant—Took Eleven  
of New York's Policemen to Perform  
the Deed.

A despatch from New York, says:—  
Wm. F. Doll, who a few years ago,  
when a resident of Winnipeg, gained  
notoriety throughout Canada on ac-  
count of his suits with the American  
Watch Case Company, and various  
other litigations which he indulged in,  
is now in trouble in New York. In  
that city his love for law suits did  
not cease, and he gained much pub-  
licity. By a fight in the courts for the  
right to ride a wheel and drive any  
sort of carriage on the Speedway, a  
roadway specially set apart for driv-  
ers of trotting horses.

His latest public appearance, how-  
ever, is in connection with a new griev-  
ance, and it culminated in his arrest.  
It took eleven of the breed of police-  
men they have in the American me-  
tropolis to do the deed, so Mr. Doll  
states. The circumstances were these:  
Doll lives at No. 3,610 Broadway, and  
was riding down Eighth avenue on an  
electric car at nine o'clock on Wednes-  
day night, when a woman passenger,  
who had three children with her, com-  
plained that the conductor had not  
given proper change to her.

Doll pulled the bell to attract the  
conductor's attention, and the woman,  
jumping up, pulled the cord which re-  
gisters fares, thus making the official  
responsible to his employers for an ad-  
ditional sum. This, the conductor as-  
serted Doll advised her to do, so he  
ordered the man off the car.

Doll was going through 125th street  
when he heard a noise behind him.  
Turning around he says he saw eleven  
policemen. They were discussing whether  
they should arrest him or not.  
They decided that there were enough  
of them to do so and seized him. When  
he reached the station he denied to  
Captain Steinkamp that he had rung  
up any fares, but was held in \$500  
bail. Frank Moss, former Police Com-  
missioner of New York, went bail for  
him.

## SERIOUS FIRE AT ST. GEORGE.

Large Portion of the Village Wiped Out—  
Bank and Several Business Houses  
Totally Destroyed.

A despatch from Brantford, says:—  
A bad fire visited the village of St.  
George at 6 o'clock this morning, and  
in an incredibly short time a great  
portion of the business part of the  
place, known as the Lawrason block,  
was wiped out. The premises destroyed  
are J. P. Lawrason's private bank,  
Hazard's boot and shoe store, W. A.  
Sass' bakery shop and adjoining con-  
fectionery store, A. Crozier's butcher  
shop, W. T. Hunter's livery stable, and  
the old public hall.

The fire originated from the oven in  
the bakery. The village has no pro-  
tection, an old engine having fallen in-  
to disuse, but the residents joined  
themselves into a bucket brigade, and  
saved what they could. D. Reid's barn  
caught fire, but the flames were extin-  
guished before much harm was done.  
Mr. Howell's house was also slightly  
burned. All the surrounding buildings  
were covered with wet blankets, which  
helped to save them.

The loss will be heavy, though fig-  
ures are not yet obtainable. All the  
owners and occupants are well in-  
sured, however.

Mr. Hunter, who had lately bought  
the livery, insured it only a day pre-  
vious to the fire.

## TWO CANADIAN WINNERS.

Gilchrist and Fleming Lead in the Pre-

# MARKETS OF THE WORLD.

Prices of Grain, Cattle, Cheese, &c  
in the Leading Ports.

Toronto, July 25.—Receipts of be-  
tween 50 and 60 loads were too much  
for the requirements of the trade at  
the Western cattle yards this morn-  
ing, and as a consequence several loads  
of the poorer grades of butcher cattle  
were left unsold.

As a matter of fact, the market all  
round was practically unchanged from  
the business conditions which prevail-  
ed on Tuesday, the only noticeable dif-  
ference, perhaps, being that inferior  
cattle was a shade weaker.

The price for shippers was well main-  
tained. This was also true of good to  
choice butcher cattle, sheep, lambs,  
and calves.

The market was a practically un-  
eventful one.

Just 1,800 hogs came in, and prices  
are steady at the advance of Tuesday.  
Prime hogs, scaling from 100 to 200  
lbs., 5 1-8c per lb. was paid; for light  
fat and heavy fat the price is 43-8c  
per lb.; but poor lean hogs are not  
fetching more than 4c. per lb.

Sows are fetching 8c per lb.  
Stags sell at 2c per lb.  
Store hogs will not sell.

Following is the range of current  
quotations:

Cattle.		
Shippers, per cwt.	\$4.25	\$5.15.
Butcher, choice do.	3.75	4.40
Butcher, med., to good.	3.20	3.75
Butcher, inferior.	3.00	3.00
Sheep and Lambs.		
Ewes, per cwt.	3.25	3.60
Bucks, per cwt.	2.50	2.75
Spring lambs, each.	3.00	4.50
Milkers and Calves.		
Cows, each.	25.00	45.00.
Calves, each.	2.00	6.00

Hogs.		
Choice hogs, per cwt.	4.75	5.12 1-2
Light hogs, per cwt.	4.25	4.37 1-2
Heavy hogs, per cwt.	4.25	4.37 1-2

## DAIRY PRODUCE.

Butter—Steady market. The receipts  
are free and demand fairly good. Quo-  
tations are:—Dairy, tubs, strictly choice,  
13 to 14c; small dairy, lb. prints, about  
14 to 15c; creamery, tubs and boxes, 17  
to 18c; pounds, 18 to 18 1-2c.

Cheese—Unchanged. Quotations  
are:—New, 8 1-2 to 9c; old, nominal,  
at 11 to 12c.

Kingston, July 21.—Special—At the  
Frontenac Cheese Board to-day there  
were 1,212 boxes colored, and 230 white  
registered; 340 were sold at 8 1-2 to 10c,  
and 145 at 8 7-8c.

## DRESSED HOGS AND PROVISIONS.

Trading in provisions active, and  
packers here are firmer and a little  
higher in some lines of smoked meats  
to-day. Dressed hogs steady. Light  
hogs, on the street market, sell at  
\$6.50 to butchers.

Quotations for provisions are as fol-  
lows:—Dry salted shoulders, 6 1-2c;  
long clean bacon, car lots, 7c; ton lots  
and case lots, 7 1-4c; and backs, 7 3-4  
to 8c.

Smoked meats—Hams, heavy, 10 1-2c;  
medium, 11 1-2c; light, 12c; breakfast  
bacon, 11 1-2 to 12c; picnic hams, 8 to  
8 1-4c; roll bacon, 8 1-2 to 8 3-4c. All  
meats out of pickle less than prices  
quoted for smoked meats.

Lard—Fierces, 63-4c; tubs, 7c; pails,  
7c; compound, 5 1-2 to 5 3-4c.

Buffalo July, 25.—Spring wheat—  
Steady. No. 1 Northern, spot, 75c; No.  
2 Northern, 70 3-4c; No. 1 hard spring,  
75 1-2 to 75 3-4c. Winter wheat—Dull;  
No. 2 red, new, offered at 73 1-2c, on  
on track. Corn—Quiet; No. 2 yellow,  
38 3-4c; No. 3 yellow, 38 1-2c; No. 2 corn,  
38 1-2c; No. 3 corn, 38c. Oats—Easier;  
No. 2 white, 29c; No. 3 white, 28 1-2c;  
No. 4 white, 27 1-2 to 28c; No. 2 mixed,

## HEALTH.

Prime Minister proposed the second of his bill for the preservation of the health of employees on public works. The measure was one which emanated from largely been introduced through the revelation by the recent commission on the state of health of men employed on the construction of the Nest Pass Railway and would be a public work under the jurisdiction of parliament. The bill had been fully discussed in the House.

Discussion on the bill lasted into the night sitting, and the measure received its third and final reading.

## LOBSTER FISHERIES.

Mr. Lennan, Inverness, on motion to supply, complained of an increase in his county in connection with changes which the lobster fishery lately recommended in connection with the season.

Minister of Fisheries replied that discussion could not be made to introduce this matter without its being extended to the adjacent counties of Scotia and Prince Edward Island. The Canadian lobster fisheries are being safeguarded, and experienced that valuable fisheries have been destroyed through protection.

## SAU HALL EXPENDITURE.

Committee of supply, Mr. George attacked the government for expending without tenders glassware to the value of \$1,505.

Question arose in the discussion whether it would not be a cheaper and more economical investment to put up a new building than to be forever laying out money to maintain the present vice-regal residence.

## NOTE TO MR. GEOFFRION.

Prime Minister rose to the melancholy task of announcing the death of his steemed friend and colleague, Mr. C. A. Geoffrion. For the second time within a very brief interval of death had visited parliament removed one of its esteemed members and removed one of its most esteemed popular and beloved members. The House, he felt, would realize at once the magnitude of the loss sustained. Mr. Geoffrion had been for active political life, throughout his lifetime, a party man, and it had been because of the abundance of his heart had consented to enter parliament was a man of extraordinary endowments, of great talents, of sound mind, of sterling character, of kind and fair mind and of unique position in the sphere in which he moved. In Montreal he left a void which will be difficult to fill. In his professional career, extending over thirty years, he had been with the bench and bar alike, and his loss was irreparable. A personal friend of the late Mr. Macdonald for upwards of thirty years, I say that he had never heard of utterance to an unkind word of an honorable man, and his life was spent in doing good.

**R. CHARLES TUPPER.**  
Charles Tupper, though he had known the same acquaintance of the late Mr. Macdonald for upwards of thirty years, I say that he had never heard of utterance to an unkind word of an honorable man, and his life was spent in doing good.

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grain elevator and storage, \$250,000; Levis graving dock is voted \$117,000, and a ship channel, River St. Lawrence, \$75,900. There is an appropriation of \$2,000 for a judge for an additional provisional judicial district court of Ontario. Following are some interesting appropriations:—For enforcement of alien labour law, \$5,000; balance of legal fees and disbursements in connection with Manitoba ballot frauds, \$1,941; expenses of commission Redistribution Act, \$5,000; expenses printing voters lists, \$34,000; leather trunks for new members, \$220; Paris Exhibition, \$175,000. Towards compiling historical data in regard to the Acadian families in Canada, \$1,400; drill ground and site for an armory at St. Thomas, \$6,000; cartridge factory, required for shell boxes, \$1,000; monuments for battle fields, \$250; general service medals \$10,000; arms, ammunition and defence for equipment \$35,000 revolvers, \$128,000; rifle ranges, \$73,000; improvements to the Intercolonial, side tracks, rolling stock, etc., \$699,718; H. Ryan, for claims Sault Ste. Marie, referred to arbitration, \$211,505; St. Andrew's Rapids, Red River, \$150,000; to pay experts to gather uniform code of rules for railways of Canada, \$2,000; Port Colborne harbour improvements, \$150,000.

## SPECULATED IN STOCKS.

**Canadian Detectives on the Lookout for a Chicago Defaulter.**

A despatch from Montreal says:—The Montreal detectives have been asked to be on the lookout for William Alexander Stewart Graham, of Chicago, a defaulter, it is alleged, to the extent of about \$75,000. Graham is a Canadian, born near Montreal, and it is thought that he may be captured at either Montreal or Ottawa. He was formerly school agent in Chicago, as well as clerk and secretary of the Board of Education. He is charged with embezzling the bonds of the board. Graham confesses to a shortage of \$23,000, and in an open letter written after his flight, and given to his wife, offers property worth \$24,000 to cover the shortage. He has lost all his savings and the school funds in stock speculation, and in the attempt to make a fortune in a short time.

## STABBED BY A PRISONER.

**Montreal Officer Receives a Serious Wound.**

A despatch from Montreal, says:—Acting Detective Richard, of the city police force, is confined to his home suffering from a dangerous knife wound, inflicted upon him while in the discharge of his duty on St. James street at an early hour on Sunday morning, and Michael Lafleur, a labourer, has been arrested on a charge of inflicting the wound with intent to kill. Lafleur and a number of friends were coming out of a saloon on St. James street shortly after midnight. The crowd was noisy, and several officers, including Richard, who were near by, attempted to disperse the crowd. Lafleur drew a knife and stabbed Richard in the stomach. The wounded man was taken to the hospital, and hopes are entertained for his recovery.

## MANY SEE BALLOONIST DIE.

**Falls From His Airship in Presence of One Thousand People.**

A despatch from Cleveland, says:—S. H. Hawkins, an aeronaut, was killed in a balloon ascension at Euclid Beach park this evening. After ascending 300 feet he was knocked from the trapeze, and fell to the ground, receiving injuries from which he died an hour later. The accident was witnessed by nearly 1,000 people.

burned. All the surrounding buildings were covered with wet blankets, which helped to save them.

The loss will be heavy, though figures are not yet obtainable. All the owners and occupants are well insured, however.

Mr. Hunter, who had lately bought the livery, insured it only a day previous to the fire.

## TWO CANADIAN WINNERS.

**Gilchrist and Fleming Lead in the Premier Competition.**

A despatch from Bisley, says:—Lieut. Gilchrist, 1st B.F.A., the Canadian rifleman, won in the tie in the Premier competition, defeating Fleming, Wayne and Pattison, and taking first prize, a bicycle. Pte. Fleming, Brandon Infantry Company, took second prize, £10.

The Duke of Cambridge competition, at 900 yards, commenced to-day. There were several scores of 45 out of a possible 50. The Canadian scores were as follows:—Lieut. Buckley, 32nd; led the Canadians with a score of 44; Surgeon-Lieut. Bertram, 77th, and Capt. Rennie, 13th, 43; Capt. Wilson, 33rd, 41; Lieut. Robertson, Q. O. R., 39; Staff Sergt. Bayles, R. G., 28; Major Ross, 13th, 15. The shooting at 500 yards for the St. George Challenge Vase was completed to-day. About seventy of the marksmen made the highest possible scores, including Pte. Fleming, B. I. Company, of the Canadian team. The scores of the other Canadians were:—Lieut. Buckley and Sergt. Graham, 48th, 34; Surgeon-Lieut. Bertram, 77th, and Pte. Simpson, R.G., 33.

## MANY HOUSES COLLAPSED.

**Eruption of Etna and Alarming Earthquake Shocks.**

A despatch from Rome says:—There was an eruption of Mount Etna this morning. After loud subterranean noises the crater vomited forth dense columns of smoke, which were followed by enormous masses of sand. A strong earthquake shock occurred here at 2.20 o'clock this morning, and was followed during the ensuing 15 minutes by a number of other severe shocks.

The damage done here by the earthquake shocks was slight, but at the village of Rocca di Papa, 15 miles south-east of Rome, it was more serious. A number of houses in that place fell. A part of a church was demolished at Castel-Gandolfo, on the north-west side of Mount Albano, and 14 miles south-east of Rome. No fatalities have been reported.

## A TREMENDOUS EXPLOSION.

**Nine Men Killed and Four Injured in a British Torpedo Boat Destroyer Explosion.**

A despatch from London, says:—During her trial to-day on the Solent, an explosion occurred on board the torpedo-boat destroyer Bullfinch, killing nine and injuring four of those on board. It was the worst naval accident of this nature that has occurred in the British navy in 20 years. The victims were terribly injured, steam and boiling water filling the engine-room.

The Bullfinch is one of the latest-designed, 30-knot torpedo-boat destroyers.

While the Bullfinch was running at her full speed of 30 knots the connecting rod of the starboard engine broke, and, striking the cylinder, knocked off its end. The engine-room presented a terrible sight. The injured were groaning in agony. One man, who had apparently been struck by some flying metal, had his head nearly torn off.

meats out of pickle at less than prices quoted for smoked meats.

Lard—Fierces, 6 3-4c; tubs, 7c; pails, 7c; compound, 5 1-2 to 5 3-4c.

Buffalo July, 25.—Spring wheat—Steady. No. 1 Northern, spot, 75c; No. 2 Northern, 70 3-4c; No. 1 hard spring, 75 1-2 to 75 3-4c. Winter wheat—Dull; No. 2 red, new, offered at 73 1-2c, on track. Corn—Quiet; No. 2 yellow, 38 3-4c; No. 3 yellow, 38 1-2c; No. 2 corn, 38 1-2c; No. 3 corn, 38c. Oats—Easier; No. 2 white, 29c; No. 3 white, 28 1-2c; No. 4 white, 27 1-2 to 28c; No. 2 mixed, 27 1-2c; No. 3 mixed, 26 1-2c. Rye—Nominal. Canal freights—Quiet, easy. Flour—Steady.

Detroit, Mich., July 25.—Wheat closed:—No. 1 white, cash, 71 1-2c; No. 2, red, cash, and July, 71 1-2c; September, 73c.

Milwaukee, July 25.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 72 1-2c; No. 2 Northern, 71c. Rye—No. 1, 53c. Barley—No. 2, 40 1-2c; sample 35 to 40c.

Minneapolis, July 25.—Flour and bran—Unchanged.

Toledo, Ohio, July 25.—Wheat—No. 2, cash, and July, 70 1-2c; September, 72 1-4c bid. Corn—No. 2 mixed, 34 1-2c. Oats—No. 2 mixed, 25 3-4c. Rye—No. 2, cash, 75c asked. Cloverseed—Prime cash, new, \$3.95; October, \$3.47 1-2. Oil—Unchanged.

Duluth, July 25.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 72 3-4c; July, 72 3-4c; No. 1 Northern, cash, 70c; July, 70c; September, 69 5-8c; December, 70 5-8c; No. 2 North-

## WAS NEARLY ELECTROCUTED.

**Brantford Lineman Experiences a Narrow Escape From Death.**

A despatch from Brantford says:—George Lowe, a lineman for the Street Railway Company, was nearly electrocuted by a live wire last night. Lowe was engaged in repairing a broken trolley wire at the corner of Arthur and Brock streets, and was on top of a high wagon used for that purpose, and while putting the two ends of the wire together in some manner his body formed a circuit, and in a moment the unfortunate man was doubled up with the full voltage of the wire. Had it not been for his timely rescue by an eye-witness, Lowe would assuredly have been killed. He was released from the wire with difficulty, and for a time suffered convulsions caused by the shock. His hands were also terribly burned.

## BOMB ON STREET CAR TRACK.

**New York Strikers Resorting to Further Acts of Violence.**

A despatch from New York, says:—Notwithstanding the claims of the officials of the various lines on schedule time, General Master Workman Parsons issued a statement to-day in which he declared that the strike is practically won. He says that 1,500 men are out, and more are going out hourly.

What is believed to be a bomb was found near the down track of the Second avenue line, at 79th street, about half-past one o'clock this afternoon. Wires protruding from each end had been fixed under the track, evidently with the intention of having the charge set off by the electric current when a car passed over the spot.

## BURNED WITH HIS HOUSE.

**Terrible Death of a Wealthy Nova Scotian.**

A despatch from Halifax, N.S., says:—The dwelling of John McIntyre, a rich and aged resident of Lawrence-town, Annapolis county, was destroyed by fire on Saturday night, and the owner, who had lived there alone for 45 years, was burned to death.



## About the House.



### MOths IN CARPETS.

If you fear that they are at work at the edge of the carpet, it will sometimes suffice to lay a wet towel, and press a hot flatiron over it; but the best way is to take the carpet up and clean it, and give a careful attention to the floor. Look in the cracks, and if you discover signs of moths, wash the floor with benzine, and scatter red pepper on it before putting the carpet lying down.

Heavy carpets sometimes do not require taking up every year, unless in constant use. Loosen the edges, fold the carpets back, wash the floor in strong suds, with a tablespoonful of borax dissolved in them. Dash with insect powder, or lay with tobacco leaves along the edge, and retack the carpet. Or use turpentine, the enemy of buffalo moths, carpet worms, and other insects that injure and destroy carpets. Mix the turpentine with pure water in the proportion of three tablespoonfuls to three quarts of water, and then, after the carpet has been well swept, go over each breadth carefully with a sponge dipped in the solution and wrung nearly dry. Change the water as soon as it becomes dirty. The carpet will be nicely cleaned, as well as disinfected. All moths can be kept away and the eggs destroyed by this means. Spots may be removed and renovated by the use of ox-gall or ammonia and water.

A good way to brighten a carpet is to put half a tumbler of spirits of turpentine in a basin of water, and dip your broom in it and sweep over the carpet once or twice, and it will restore the color and brighten it up until you would think it new. Another good way to clean old carpets is to rub them over with meal; just dampen it a very little, and rub the carpet with it, and when perfectly dry, sweep over with meal. After a carpet is thoroughly swept, rub it with a cloth dipped in water and ammonia; it will brighten the colors and make it look like new.

### WHAT TO DO WITH POTATOES.

Potatoes that have been left over from dinner or breakfast may be utilized in many ways. Boiled potatoes may be fried brown in butter in which a teaspoonful of minced onion has first been fried until yellow, then season with salt, pepper and parsley.

Cut in slices and browned in hot fat, or stewed in milk with parsley.

Cut in half inch dice and warmed in milk, seasoned with butter, salt, pepper and parsley.

Mixed with drawn butter or white sauce, seasoned with chopped celery, or with crumbled cheese, covered with buttered cracker crumbs and baked until the crumbs are brown.

Or mixed with sliced beet, yolks of hard eggs, parsley, onion, and lettuce, and served with French dressing.

Sweet potatoes may be browned in butter, or sliced, buttered, or sugared, and browned in the oven.

Cooked potatoes admit of such a variety of methods of re-serving that not a scrap ever need be wasted. Left over portions of mashed potatoes should be packed closely in a cup or small bowl, directly after the meal, then cut in slices and browned in hot butter or lard. They may be mixed with beaten egg, made into balls and browned in the oven. Or used as a crust for a small pie of warmed over

and when cool dilute it with additional water to make a barrelful. When this is well settled and perfectly clear have a barrel sweet and clean and gently put the eggs in the bottom so that none are broken or cracked. Then pour the clear lime water over the eggs to level. Over them lay a piece of muslin larger than the top, and tuck it in all around so as to put above it the soft lime to the thickness of half an inch. Cover this with water and move the barrel in a cool place, then eggs for any emergency are at hand all summer. It is needless to say that for breakfast, one should always have them as natural, from the nest as soon as possible.

### ROMANCE OF GOLD MINING.

History of the Wyalong Gold Fields, in New South Wales.

The romance of Australian gold mining is not inaptly illustrated by the history of the Wyalong gold field, in New South Wales. Less than seven years ago it was simply a grazing district, consisting largely of Crown lands held on lease by pastoralists, the level nature of the country, covered with red soil and scrub, causing it to be neglected by prospectors, although the Temorag old field, with its busy population, was only forty miles distant.

In July, 1893, a Victorian colonist, named Neeld, and his family, being desirous of obtaining a larger area of land for settlement than was possible under the Victorian land laws, crossed the River Murray and made their way to Wyalong, 338 miles south of Sydney, where a suitable area of land was secured. Mr. Neeld, who had had considerable experience on the Bendigo, Ballarat, and other Victorian gold fields, was speedily impressed by the auriferous conditions of the district, his attention being attracted by numerous ironstone nodules and loose

### FRAGMENTS OF QUARTZ.

This was the beginning of August, 1893, and he at once commenced prospecting, but did not succeed in finding gold until about a month after his arrival, when he discovered it in a loose piece of quartz.

Other discoveries followed, and a few days later systematic prospecting operations were commenced. Fresh finds were made, and ultimately Mr. Neeld and his sons decided upon hoisting the red flag and pegging out their claims. This was done on Sept. 18, 1893, and no sooner had the discovery been reported than the news spread like wildfire, numbers of men riding the same night towards the scene of the gold discoveries, in order to secure claims wherever possible. In January, 1894, there were over five hundred men on the field. In the following March the first parcels of ore were crushed at Barmadman, the centre of the quartz-mining district, sixteen miles distant, when the marvellous richness of the ore became ascertained.

The result was a great rush to the ground, and about three weeks later the population had increased to about 10,000, but many subsequently left, being unable to secure auriferous land at the end of 1894.

### THE SETTLED POPULATION

in the Wyalong and Barmadman districts, was between 4,000 and 5,000, the number of claims worked being about 300, of which between twenty and thirty were on payable stones. In 1895 the quantity of gold obtained was 25,497 ounces; in 1896 it was 33,159 ounces; and in 1897, 34,370 ounces, being the largest auriferous output of any goldfield in the colony, the next richest being Hillgrove, with 31,886 ounces. The total yield from the

## WORKING OF MIRACLES.

### HOW THE FETICH MAN IN AFRICA PERFORMS WONDERS.

Destroyed an Army of Locusts and Floated a Steamboat Which Had Gone Ashore—He Was a Cunning Old Man.

There are plenty of black persons among the barbarous tribes of Africa who make a living by their wits. Some of these bright fellows are fetich doctors curing disease by their incantations, selling charms that bring to pass all manner of things, desired by their customers, and for a large consideration, insuring copious rainfall when the crops are thirsty, or victory in the war to which the young fighters are marching. Great is their renown when the charms are efficacious. But fetich doctors are not a bit embarrassed when the medicine fails to work, for they have plenty of plausible excuses to relieve them from all responsibility.

An old native at Karonga, on the northwest coast of Lake Nyassa, has enjoyed for some years a great reputation as a miracle worker. He has a great deal of shrewdness and undoubtedly much more knowledge than the people around him. Even the white men open their eyes in surprise at the apparent result of his mysterious doings, and his fame has spread throughout the region between the Lakes Nyassa and Tanganyika. One of his miracles a while ago was of considerable advantage to the whites, and this is how it happens that Capt. Boileau, who crossed the Nyassa-Tanganyika as a member of the Anglo-German Boundary Commission and is a civil engineer by profession, thought it worth while to tell some things about the black wonder.

### HIS FIRST ATTEMPT.

at working a miracle was a great success and made him famous in a day. Some six years ago the people far and wide around the north end of Lake Nyassa were afflicted with a plague of locusts which were eating up the crops. Famine stared the country in the face. The old man gave notice one day that the spirits were going to use him in destroying the pests and save the crops, and after he had retired from public view for a few days he would be able to tell the people what to do to save their growing food supplies. It was necessary for him to climb the Virauli Hill and pray there for a long time. So he set out for this eminence, which rises about 3,700 feet above the sea, fifteen miles west of the large lake. He was not seen again for several days, and when he reappeared at the village he produced a large amount of powder which he distributed among the natives, telling them to mix it with water and sprinkle it over their fields. His instructions were carefully fulfilled, and the next thing that occurred was very gratifying. The locusts began to die by hundreds of thousands and they have not since been seen in that region in sufficient numbers to do any damage.

Capt. Boileau does not suggest what seems plausible, that the old man may have discovered that his powder would kill the locusts, and to make a name for himself astonished the natives by adding a supernatural element which was the fraudulent part of his proceeding. The Captain seems to think that the miracle worker was merely

the wind was going to change night and blow fiercely in the site direction. He thought the of wind would aid the work of took the chance, and hit the squarely on the head.

However this may be, there according to the native view, no slightest flaw in the old fellow as a miracle worker. They t Nyassa would become dry land should speak the word, and he d jeopardize his fame by perpet little miracles every day or two a great occasion brings him on the machinery for evolving mira never set in motion unless he certain he has a sure thing.

### A WEALTH ROMANCE.

From a Barrel of Beans to £50,000 Sterling.

"Some day, Charlie, some when I am a man, I want worth 100,000 dollars. And I' ing to be, too—some day."

It is less than fifty years s young farmer's son made this timid, half-proud confidence was conjuring up dreams of t ture with a boy-friend, as po himself, says London Tit-Bits.

His father farmed ninety poor on the shore of Owasso Lake brought up his too numerous in a small, brown-painted shan which it would have required d ity to swing the proverbial cat

To-day the boy, who fifty yea was glad to hoe potatoes for ling a day, and who dared s breathe to his most intimate friend the dream of a day wh should have £20,000, is the : man the world has ever kno rich, in fact, that he himself d know within a few million : how much he is worth, and can does win or lose a million : sterling without a smile or a

He is so rich that if he we throw away a sovereign every ute of his life, night and d yearly income would still be suf to create

### TWO NEW MILLIONAIRE

every year. He might give aw own weight in sovereigns every ing day of the year, and still : come for fifty-two Sundays place him among the men who nual revenue runs into six figur

Every three days his income exceeds the £20,000 of his dreams, he wakes every m more than £2,000 richer than he retired to bed; while he is ing a cigar £200 is pouring in ex-hequer; and while he is sippi morning cup of coffee he pr himself with five £5 notes.

Three hundred horses woul their strength taxed to draw t tons of gold he has accumulat thirty-five short years; and e giments of soldiers would find i cult to carry them away. Wi sovereigns he could make s piles, each as high as Mont Bl he could make a golden footp foot wide, along which he walk from Charing Cross to Bri

As recently as 1870 John B. feller had only made half a dreamed of £20,000. Five year his £10,000 had become £200,0 1885, it had grown to £10,0 in 1890, to £20,000,000,000; a year it exceeds £50,000,000. B 1870 and 1875 Mr. Rocke wealth grew at the rate of twenty thousand pounds a year ing the next ten years the ann

and eggs, parsley, onion, and dill, and served with French dressing.

Sweet potatoes may be browned in butter, or sliced, buttered, or sugared, and browned in the oven.

Cooked potatoes admit of such a variety of methods of re-serving that not a scrap ever need be wasted. Left over portions of mashed potatoes should be packed closely in a cup or small bowl, directly after the meal, then cut in slices and browned in hot butter or lard. They may be mixed with beaten egg, made into balls and browned in the oven. Or used as a crust for a small pie of warmed over meat, or fish.

### OVERHEAD FURNISHINGS.

Floor and ceiling of a room should be as pretty as the walls and in a like scheme of color. Some summer art students who have a mountain cottage have made its walls of rough plaster colored a dull brown, which shades on the ceiling into a grayish green. Along the walls at the height of the picture rail, are narrow boxes, made of rich boughs, full of wood earth. In these are German ivy roots, the tendrils trained in a spider web of green wires, which spreads across the ceiling.

Another room has been arranged by its owner as a sort of mermaid's cave, the walls of stucco, covered with clam shells pressed into the plaster and tinted a soft green. The ceiling is draped with fish nets hung on spears. A whaler's lantern and a narrow painted frieze of red crabs heighten the illusion.

Japanese umbrellas have long been used to cover an ugly ceiling. Lanterns have also been used, but they are not so pretty as the soft, bright crapes and chintzes which make looking upward a pleasure.

An ingenious young woman bought a roll of matting, pliable and jointless, with diamonds of blue here and there. This, with a lot of picture moulding from a sash factory, a paper of brads, a stepladder and considerable patience helped to change a rather ugly little room.

Good effects can be secured with pink and white cheesecloth, the pink gathered in tiny folds for the walls, and at about twenty inches from the ceiling the white is shirred and meets it, extending further to be gathered in a big rosette in the centre.

The latest style when papering walls with a vine or stripe is to have the lines meet at a point in the middle of the ceiling. It makes the walls seem lower, but it is novel and cheerful.

### IN JELLYING TIME.

Canning and jelly making have been begun. All fruits should be plucked before they are very ripe, and on a clear, dry day. Four or five common playing marbles in boiling fruit juice, as they move about on the bottom of the sauce pan will preclude the necessity of constant stirring in order to prevent scorching.

The housewife's frock, when engaged in such duties, should be a skirt of print or some washable material, made quite short. Over it may be worn a sort of combined waist and apron, preferably of gingham. A shirt waist made rather scantier in front than usual is supplemented by a long apron of two breadths. One half of it is sewed to the belt, the other half over the left side, attached to a belt of its own. This apron saves the sleeves of the ordinary waist worn with the usual bib apron, and is likewise cooler. It is only a moment's work to slip off this novel arrangement and don a cool fresh shirt waist.

### GOOD EGGS IN SUMMER.

Slake a peck of fresh lime in water

ing unable to secure auriferous land at the end of 1894.

### THE SETTLED POPULATION

in the Wyalong and Barmadman districts, was between 4,000 and 5,000, the number of claims worked being about 300, of which between twenty and thirty were on payable stone. In 1895 the quantity of gold obtained was 25,497 ounces; in 1896 it was 33,159 ounces; and in 1897, 34,370 ounces, being the largest auriferous output of any goldfield in the colony, the next richest being Hillgrove, with 31,886 ounces. The total yield from the Wyalong goldfield from its discovery at the end of 1893 up to the present has been estimated at 130,000 ounces, with more than £500,000.

The number and extent of the reefs promise not only a steady increase in the rate of production, but also furnish indications of its permanency. The township of Wyalong, which occupies a site practically uninhabited in 1893, now boasts of a population of about 7,000, Court House, public and private schools, branch bank, church, public offices, several large hotels, and numerous stores; also postal, telegraphic, and other facilities.

### QUEER RUSSIAN CUSTOM.

Of all the strange customs of foreign nations those that strike us to be most peculiar are the marriage customs of the Russian peasants. It is the aim of every young peasant to acquire for himself a wife that will be a suitable aid both in the field and in the kitchen, and he leaves the choice to his parents. The beauty of the young lady and her taste of dress and furniture is little considered, but instead the dispatch with which she can perform her daily duties. And in the following peculiar way her ability in that line is obtained.

The parents of the young man decide that a certain young lady would make a suitable mate for him. They say nothing about the matter to any one, but on some evening they will drop around unexpectedly to the prospective bride's home and will stay for supper. During the meal they will keep a close watch on the young lady. If she eats fast she will perform her work speedily; if she goes neatly and cleanly about her plate she will perform her work neatly and cleanly; if she does not talk much she will work, and not talk, and prove a faithful and obedient wife to her husband; if she prefers rye bread to white she will be satisfied with her lot; if she does not gaze and stare at the visitors she will be a wife that will not continually pry into her husband's business, and if she immediately proceeds to clean up the dishes after the meal she will bring prosperity to her husband and will be economical with his money.

Thus the fate of the young couple is decided. Should she prove satisfactory to the young man's parents, by the above mentioned actions, the parents stay after supper, and close the bargain with the young lady's parents over a bottle of good vodka.

A most peculiar thing about the marriage ceremony is the fact that when the couple enter the church both groom and bride make a dash for the platform on which is the pulpit. It is believed that the one whose foot touches the platform first will live the longer, and that the children will take after that one in size, health and beauty.

The festivities last three days, during which all friends and relatives celebrate a holiday. The bride is adorned in a bandana of the brightest hue and with ribbons of all colors and shades. The groom has a new fur hat and a skin overcoat tied with a belt of brightest red. The marriages generally take place in the fall, after the harvest has been gathered.

filled, and the next thing that occurred was very gratifying. The locusts began to die by hundreds of thousands and they have not since been seen in that region in sufficient numbers to do any damage.

Capt. Boileau does not suggest what seems plausible, that the old man may have discovered that his powder would kill the locusts, and to make a name for himself astonished the natives by adding a supernatural element which was the fraudulent part of his proceeding. The Captain seems to think that the miracle worker was merely favored by the appearance among the insects, of a disease at the very time his juggling was going on. Whatever it was, the result was all right. The plague was abated and the miracle worker had the credit of bringing this blessing to pass.

### THE WHITE MEN.

at the north of the lake were the beneficiaries of the second miracle, and some of them were considerably impressed by it. One day the steamer Domira ran ashore, in a fog, and before she was floated again her crew had about given her up as lost. For days with the assistance of hundreds of the natives, they dragged and hauled, but could not budge the vessel an inch. They were at their wit's end, and work for a time was suspended while the white men held a council on the shore and tried to form some new plan of rescue. They talked the matter over for an hour or so without reaching any definite idea as to the next proceeding. Just then the old worker of miracles came sauntering down to the beach and said he had something to tell the white man.

He went on that if they would let him try he was sure he could save the steamboat. He declined to tell what he would do, but said he would not harm the vessel in any way, as the whites would see, for they might look on while he was engaged in the work of salvation. The white men laughingly told him to go ahead if he thought he could do any good, and he at once stepped briskly about his business. He had to, if the miracle was to be performed by daylight, for the sun was only an hour high and there is no twilight in that tropical region.

Up to the village he hastened and soon reappeared with

### A WHITE HEN

under his arm. At his request a boat took him and his hen out to the stranded vessel, and he climbed up the side to the deck. Then he held the hen aloft, recited a few prayers and tossed the fowl into the lake, where she was drowned. The proceedings essential to save the vessel had been completed. Darkness was falling as the old man reached the shore. He told the white men the problem had been solved. They need try no new plan. All they need to do was to give another pull at the vessel next morning and she would come off without any difficulty. Sure enough, next day the steamer was floated, and required only a little pulling to get her out of the sand into clear water.

The whites, who had been so nobly re-inforced by an old negro and a hen, kept up a good deal of hard thinking that day, and some of them thought at last that they had fathomed the secret of the man's mysterious gift. In the five days they had been pulling away at the steamer the wind had been blowing strong off the lake. On the sixth day, when they got her afloat, the wind was blowing a half gale off the shore, and the men were of the opinion that the vessel was thereby loosened sufficiently to make it easy to pull her out into deeper water. They also concluded that the old man was a pretty slick piece of goods, and that unusual powers of observation and a very fertile brain are the bases of his success as a miracle worker. Their explanation is that the old man had picked up a good deal of meteorological knowledge and that his experience told him that

sovereigns he could make piles, each as high as Mont E. he could make a golden foot foot wide, along which he walk from Charing Cross to B. As recently as 1870 John D. feller had only made half dreamed of £20,000. Five years his £10,000 had become £200,000, it had grown to £10 in 1890, to £20,000,000,000; year it exceeds £50,000,000.

1870 and 1875 Mr. Rock wealth grew at the rate of twenty thousand pounds a year the next ten years the increase was nearly one million between 1885 and 1890 it was at the rate of £2,000,000 and since 1890 it has added over £3,000,000 sterling every Of this £50,000,000, three lions are invested in oil, five each in iron mines and railway securities, more than three million real estate £1,600,000 in stock, a million each in lead, natural gas, and nearly five million steamships, municipal gas, securities.

### IT WAS ON OIL

however, that Rockefeller fired his fortune, and on oil the it still floats. In his oil alone the multi-millionaire an army of 25,000 men, to pay three and three-quarter million pounds every year in none of his men earning less than eight shillings a day. His oil number 7,000; he has 200 steam oil-transport, 20,000 miles of pipe and uses every year 4,000,000 and 400,000,000 five-gallon cans. The nursery of this colossus, the eighth wonder of the world was a small warehouse, white on a modest sign-board the "Rockefeller and Hewitt." friend of the millionaire still the days when he used to find feller sorting barrels of beans as much zeal as he now displays managing his millions. I in my spare time, day and night the past few weeks," the Croesus said, "in sorting the and picking out the black beans they are extra quality and sell them at an extra price."

It was some years later, when Pennsylvania oil-fields began to yield their treasures, that Rockefeller and Andrews started a small and by a gradual process of sion and absorption laid the foundation on which was built the record fortune. From a few beans to a fortune of £50,000 a great journey, and only has made it.

### CONSUMPTION OF MATCHES

More matches are used in the United Kingdom than in any other country in the world. It has been estimated that English people use a average of eight matches each per day, and annually over 1,700,000 are burned. The largest factory is in Austria, and it uses 22,000 lbs. of phosphorus out 2,500,000,000,000 matches; the boxes alone 160,000 feet is used.

*"I would rather  
live in a  
village than  
in a city."  
said Basse.  
Blue Ribbons  
is easily found.*



and was going to change that and blow fiercely in the opposition. He thought the change would aid the work of rescue, the chance, and hit the nail on the head.

Never this may be, there is, according to the native view, not the best flaw in the old fellow's gift miracle worker. They believe a would become dry land if he speak the word, and he doesn't ride his fame by perpetrating miracles every day or two. Only at occasion brings him out, andachinery for evolving miracles is set in motion unless he feels in he has a sure thing.

# A WEALTHY ROMANCE.

a Barrel of Beans to \$250,000,000 Sterling.

One day, Charlie, some time I am a man, I want to be 100,000 dollars. And I'm going to be, too—some day."

It is less than fifty years since a farmer's son made this half-half-proud confidence as he conjuring up dreams of the future with a boy-friend, as poor as if, says London Tit-Bits.

His father farmed ninety poor acres a shore of Owasso Lake, and he had up his too numerous family small, brown-painted shanty, in it would have required dexterous swinging the proverbial cat.

One day the boy, who fifty years ago glad to hoe potatoes for a shilling a day, and who dared scarcely look to his most intimate boy-friend the dream of a day when he had £20,000, is the richest man in the world has ever known—so in fact, that he himself does not know within a few million dollars much he is worth, and can win or lose a million pounds without a smile or a sigh.

It is so rich that if he were to give away a sovereign every minute of his life, night and day, his income would still be sufficient to live.

# TWO NEW MILLIONAIRES

One year. He might give away his wealth in sovereigns every working day of the year, and still his income for fifty-two Sundays would be among the men whose annual revenue runs into six figures.

Every three days his income alone is the £20,000 of his boyish days, he wakes every morning more than £2,000 richer than when he retired to bed; while he is smoking cigar £200 is pouring into his pocket; and while he is sipping his morning cup of coffee he presents himself with five £5 notes.

One hundred horses would find strength taxed to draw the 400 of gold he has accumulated in five short years; and eight regiments of soldiers would find it difficult to carry them away. With his signs he could make sixteen million each as high as Mont Blanc; or could make a golden footpath, a wide, along which he might travel from Charing Cross to Brighton.

Recently as 1870 John D. Rockefeller had only made half of his fortune of £20,000. Five years later 10,000 had become £200,000; in 10 it had grown to £1,000,000; 20, to £20,000,000,000; and this it exceeds £50,000,000. Between 1870 and 1875 Mr. Rockefeller's fortune grew at the rate of nearly a thousand pounds a year, during the next ten years the annual increase was nearly one million pounds.

# A CAPRICIOUS MONARCH.

He Was Bribe by Coppers to Pose for His Portrait.

M. de la Neziere, who is just back from the west coast of Africa, has been spending some months in laborious attempts to paint the portrait of Samory, the vanquished king, under considerable difficulties. The dethroned potentate has the greatest objection to artists in general, and in particular deemed it a piece of gross impertinence on the part of M. de la Neziere, to want to catch his likeness. His dusky majesty had to be coaxed with innumerable gifts of cigarettes, matches, and coppers into giving the painter a sitting. Among all the presents showered upon him, small change which he used promptly to put in his mouth as a precaution against pickpockets, was what he liked best. At last Samory was mollified, began to call M. de la Neziere by the only French word that he knew "camarade," and graciously consented to sit. The unfortunate artist's difficulties were not yet, however, at an end. When Samory saw his royal features being drawn upon the canvas, he was suddenly taken with a bashful fit that lasted on and off for weeks. He used every now and then to hide his countenance beneath his turban and resolutely refuse to unveil. Whenever it happened that Samory's feelings of modesty were thus unaccountably hurt, the sitting had invariably to be given up for the day. At

# Date of General Election.

When is it to be? This question is disturbing the souls of politicians. In view of the material alteration in the commercial policy of the country which would be involved in a change of government it is a matter which concerns the general public. Meanwhile the aching corns of the populace cry for a remedy and the government give no heed to the demand. Look here! don't suffer this neglect to delay the use of means open to all and which removes the most painful and obstinate corns in two days. Painless, sure acting corn cure, Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor.

A man never fully realizes the joys of home until he sits at his own table and criticises his wife's cooking.

**O'KEEFE'S LIQUID EXTRACT OF MALT**  
Invigorates and Strengthens.  
W. LLOYD WOOD, Toronto, GENERAL AGENT.

The greatest offense you can give the really hospitable woman is to fail to eat heartily of the food she sets before you.

**La Toscana, 10c.** RELIANCE CIGAR FACTORY, Montreal.

A woman carried away by her emotions generally discovers that the same conveyance is not to be had to bring her back.

# DISCOVERED AT LAST.

A wholesome, nourishing preparation which takes the place of tea and coffee cures indigestion, and all complaints caused by tea and coffee which are poisonous. "Rokoo Health Drink" is absolutely pure and is used at your meals instead of coffee. At 10c. package will make 75 cups. Rokoo also makes a delicious summer iced drink. For sale by grocers. Ask for it.

The stage-struck girl receives a severe shock when she sees for the first time some popular matinee idol off the stage.

**Hotel Carslake.** European Plan. Rooms from \$1 a day up. Opp. G.T.E. Station, Montreal. Geo. Carslake & Co., Prop.

NEVER CHANGES—The Uniformly High Quality of

# LUDELLA

CEYLON TEA

Lead packages, 25, 30, 40, 50 & 60c.

**A BOON FOR THE LAME!**  
THE IVEY PATENT EXTENSION SHOE CO.,

Are anxious to secure the address of every lame man and woman in Canada whose lame ness consists in one limb being shorter than the other, and are offering good paying employment to every lame person who will take the trouble to write for circulars and call to act as agents. Get one of the Extensions for yourself and you will, after wearing it a week, have no trouble to convince others of its value.

This Extension is by far the best of its nature ever placed on the market, and enables the wearer to walk upright, to walk with ease and comfort, to wear any ordinary shoe, and gives them the same appearance as their more fortunate friends. Descriptive circulars free to all. Ask for terms to agents. Address

**170 BAY STREET, TORONTO, CANADA.**

Frills are so fashionable that a woman can be forgiven if her temper gets ruffled at times.

**"Pharaoh 10c."** Payee, of Granby, Que. Clear Manufacturer.

The woman who doesn't own any furs is spared the worry about moths destroying them.

**LUBY'S** Gives new life to the Hair. It makes it grow and restores the color. Sold by all druggists. 50c. a bottle.

Some of the new designs in bed room wall paper are better than alarm clocks in that instead of waking persons at a given time they would never let them go to sleep at all.

**CALVERT'S** Carbolic Disinfectants, Soaps, Ointment, Tooth Powders, etc., have been awarded 100 medals and diplomas for superior excellence. Their regular use prevents infectious diseases. Ask your dealer to obtain a supply. Lists mailed free on application.

**F. C. CALVERT & CO., MANCHESTER, ENGLAND.**

**ONE NIGHT** Corn Cure. Ask your druggist for it. Price 10c.

**The "Balmoral,"** Free Bus Am. Plan. \$1.50 & up.

**Catholic Prayer** Books, Rosaries, etc., Religious Pictures, Statuary, and Church Ornaments. Mail orders receive prompt attention.

**S. & J. SADLER & CO., Montreal.**

**PATENTS** Procured in all countries. Designs, Trade Marks registered. Copyrights. Crests procured. Write for information.

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**LAW** Mills, Mills & Males Barristers, etc., removed to Wesley Bldg., Richmond St. W., Toronto.

**CUTTING SCHOOL—** Tailors and Dress-makers, send for catalogue. **C. & D. SCHOOL CO., Montreal.**

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**Boiler Makers!** Fitters! Lathe Hands!

We can give good mechanics steady work, good wages, cool, well lighted, well-heated shop, best modern conveniences.

Brantford is a healthy, progressive city, Living cheap.

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**EARN** The beautiful rolled gold ring set with three brilliants. By selling one dozen American Rose Stick Pins at 10c each. They are imperishable, pretty and easily sold. Sell them, return the money, and send this valuable ring in velvet-lined case, by return mail.

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**Ideal Leather Polish** Will keep your shoes soft as velvet. **MADE IN ALL COLORS.** **SOLD EVERYWHERE.**

**SUMMER SESSION** **NIMMO & HARRISON,** BUSINESS AND SHORTHAND COLLEGE, I.O.O.F. Building, Cor. Yonge and College Sts., Toronto. Thorough and practical instruction in all subjects pertaining to a thorough business or shorthand education. Thorough preparation for Island Bards and Civil Service examinations. Open entire year, day and evening. Send postal for free information.

**4** Per Month Paid Regularly on Investments. A surplus over this regular dividend distributed quarterly. A \$5 amount from \$50 upwards reserved for investment. This Company's plan meets the requirements of thousands who are seeking a safe and profitable investment, and is creating a widespread interest among investors in all parts of the Dominion. **FREE** giving full particulars—shows how \$100 may become \$100,000 in ten years by allowing surplus profits to compound in safe and conservative speculative investments.

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**CARD INDEX..** The only perfect system for keeping names and addresses. Sample tray sent. **\$3.** The Office Specialty Mfg. Co., Limited, 139 and 141 Bay St., TORONTO. Factory: Newmarket.

of soldiers would find it difficult to carry them away. With his guns he could make sixteen such as high as Mont Blanc; or he could make a golden footpath, a mile, along which he might roam Charing Cross to Brighton. Recently as 1870 John D. Rockefeller had only made half of his \$20,000. Five years later \$20,000 had become \$200,000; in ten years it had grown to \$1,000,000; in twenty years it had grown to \$20,000,000; and this exceeds \$50,000,000. Between 1875 and 1885 Mr. Rockefeller's grew at the rate of nearly a thousand pounds a year, during the next ten years the annual increase was nearly one million pounds; in 1885 and 1890 it progressed at the rate of \$2,000,000 a year; in 1890 it had added to itself \$3,000,000 sterling every year. His \$50,000,000, thirty million invested in oil, five millions in iron mines and railway securities, more than three millions in state securities, and nearly five millions in ships, municipal gas, and other investments.

**IT WAS ON OIL**  
 that Rockefeller first floated his fortune, and on oil the bulk of his fortune. In his oil industry the multi-millionaire employs a staff of 25,000 men, to whom he pays a salary and three-quarters of a cent a pound every year in wages. Of his men earning less than \$100 a day. His oil-wagons numbered 7,000; he has 200 steamers for transport, 20,000 miles of pipe-lines as every year 4,000,000 barrels of oil are produced. His five-gallon cans, the nursery of this colossal fortune, are the eighth wonder of the world, small as they are, which bore the oddest sign-board the names of Rockefeller and Hewitt. An old friend of the millionaire still recalls when he used to find Rockefeller sorting barrels of beans with his own hands. I have put spare time, day and night, for several weeks," the coming said, "in sorting them over, looking out the black beans. Now he gets extra quality and we shall get an extra price." As some years later, when the Iranian oil-fields began to yield their treasures, that Rockefeller drew started a small refinery, a gradual process of extended absorption laid the foundation which was built the world's fortune. From a barrel of oil to a fortune of \$50,000,000 is a journey, and only one man did it.

**SUMPTION OF MATCHES.**  
 matches are used in the United Kingdom than in any other country in the world. It has been estimated that English people use an average of eight matches each person per day annually over 1,700,000,000. The largest match is in Austria, and each year 22,000 lbs. of phosphorus, turns 10,000,000,000 matches and for each alone 160,000 feet of wood

tion which takes the place of tea and coffee cures indigestion, and all complaints caused by tea and coffee which are poisonous. "Rocko Health Drink" is absolutely pure and is used at meals instead of coffee. A 10c. package will make 75 cups. Rocko also makes a delicious summer iced drink. For sale by grocers. Ask for it.

The stage-struck girl receives a severe shock when she sees for the first time some popular matinee idol off the stage.

**Hotel Carslake,** European Plan. Room from \$1 a day up. Opp. G.T.R. Station, Montreal. Geo. Carslake & Co., Prop's.

A woman may say all sorts of unkind things about her husband, but she is not true blue if she lets any one else say them.

**For Over Fifty Years**  
 Mrs. Winslow's SOOTHING SYRUP has been used by mothers for their children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. 25c. a bottle. Sold by all druggists throughout the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup."

A man glorifies a woman's freckles into beauty spots until he marries her, when he soon tells her the candid truth about them.

**Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury**

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surface. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo, Ohio by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free. Sold by Druggists, price 75c. per bottle. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

**HIS ONLY CHANCE.**  
 Do you know that you talk in your sleep, Henry? asked Mrs. Peck. Well, do you begrudge me those few words, also? he snapped back.

W P C 982

## \$5 Tires

Double Tubes, give good service  
—Send in early—won't last long.

—Headquarters for—  
 —Goodrich Single Tubes,  
 —C. & J. Detachable,  
 —Morgan & Wright,  
 —Bicycle Sundries, Saddles, Tubes, &c.  
 Dealers' prices on application.

**American Tire Co.,**  
 164-168 King St. West,  
 TORONTO.

*I would rather be first in a village than second in Rome," said Kaiser.*  
**Blue Ribbon Ceylon Tea**  
*is easily first everywhere.*

and stomach, takes the place of tea and coffee cures indigestion, and all complaints caused by tea and coffee which are poisonous. "Rocko Health Drink" is absolutely pure and is used at meals instead of coffee. A 10c. package will make 75 cups. Rocko also makes a delicious summer iced drink. For sale by grocers. Ask for it.

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**ROOFING and Sheet Metal Works.** ROOFING SLATE, in Black, Red or Green. SLATE BLACKBOARDS. We supply Public and High Schools (Toronto), Roofing felt, Pitch, Coal Tar, etc. ROOFING TILE (See New City Buildings, Toronto, done by our firm). Metal Ceilings, Ornaments, etc. Estimates furnished for work complete or for materials shipped to any part of the country. Phone 1896. **O. DUTHIE & SONS, Adelaide & Widmer Sts., Toronto.**

**Brantford** Calvanized Steel Windmills and Towers. ALSO Steel Flag Stacks, Grain Grinders, Iron and Wood Pumps, Bee Supplies. **BRANTFORD CAN.** Send for New Catalogue. Mention this paper.

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**BINDER** HIGHEST GRADES. **TWINE.** LOWEST PRICES. **Rope, Lath Yarn, and Eloyoles.** Dealers, Ask for Quotations.

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**Michigan Land for Sale.** 8,000 ACRES GOOD FARMING LANDS—ARENAC, Iosco, Ogemaw and Crawford Counties. This perfect. On Michigan Central, Detroit & Mackinac and Loom Lake Railroads, at prices ranging from \$2.00 per acre. These lands are close to enterprising New Towns, Churches, Schools, etc., and will be sold on most reasonable terms. Apply to **R. M. PIERCE, Agent,** West Bay City, Mich. Or **J. W. CURTIS,** Whittemore, Mich.

**FARM FOR SALE.** 195 ACRES SITUATED in Waterloo Co., Wilmot Tp., Ont., 1 mile north of New Dundee and 3 miles south of Peterborough. 90 Q.T.B. the land slopes gently towards south and east; is a rich clay loam, in a good state of cultivation; there are 2 acres of orchard and garden, about 20 acres of good hardwood bush, cedar and spruce hedge around buildings, and 200 maple trees bordering on farm; and soft water at house; barn supplied with spring water by hydraulic ram; power wheel on barn; about 20 acres of wheat, 45 meadow. Business spring crop (corn) can be brought with a single drop. For terms address **ISRAEL CRESSMAN,** New Dundee, Ont.

**THE PETERBOROUGH CANOE CO.** SEND FOR CATALOGUE. Successors to CANOE CO. (LIMITED.) Ontario Canoe Co. **J. Z. ROGERS, Manager.** PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO, CANADA.

**FARMERS--** "NEVER TURN A WHEEL UNLESS YOU GET 'PEERLESS' IT'S FINE OIL." No Gum—No Heating—Saves the Machinery—Lasts longer—Great Saving to use it. Hardware and General Stores sell it for their best oil. **THE QUEEN CITY OIL CO., LIMITED** SAM. ROGERS PRES. TORONTO

**ALLAN LINE** ROYAL MAIL ST. LAWRENCE ROUTE, MONTREAL TO LIVERPOOL. EVERY THURSDAY. From Liverpool: 20 July... PARISIEN... 3 August 27 July... LAURENTIAN... 10 August 3 August... CALIFORNIAN... 17 August 10 August... TAINUI... 24 August 17 August... PARISIEN... 31 August. The new Twin Screw S.S. Bavarian, 10,000 tons, will sail from Liverpool Aug. 24, and from Montreal Sept. 7. Cabin Passage—\$50.00 and upwards. Second Cabin—\$35.00, Return \$68.50. Steerage—Liverpool, London, Glasgow, Londonderry, Queenstown, \$23.50. For further information apply to **H. BOURLIER, 77 Yonge St., Toronto,** or **H. & A. ALLAN, Montreal.**

**HEALTH RESTORED** without medicine or surgery to the most disordered Stomach, Lungs, Nerves, Liver, Blood, Bladder, Kidneys, Brain and Breathe by **Du Barry's Revalenta Arabica Food,** which Saves Invalids and Children, and also Rears successfully Infants whose Aliments and Debility have resisted all other treatments. It digests when all other Food is rejected, saves 50 times its cost in medicine. Invariable Success. 100,000 Annual Cures of Constipation, Flatulency, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Consumption, Diabetes, Bronchitis, Throat, Coughs, Asthma, Catarrh, Rheg, Blarrah, Nervous Debility, Sleeplessness, Despondency. (Limited) 77 Regent Street. **Du Barry & Co.,** London, W., also in Paris, 14 Rue de Castiglione, and at all Grocers, Chemists, and Stores everywhere. Also Du Barry's Revalenta Biscuits in 1/2 lb. and 1/4 lb. Agents for Canada: The T. Eaton Co., Limited, Toronto.



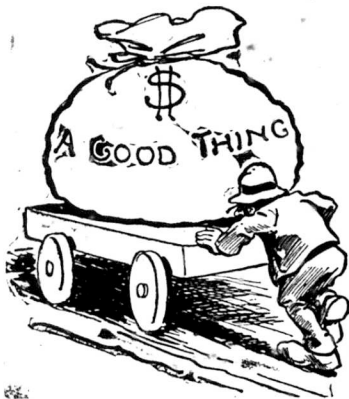
# STRAW HATS....

For Men  
and Boys

The balance of our Straw and Linen Hats must go at less than 50 cents on the \$, as we do not intend carrying any over to next season. Now is your time to buy one at a bargain.

## J. L. BOYES,

Men's and Boys' Outfitters.



## Dafoe's Nonsuch Flour

—IS A GOOD THING, and its own reputation is pushing it along. It is now acknowledged to be the best family flour in the market. Try it and you will also find it to be the cheapest, as it always makes good bread and no waste.

Also Choice Manitoba Flour, Patent and Strong Baker's.

Highest market price paid for Wheat and all kinds of grain at Big Mill.

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ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.  
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JOHN POLLARD,  
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.  
Express Office, Napanee.  
Strictly Private and Confidential.

R. J. WRIGHT,  
Issuer of Marriage Licenses,  
Bridge Street, opposite West Ward  
School, Napanee.

Mr. Frank Lee has secured a new Brantford Tracer.

For an up-to-date, stylish hair cut try D. McGoun.

Close's Mills grind in the forenoons of Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

## The Napanee Express

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, JULY 28, 1899.

All local reading notices or notices announcing entertainments at which a fee is charged for admission, will be charged 50 per line for each insertion, if in ordinary type. In black type the price will be 100 per line each insertion.

### For Sale.

Good cow. Would accept good approved note, six months, 6%. Enquire of JAMES BIRRELL.

Don't miss the Fireworks in the Park, Thursday evening, August 3rd.

### The Largest and Finest

Assortment of belt buckles, neck buckles, blouse sets and ladies' long guards in town at prices to surprise you. Examine our window display for the newest things.

F. CHINNECK'S Jewelry Store.

### Closed Up.

All stores will be closed on Wednesday, August 9th, Civic Holiday. Everybody is invited to the Oddfellows' excursion to Kingston and Alexandria Bay by G. T. R. and palace steamer New York. Leave Napanee at noon, home by 10 o'clock. Go and enjoy a sail through the Islands, they never were more attractive than now and the boat is a floating palace. Supper will be furnished on board for those who wish. Remember the date—Wednesday, August 9th, Civic Holiday.

### A League Meeting.

A meeting of the executive of the Quinte Racing League was held at the Paisley House, Napanee, on Friday evening last. It was decided that the trophy should become the property of the club winning it for two years, not necessarily in succession. In case of a tie for first place at the end of the season, a final heat at the close of the last race meet will decide between the equal clubs. A club unable to send the full number of representatives to a meet will be allowed one point for each man short. If a protest against any particular rider is allowed by the chairman of the racing board, any points scored after the protest is lodged will be disallowed. The annual meeting of the league will be held on same day and date as the annual meeting of the Quinte district of the C. W. A. This date, either Thanksgiving day or the first Monday of February, will be left in the hands of Chief Consul Hoag to determine.

### Grand Evening Festival.

Another of the very enjoyable festivals which took place last July in the Driving park will be given next Thursday evening, 3rd August. The amusements will begin at 6 o'clock with a baseball match between the guests at Camp Le Nid and a picked team from Napanee. The bicycle races under the management of the C. W. A. will commence at 7 o'clock.

District race—1st, Medal; 2nd, Umbrella; 3rd, Pipe in case.  
Local race—1st, Medal; 2nd, Cane; 3rd, Stockings.

Boys' race (under 15)—1st, Fishing Rod; 2nd, Cyclometer; 3rd, Knife in case.

Best decorated wheel—Ladies', 1st, Sterling silver Belt Buckle, enamelled; 2nd, two silver Hat Pins. Gentlemen's, Fountain pen.

Cake walk, drill of Boys' Brigade, including firing exercise, under command of Lieut. Maybee. The amusements will conclude with a magnificent display of

## FIREWORKS!

from the establishment of R. K. Holland, Montreal. Picton band will be in attendance and will bring an excursion with them. Gates open 5.30 o'clock. Admission 15c., children 10c.

### NAPANEE BICYCLE RACES.

The Napanee Bicycle club held the second race meet of the Bay of Quinte League at the Driving park, on Friday afternoon last. A fair crowd of spectators was in attend-

## GO TO— THE MEDICAL—HALL

FOR

Drugs, (Everything fresh and good)

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"Quality" First, Last and Always.

DETLOR & WALLACE.

### House to Let.

On Thomas street, one door west of Hemstreet's grocery. For information apply to Mrs. Jos. Craig, Oshawa, Ont. 31dp

### Cheap Groceries and Flour.

If you want bargains in flour, gem jars or groceries call on A. Smith, who has purchased S. R. Percy's stock and will sell everything in the store at greatly reduced prices. First-class butter will be kept constantly on hand. A. SMITH.

### Delays Are Dangerous.

If you are straining your eyes you are draining your entire supply of nerve energy. Our record book contains names of hundreds whom we have fitted, who can testify to the benefits they have received from our glasses and to our ability of adapting them to their requirements. Sight tested free. F. CHINNECK'S Jewelry Store.

### Successful Excursion.

On Tuesday the steamer Merritt took a full load of passengers to Glen Island, Glenora and Picton, it being the annual excursion of the Western Methodist Sunday School. About one hundred of the excursionists took cabs at Picton and journeyed to the Sandbanks. All report an exceedingly successful outing.

### An Excellent Service.

A number of Napanee Oddfellows and their friends journeyed to Picton on Sunday last per steamer Reindeer to attend the annual decoration service of Picton Lodge. A number of Belleville brethren, accompanied by the Oddfellows' band, were also in attendance. The service in the Picton cemetery was one to be remembered and shows the respect which all true Oddfellows show the remains of departed brethren.

### Nearly Drowned.

Harold Baughn attended the W. M. S. S. excursion to the Sandbanks on Tuesday. While there he went in swimming with some companions and came very near drowning. He sank for the third time when Luther Wagar brought him to the surface. On shore willing hands set to work to bring him back to life. After nearly an hour's work their efforts proved successful. Wagar is but a young lad and great praise is due him for his bravery. Mr. Baughn wishes to tender his heartfelt thanks to those who assisted in bringing his son back to life.

## Grand Evening Festival, Driving Park,

THURSDAY EVENING,  
AUGUST 3rd.

## FIREWORKS!

Bicycle Races, competition for best decorated wheel. Cake Walk, Baseball, Boys' Brigade exhibition of drill with firing exercises under command of Lieut. Maybee.

### PICTON BAND.

See Local Notice.

### THE ROSE MAIDEN.

### A Thoroughly Enjoyable Programme.

A large and most enthusiastic audience greeted the Napanee Choral Society last evening at the Opera House in their production of one of the finest cantatas it has ever presented to the public.

## PERSONALS.

Miss Rosa Shibley, and Babcock, of Wilton, and Miss of Murvale, left Napanee Wednesday at 6.40 on bicycles, for home.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Shibley, Hogboom, and Mr. Demming to Wilton and Portland last Sunday.

Mrs. John A. Shibley, of Home, treated her guests to a dinner on the yacht Dauntless, last Wednesday.

Mrs. J. D. Hayes, of Detroit, her cousin, Mrs. Isaac Lockhart.

Mr. George Perry, son of J. left Dawson City, June 11th, Michaels, and arrived home Sunday evening.

Dr. and Mrs. Meacham and Mrs. of Japan, were calling on friends on Monday.

Ex-Governor Ladd, of Provincetown, is spending a week with Shibley at the Shibley Home.

Mr. Tom Coates, of New York, his parents Mr. and Mrs. Jno.

Messrs. F. Grieve, A. M. Boyes, and G. Thompson, spent Picton.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Dey Windsor, of Toronto, spent Alexandria Bay.

Messrs. F. H. Carson, and leave next week for a few among the 1000 Islands in yacht, Satisfaction.

Miss Grasset, of Los Angeles has been the guest of the Miss for the past few weeks left for week.

Mr. Roland Paul, of New York in the Western Methodist church next, July 30th, both morning.

Velma Wartman, of Harrington, visiting Mr. James Fellows friends in town.

Mr. Sperry Shibley and wife Shibley, and Miss Maggie Wilton, with Miss Edna Guess, took in the excursion to Picton day.

Miss Slater, M.A., of Niagara, guest of Mrs. (Rev.) McDonald.

Mrs. E. Bicknell, returned from a visit to her sister, Rochester, N. Y.

Mr. Geo. O'Hare, of Rochester, on a visit to his parents.

Mrs. Lewis Tisdale, of Kings, few days in town this week.

Mr. Jno. Carson, and Mrs. Carson spent a few days this Sand Banks.

Mr. Levi Wagar and wife Robinson, and Misses Robinson spent a very pleasant week at Camp Wax, returning Wednesday.

Mr. Josh Bennett, of Watertown, paid a visit to his mother on Sunday.

Mrs. Andrew Lalonde, of spending a couple of weeks in town.

Mr. Andrew Lalonde, of Toronto, town this week. He has his house on Robert street.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Overacker, N.Y., are the guests of Mr. Robert Wales.

Mrs. Samuel Huff and daughter, and Jennie, of Bradford, Pa., friends and relatives in town.

Mrs. Nicholas Vansant, of Kingston, Saturday last, after spending a few friends and relatives in Kingston.

Miss Grace Crooker, of Toronto, guest of Mrs. D. Henwood.

Mr. Barnfield, manager of American Telegraph Co., was in Friday last.

Mrs. G. Stacy, son Harry, an Mary, of Philadelphia, P.A., are of Mrs. Stacy's sister, Mrs. Jas Piety Hill.

Mr. Jno. McKee, of Ezra Pringle, smith shop, left on Wednesday for where he has secured a good situation.

Mr. W. Tobey, and children were the guests of A. C. Tobey.

**JOHN POLLARD,**  
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.  
Express Office, Nananee.  
Strictly Private and Confidential.

**R. J. WRIGHT,**  
Issuer of Marriage Licenses.  
Bridge Street, opposite West Ward  
School, Nananee.

Mr. Frank Lee has secured a new Brantford racer.

For an up-to-date, stylish hair cut try D. McGoun.

Close's Mills grind in the forenoons of Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

"Necessity knows no law." It is a law of Nature that the blood must be kept pure, and Hood's Sarsaparilla does it.

Mrs. Samuel Jones is recovering from the injuries she received in an accident eight weeks ago, when she broke a thigh bone. She is now able to turn and takes a little more ease.

A. S. Kimmerly has plenty of Bran and White Shorts always in stock. Good flour \$1.85 per 100, Family flour \$1.70, Car load of fruit jars for sale, Pure Paris Green 18c. a pound. Remember we are selling sugars cheaper than all other dealers. All patent medicines at cut rate prices. Best machine oil 30c. a gallon.

## Children Cry for CASTORIA.

A base ball match between the employees of the Gibbard Furniture Co. was played on Saturday afternoon last, on the palace grounds. The finishers and the boys from the factory furnished the material, with the result that the finishers defeated their opponents by a score of 13 runs to 9 in a two inning game.

**TO THE DEAF.**—A rich lady, cured of her Deafness and Noises in the Head by Dr. Nicholson's Artificial Ear Drums, has sent £1,000 to his Institute, so that deaf people unable to procure the Ear Drums may have them free. Apply to Department A. W. G. The Institute, "Longcott," Gunnersbury, London, W., England. 24-1-ly.

### No Limit to Happiness.

There is no limit to earthly happiness after a rheumatic sufferer has once used Dr. Hall's Rheumatic Cure. Mr. John Clarke, Pittsburgh, Ont., suffered with Muscular Rheumatism in his legs for ten months. He tried doctors and numerous patent medicines without relief. One bottle of Dr. Hall's Rheumatic Cure cured him completely. He has not suffered with the disease since. This preparation is used internally. One bottle contains ten days' treatment, price 50 cents. For sale at all drug stores.

## Rimless Glasses



## Are Fashionable

Not invisible but nearly so. They can be made up with either solid gold, gold filled (warranted 10 years), or nickel trimmings. They are not expensive. We adjust them so that they are perfectly adapted to the features.

**H. E. Smith,**  
GRADUATE OPTICIAN,  
Smith's Jewelry Store,  
Nananee.

Lieut. Maybee. The amusements will conclude with a magnificent display of

## FIREWORKS!

from the establishment of R. K. Holland, Montreal. Picton band will be in attendance and will bring an excursion with them. Gates open 5.30 o'clock. Admission 15c., children 10c.

### NANANEE BICYCLE RACES.

The Nananee Bicycle club held the second race meet of the Bay of Quinte League at the Driving park, on Friday afternoon last. A fair crowd of spectators was in attendance and a large number of wheelmen entered for the various races. All the events were hotly contested and some very exciting finishes kept the interest of the spectators fully aroused. The prizes awarded were very handsome and the winners were more than satisfied with their winnings. Following is the summary of the races:

#### ONE MILE NOVICE.

Value of prizes—1st \$12, 2nd \$6, 3rd \$5.  
J. Pulkinghorn, Deseronto..... 1  
F. Davidson, Peterboro..... 2  
C. F. Dale, Belleville..... 3

#### TROPHY RACE—1st Heat.

Chas. Baker, Deseronto..... 1  
E. A. Ford, Belleville..... 2  
J. F. Martin, Kingston..... 3

#### 2nd Heat.

M. F. Oliver, Deseronto..... 1  
L. Gilbert, Picton..... 2  
C. Powell, Kingston..... 3

#### 3rd Heat.

J. Pulkinghorn, Deseronto..... 1  
F. Lee, Nananee..... 2  
E. A. Ridley, Belleville..... 3

#### ONE MILE OPEN.

Value of prizes—1st \$10.50, 2nd \$7, 3rd \$5.  
J. Pulkinghorn, Deseronto..... 1  
E. Johnson, Deseronto..... 2  
E. A. Ford, Belleville..... 3

#### ONE MILE CLUB RACE.

Value of prizes—1st \$6, 2nd \$4, 3rd \$2.50.  
W. B. Vanalstine, Nananee..... 1  
Frank Lee, "..... 2  
R. McCreary, "..... 3

#### HALF MILE OPEN.

Value of prizes—1st \$12, 2nd \$6, 3rd \$5.  
J. F. Martin, Kingston..... 1  
C. Baker, Deseronto..... 2  
E. A. Ford, Belleville..... 3

#### FIVE MILE RACE.

Value of prizes—1st \$8, 2nd \$6, 3rd \$4.  
J. F. Martin, Kingston..... 1  
E. Johnson, Deseronto..... 2  
F. Davidson, Peterboro..... 3

Mr. R. J. Wilson, Kingston, filled the position of Starter to the entire satisfaction of all. The Judges were: F. Chinneck, Dr. Leonard, Max Fox, F. S. Richardson and George Caton. Scorer, J. A. Pringle.

The following is the result of the third meeting of the Bay of Quinte Racing League held under the auspices of the Maple Leaf Bicycle Club, at Trenton, on Wednesday:

One mile novice—E. A. Ford, Belleville, 1; F. Davidson, Peterboro, 2; C. Smith, Trenton, 3.

First heat, League event—J. F. Martin, Kingston, 1; E. W. Baker, Deseronto, 2; C. Smith, Trenton, 3. Time 3.42.

Second heat, League event—J. Pulkinghorn, Deseronto, 1; E. Powell, Kingston, 2; W. Young, Trenton, 3. Time 3.20.

Third heat, League event—M. Oliver, Deseronto, 1; J. Row, Belleville, 2; N. J. Robertson, Kingston, 3. Time 3.05.

One mile open—F. Ernest, Rochester, 1; E. Ford, Trenton, 2; N. J. Robertson, Kingston, 3. Time 2.34.

Half mile open—F. Ernest, Rochester, 1; M. Oliver, Deseronto, 2; E. Ford, Trenton, 3. Time 1.10.35.

Boys' race, one mile open—S. Pyam, Port Hope, 1; G. Walker, Belleville, 2; F. Welch, Port Hope, 3. Time 2.40.

Two mile handicap, open—J. F. Martin, Kingston, 1; F. Davidson, Peterboro, 2.

Two mile handicap, Maple Leaf Bicycle Club, Trenton—C. Smith 1, W. Young 2, D. Fairman, 3.

The Nananee Bicycle Club was not represented by a team at the Trenton meet.

with firing exercises under command of Lieut. Maybee. **PICTON BAND.**

See Local Notice.

### THE ROSE MAIDEN.

A Thoroughly Enjoyable Programme.

A large and most enthusiastic audience greeted the Nananee Choral Society last evening at the Opera House in their production of one of the finest cantatas it has been our pleasure to hear. Frederic H. Cowen's "Rose Maiden" was given by a chorus of our leading singers. A masterpiece of work, thrilling the audience with fine harmony and excellent shading from the strongest forte to the softest piano; the Tempo, the Attack and the endings done in a manner worthy of artists, the whole affair being a revelation to the audience. Mr. F. W. Wodell, of Boston, the conductor, seemed very pleased at the result of his work and merits all the praise that has been given him as a singer, lecturer and conductor. He has great magnetic power, judging from the magnificent response from the chorus.

Mrs. Burritt, Mrs. Vanluven, Mrs. Herring and Mrs. Boyes did excellent work, taking their solos in good clear voice and enunciation. They had no easy task to perform in their parts in duets and trios with Mr. Paul and Mr. Wodell, which were all faithfully and well done. We have never heard them to better advantage, showing careful preparation.

Our Miss Lillian M. Hall presided at a magnificent Gerhard Heintzman Grand piano, which responded to all demands and is truly a wonderful instrument. Miss Hall had a most difficult part to perform. She had her notes to make and, like the singers, she had to keep one eye on that conductor. How perfectly she does her work was heard all round. Alike in full chorus and solo she is master of the art of accompanying singers. Her piano solo was a gem and delighted all.

Mr. Roland Paul, of New York, took the tenor solos in the cantata in a masterly way and sang in the second part of the programme "A Song of Thanksgiving" with splendid effect. All were charmed with his singing. As he belongs to our country we shall watch with interest his musical career, which we expect will be bright.

Mr. F. W. Wodell, the conductor, we have in a few weeks past spoken of to some extent as a lecturer and singer, and last evening we did hear him sing, for he took the baritone solos in the cantata and sang a beautiful solo in the second part. A voice of great compass and so sweet and pleasing to listen to, so easy for him to sing that we were delighted to hear him. We are also pleased to say that an effort is to be made for next season to have him take charge of a grand convention here for four days, when a chorus of 500 will take part in some excellent work. This will bring thousands to our town to hear the grand music that will be given.

The following is a list of the chorus singers: Soprano—Mesdames Burritt, Vanluven, Cowan, English, Lapum, Rockwell, McNaughton, Cathro, Wolfe, and Misses Scott, Coxall, Adams, Light, Lake, Lane, Embury, Lineau, Templeton. Alto—Misses Scott, Grieve, McHenry, F. Hall, L. Hall; Mesdames O. Herring, James Herring, Gordanier, Boyes, Wartman and Master Rockwell. Tenor—Messrs. Rockwell, Herring and Clark. Bass—Messrs. Craig, Vandervoort, Parkinson, Lapum, McHenry, Rockwell and Lineau.

Razors honed in first class shape The at Royal Hotel Barber Shop.

Close's Mills grind in the forenoons of Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

USE—

### COFFALINE

for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis and Grippe.

"IT CURES"

Sent by mail on receipt of price, 25c.

**Detlor & Wallace.**

AGENTS.

ing friends and relatives in Kings! Miss Grace Crookes of Toronto guest of Mrs. D. Henwood.

Mr. Barnfield, manager of the American Telegraph Co., was in Friday last.

Mrs. G. Stacy, son Harry, and Mary, of Philadelphia, P.A., are the guests of Mrs. Stacey's sister, Mrs. Jas. J. Piety Hill.

Mr. Jno. McKee, of Ezra Pringle smith shop, left on Wednesday for where he has secured a good situation.

Mr. W. Tobey, and children, were the guests of A. C. Tobey, a few days last week.

Miss Emma Baughan and Mrs. J. of Newburgh, have been stopping past week at Mr. Geo. Baughan's, street.

O. V. Bartells and Miss Vera, of ton, are visiting their cousins Mr. C. Austin Robinson, Violet.

Lawyer Mundell and wife, of B wheeled out and spent a few days with cousins, Mr. and Mrs. C. Austin R. Violet.

Mrs. Albert Bartlett, and two of Rochester, N. Y., are visiting the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Huff.

B. B. Shibley and wife, of Port visiting at Mr. Chancy Lapum's.

G. W. Shibley and wife, of Picton Sunday and Monday with friends in Nananee.

Mrs. C. W. Ramsay, of Toronto town last week.

Mr. George Bastin is spending days at his home in Uxbridge.

Mr. C. A. Cornell, of cur to secured a position in Kingston.

Mr. Charles Curlett, of Adolph was in town Thursday.

Miss Heck, of Brockville, is visiting sister Mrs. Dr. Cowan, Nananee.

Miss Maggie Storms, of Wilton guest of Mrs. Bruton this week.

Miss Pansy Fairweather, is spending weeks with friends in Hartington.

## Hats

We are sole agents for Wilkison and Carter no better Hats are

## Shirts

We are showing a handsome line of Good, and also the C BRATED KING SI

## Suits and Overcoatings.

We are showing the range of Spring Suits and Overcoatings we had, Imported direct by us from London Glasgow.

**D. J. Hogg & SON.**



## PERSONALS.

Rosa Shibley, and Miss Pearl E. of Wilton, and Miss Edna Guess, of Napanee, left Napanee Wednesday evening, 11.40 on bicycles, for home and friends.

and Mrs. G. W. Shibley, Mrs. Robert Som, and Mr. Demming, made a trip on and Portland last Saturday and Sunday.

John A. Shibley, of the Shibley treated her guests to a fishing excursion on the yacht Dautless, down the bay Wednesday.

J. D. Hayes, of Detroit, is visiting his son, Mrs. Isaac Lockwood, of our town.

George Perry, son of James Perry, of Dawson City, June 13th via St. Louis, and arrived home late last Tuesday.

and Mrs. Meacham and Miss Moulton, were calling on friends in Napanee today.

Governor Ladd, of Providence, Rhode Island, is spending a week with Mrs. J. A. at the Shibley Home.

Tom Coates, of New York, is visiting his parents Mr. and Mrs. Jno. Coates.

Mrs. F. Grieve, A. McMillan, W. and G. Thompson, spent Sunday in town.

and Mrs. Wm. Dey and Miss G. of Toronto, spent Sunday at Maria Bay.

Mrs. F. H. Carson, and E. J. Pollard spent week for a few weeks cruise the 1000 Islands in Mr. Carson's Satisfaction.

Grassett, of Los Angeles, Cal., who is the guest of the Misses Harshaw spent a few weeks left for home this morning.

Coland Paul, of New York, will sing Western Methodist church on Sunday July 30th, both morning and evening. A. Wartman, of Harrowmuth, is in town.

Sperry Shibley and wife, Miss Rosa, and Miss Maggie Storms, of Napanee, with Miss Edna Guess, of Murvale, the excursion to Picton last Tuesday.

Slater, M.A., of Niagara Falls, is the guest of Mrs. (Rev.) McDonald.

E. Bicknell, returned on Wednesday on a visit to her son Albert, of N. Y.

Geo. O'Hare, of Rochester, is home to visit his parents.

Lewis Tisdale, of Kingston, spent a week in town this week.

Jno. Carson, and Miss Jennie spent a few days this week at the Naps.

Levi Wagar and wife, Mr. John W. and Misses Robinson and Wagar, spent a very pleasant week down the river. Wax, returning Wednesday.

Josh Bennett, of Watertown, N. Y., is visiting his mother on Sunday last.

Andrew Lalonde, of Toronto, is in town a couple of weeks in town.

Andrew Lalonde, of Toronto, was in town a week. He has disposed of his Robert street.

and Mrs. Geo. Overacker, of Syracuse, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Vales.

Samuel Huff and daughters Blanchie, of Bradford, Pa., are visiting their relatives in town.

Nicholas Vanalstine returned on Sunday last, after spending a week visiting his relatives in Kingston.

Grace Crooker, of Toronto, is the guest of Mrs. D. Henwood.

Wainfield, manager of the North American Telegraph Co., was in town on Sunday.

Stacy, son Harry, and daughter Philadelphia, P.A., are the guests of Stacy's sister, Mrs. Jas. Brandon, of Napanee.

o. McKee, of Ezra Pringle's black-pipe, left on Wednesday for Chicago, has secured a good situation.

Tobey, and children, Napanee, guests of A. C. Tobey, Picton, a

## PRICE

New "N. C." Corset—The way of hooking the Corset "N. C." with patent clasps is to begin by the second hook at the top.

## INDUCEMENTS

Chenille Table Covers—Note the prices—4/4 at 48c, 6/4 at 98c 8/4 at \$2.00, 10/4 at \$3.00, 12/4 at \$4.50. Our Tapestry Curtains in the new colors at \$4.00 a pair are sellers.

## OF A MOST

Silkette Hose—please ask to see them, only 50c pair. We have also a snap in 2/1 Ribbed Cashmere Hose for women and children, sizes 5 1/2 at 15c to 9 1/2 at 25c, a pair.

## INVITING

Whitewear, Laces, Embroideries, Gloves, Hosiery, Art Muslins, White Muslins, Lawns, Piques, Parasols, Shirt Waists, Under-vests, Summer Silks, etc., etc.

## CHARACTER.

Boy's Tweed—nice assortment tweeds suitable for boys, at 16c, 19c, 25c, and 35c yard.

Men's white shirts at 35c 50c, 75c, \$1.00, etc.

Men's black shirts 40c, 50c, 75c, and \$1.00.

Men's Linen Hats and Caps in endless variety 25c up.

## PRICES GET THE WORST OF IT!

The Summer Clearance Sale has started with a rush that promises to clean up the stocks in short order. Every department contributes to the bargain story—each vies with the other to make its chapter most attractive.

Only room for a few hints here and there this week.

## SUMMER MEN'S SUIT SALE!

A sail on the summer sea seems very tempting at this season, but we have a sale on right here that is very tempting to men who want to get more than they pay for (and that's human nature).

See our Men's Ready-to-wear Suits at the boiled-down prices of \$2.85, \$3.50 \$4.00, \$4.50, \$5.00, \$6, etc

## SUMMER GOODS; CLEAR- ANCE PRICES

Every line of summer goods will meet with short shrift during our great Shelf-clearance Sale.

All stocks of summer wear for men, women and children—just in the height of the season for them—will be cut to the quick.

Goods and prices that speak for themselves. Come and have a talk with them.

# LAHEY & CO.

## THE BIG STORE,

Mrs. Sidney Warner and Miss Myra Clark, took in the Belleville excursion last Friday.

J. D. Carscallen Esq., of Jersey City, was calling on friends in Napanee. New-

Some One in Her Bed

Woodstock, Ont., July 24.—Miss Jane Grier, 21 years old, daughter of Mr. Grier, of the 7th concession, East Oxford, died at her home this afternoon. A few weeks



Church of England Notes

CHURCH OF S. MARY MAGDALENE.—Rev.

Grace Crooker, of Toronto, is the Mrs. D. Henwood.

Barnfield, manager of the North an Telegraph Co., was in town on last.

G. Stacy, son Harry, and daughter of Philadelphia, P.A., are the guests Stacey's sister, Mrs. Jas. Brandon, Ill.

Mo. McKee, of Ezra Pringle's black-hop, left on Wednesday for Chicago, he has secured a good situation.

N. Tobey, and children, Napanee, e guests of A. C. Tobey, Picton, a's last week.

Emma Baughan and Mrs. M'Iligan, burgh, have been stopping for the ek at Mr. Geo. Baughan's, Adelphia

Bartells and Miss Vera, of Kings- visiting their cousins Mr. and Mrs. in Robinson, Violet.

er Mundell and wife, of Kingston, lout and spent a few days with their Mr. and Mrs. C. Austin Robinson,

Albert Bartlett, and two children, hester, N. Y., are visiting in town st of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Huff.

Shibley and wife, of Portland are at Mr. Chancy Lapum's.

. Shibley and wife, of Picton, spent and Monday with friends in e.

C. W. Ramsay, of Toronto, was in st week.

George Bustin is spending his holi- his home in Uxbridge.

C. A. Cornell, of our town, has a position in Kingston.

Charles Curlett, of Adolphustown- town Thursday.

Heck, of Brockville, is visiting her lis. Dr. Cowan, Napanee.

Maggie Storms, of Wilton, is the Mrs. Bruton this week.

Panay Fairwether, is spending two with friends in Hartington.

**Hats**

We are sole agents for the Wilkison and Carter, and io better Hats are made.

**Hirts**

We are showing a very handsome line of Colored food, and also the CELEBRATED KING SHIRT.

**tings and ercoatings.**

We are showing the finest ange of Spring Suitings and Overcoatings we ever ad, Imported direct y us from London and lasgow.

**J. Hogan & SON.**

Caps in endless variety  
25c up.

THE BIG STORE,

Mrs. Sidney Warner and Miss Myra Clark, took in the Belleville excursion last Friday.

J. D. Carscallen Esq., of Jersey City, was calling on friends in Napanee, Newburgh and Sydenham, last week.

Miss Florence Ming is visiting friends in Belleville.

Miss Ada Stevens is visiting friends in Belleville.

Mrs. Will Daley, of Napanee, was in Picton last Monday.

D. S. Warner left for Toronto and Stratford last Friday.

W. S. Herrington left for Toronto, Tuesday afternoon.

Miss Hypatia Fox has been visiting friends in Kingston during the past week.

Miss Gertie Walker has taken a position as stenographer with Mr. John English

Mr. and Mrs. Dr. Ming spent Sunday in Belleville, the guest of Mrs. Duckworth, Mrs. Ming's mother.

Miss Grace and Master John and Lawrence Pottrass are the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Kerr, Dundas St.

Mrs. E. McLaughlin and children are taking a holiday in Bruce County.

Miss Ethel Scott, of Rochester, is the guest of her sister, Miss Emma Scott.

**Daring Burglary.**

On Thursday afternoon Alphonso Provanceol was charged before His Worship, Police Magistrate Daly, with having on July 27th stolen from Mr. F. Chinneck a quantity of jewellery. The prisoner is a Frenchman and a bad looking customer. He looks as if he was fit for any crime. Mr. E. B. Perry, nightwatchman, gave evidence as to finding the man in Chinneck's store and arresting him, and produced a quantity of jewellery found on him when searched at the lockup. He also described the manner in which the burglar broke into the shop through the front door. The magistrate sentenced him to one year in the Central Prison. Mr. Chinneck wishes us to state that all customers' goods and valuables are placed every night in a fire-proof vault, which is as secure against thieves as any vault outside of the banks, so the loss, if the thief had been successful, would have fallen on Mr. Chinneck.

**Gone to his Rest.**

Frederick G. Clark, a prominent merchant of Cleveland, O., died at his home there on the 13th inst. Mr. Clark was a native of Kingston, Ont., a twin son of the late Charles Clark, of U. E. Loyalist descent. He learned the drug business with the late Henry Skinner, and after a few years of indifferent success in that line, in Chatham and in St. Catharines, he moved to Cleveland, O., where he gradually established himself in the oil and heavy chemical business, in which he had a wonderfully successful career, his business growing to be about the largest of the kind in the country.

He leaves, well provided for, a wife (formerly Miss Winter, of Chatham, Ont.) a grown daughter, and two little boys, aged respectively, eight and seven years. His daughter recently went abroad for a tour of Europe, and it has been thought best not to advise her of her father's death until her return. A twin brother, Frank C. Clark, lives in Chicago, and an elder brother, J. E. Clark, and two sisters, in Kingston, Ont., while two sisters, Mrs. Dr. Van Allen and Miss Jessie Clark, reside in Denver, Col. Deceased is a brother of Miss Harriet and Mrs. Myra Clark, and cousin of Mrs. Sidney Warner, of our town. —Chicago Canadian-American.

Threshers' measures, mitte, machine oil, lace, leather, at Boyle & Son's.

Miss Barrett will close her store and dressmaking rooms for holidays August 1st and will re-open again August 28th, with a new stock of fall dress trimmings.

**Some One in Her Bed**

Woodstock, Ont., July 24.—Miss Jane Grier, 21 years old, daughter of Mr. Grier, of the 7th concession, East Oxford, died at her home this afternoon. A few weeks ago Miss Grier went to stay with a friend of hers in Dumfries. She was enjoying the best of health. One evening on retiring at the usual hour, as it was not very dark, Miss Grier did not take a light to her room. The apartment only being lit by the expiring twilight, the objects therein were not plainly discernible. The young lady removed her apparel and proceeded to get into bed, but as she reached out her hand to turn down the bed clothes it came in contact with a face. With a piercing scream Miss Grier fell back insensible. Her cry startled the inmates of the house, who rushed to her room to find her in a swoon, from which she only partly recovered. It appears that she had previously occupied the spare room by herself, and on the night referred to a neighbor's child, who was stopping at the house, was put into the bed unknown to her. Miss Grier never recovered from the shock.

Agate preserving kettles, sauce pans, pie plates and pails. Full stock. Boyle & Son.

Robert Grange, of Selby, is held here on a charge of being drunk while in charge of a horse and rig. He will come before the P. M. on Friday.

**Church of England Notes**

**CHURCH OF S. MARY MAGDALENE.**—Rev W. P. Reeve, of Sydenham, will occupy the pulpit on Sunday next, both morning and evening.

**PARISH OF ADOLPHUSTOWN.**—Services on Sunday, July 30th: St. Paul's church Sandhurst, at 11 o'clock; St. Alban's Adolphustown, at 3; St. Jude's, Gosport at 7.30. The Rev. Arthur Jarvis will preach in St. Jude's, Gosport.

**PARISH OF CAMDEN.**—Services on Sunday next: St. Luke, Camden East, Morning Prayer and Holy Communion, 11 o'clock St. Anthony, Yarker, 3 o'clock; St. John Newburgh, 7 o'clock. The nett proceeds of the dinners on the 12th of July were \$140

**Stole Boots Also.**

The thief who broke into Chinneck's store also paid Mitchell's shoe shop a visit earlier in the evening, gaining an entrance by forcing the back door. He stole a pair of long boots, and sold them to a party just outside the town. The chief-of-police recovered them on Thursday evening. Alphonso Provanceol will therefore have to answer to another charge. The Chief has written to Montreal for the antecedents of the prisoner.

**Charged With Indecent Assault.**

On Thursday morning Henry Colwell appeared before the Police Magistrate charged with committing an indecent assault on the 15th day of July on Gertrude Stevens, aged 23, at the Collegiate Institute in Napanee, and on Eva McAfee, aged 13, at the township of North Fredericksburgh, on July 17th, while berry picking. The prisoner elected to be tried summarily by the magistrate on both charges. After hearing a portion of the evidence His Worship decided to try both cases. He received the evidence and decided to fine the prisoner \$20 in one case, 210 in the other and \$30 costs, or six months in Central prison. The fine was paid.

Oddfellows' annual excursion, Wednesday, August 9th, Civic Holiday, to Kingston and Alexandria Bay. Fare to Kingston and return 75c, Alexandria Bay and return \$1.00. Children—reduced rates. Tickets good to return on any train on that date.

**The 1899 Seed Store**

All kinds of field and garden seeds. Also the Belleville Canning Co.'s seeds.

For sale at the old stand.

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South Side Dundas street, NAPANEE.

**Hot Weather Suitings**

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Also some very handsome "Fancy Worsted Trouserings" at \$4.00, regular price \$5.00.

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Dundas Street East, Napanee.